# NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXIV. No. 23737. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1941 Registered at the C.P.O. Postage: China and Japan 1 cent. abroad 30 cents. THIRTY CENTS


# German Troops Reported Near Turkish Frontier

## Nazi Forces Said 15 Miles from Border Near Adrianople

London, Mar. 6.

WITH German troops reported to be within 15 miles of the Turkish frontier, near Adrianople, the situation in the Balkans has now entered upon a second stage, it was stated here today. The first stage, it was pointed out, may be taken to have been concluded yesterday with the breaking of Anglo-Bulgarian relations and the successful conclusion of the important talks which the British Foreign Secretary and the Chief of the British Imperial General Staff had with Turkish and Greek leaders.

At the moment, it was said, two important facts stand out. First of all, the sending of German troops into Bulgaria is a threat not only to British forces in the Near East but also to Britain's allies, Greece and Turkey. Secondly, Germany is obviously puzzled by the recent British moves in the Balkans.

For the third night in succession, the Moscow Radio yesterday repeated the Soviet Government's condemnation of the Bulgarian Government's policy.—Reuter.

### Germans Mass on Border

Sofia, Mar. 6.

Informed military sources stated today that more than 12 German mechanized divisions consisting of about 150,000 men, were now stationed along the Greek-Bulgarian frontier with additional force still following.

Meanwhile, it was understood that Germany's fourth air fleet unit of 1,700 planes, including 1000 bombers, was already in various Bulgarian air fields, while a German air force of similar strength was poised for action in Rumania.—Domei.

### Germans Pour Into Bulgaria

By Reuter's Special Correspondent

Belgrade, Mar. 6.

By train, lorry, bus and plane German troops continue to stream through Bulgaria towards the Greek frontier. On three main routes southward witnesses saw "miles of machanized material."

A silent and sullen crowd of country-folk are watching the German Army move south.

The Bulgarian peasants are well aware that their food supply may be much decreased as the danger of war for their country is increased by the presence of these grim-faced veterans of the Western Front campaign.

Of 17 divisions which stood ready on the other side of the Danube, at least five have now entered Bulgaria.

German Junker planes are constantly bearing material southwards while Messerschmitts are taking up new bases in southern Bulgaria.

Yesterday's break with Britain will intensify the gloom which has swept the country with the entry of the Nazis.

German police are installed in country towns and are arrogantly directing mechanized transport southwards.

German railway officials were strutting up and down platforms at Sofia's main station when I left for Belgrade last night.

### Sandbags at Sofia

I saw the first sandbags being placed outside public buildings in the capital.

The average Bulgarian views the German occupation with strong distaste and remains unmoved by German propaganda. The Soviet statement denouncing Bulgaria's move has not been published in Sofia, but Bulgarian Communists are rushing out leaflets giving the text of it. Distribution of the leaflets must be on a small scale, however, for the majority of the Communists were quietly arrested and flung into prison the night the Germans marched into Bulgaria. Prisons in Sofia are packed.

There is already a large stream of foreigners attempting to leave the country.—Reuter.

### Time Bombs in Sofia

Belgrade, Mar. 6.

Usually well-informed quarters here today said that a time bomb last night considerably damaged the central water supply station near Sofia. They also reported that a second bomb was found unexploded close by and that several persons were arrested.—United Press.

# Complete British, Greek Agreement

## Statement Issued Upon Conclusion of Mr. Eden's Visit to Athens

Athens, March 6.

"Complete agreement" on all aspects of the Balkan situation between the British and Greek Governments is announced in an official communique on the conclusion of Mr. Anthony Eden's visit.

The statement reads in part: "Mr. Eden and Gen. Sir John Dill arrived in Athens on an official visit on March 2. They were received by the King and President of the Council, with whom they had long discussions. Mr. Eden expressed admiration for the heroic resistance and victories of the Greek Army. On his side, M. Koryzis (Greek Premier) once more expressed the deep gratitude of the Greek Government and people for the valuable help given by Great Britain to Greece in the fight against Italy following the unprovoked aggression of which she was the vicim at the hands of the latter."

Mr. Eden stated that he and Gen. Dill were deeply moved by their welcome and impressed by the Greeks "brilliant feat of arms in reply to Italy's brutal attacks." The secret of happiness was freedom and the secret of freedom was courage, this had been secured in Athens 2,300 years ago, Mr. Eden added.

"You are giving new life to this great tradition and we in England are proud that the Royal Navy and R.A.F. have contributed to your brilliant victories. The future may be arduous but be assured we shall not rest or falter until final victory is won," he concluded.—Reuter.

### Gen. Dill Meets Greek King

London, Mar. 6.

Gen. Sir John Dill, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, visited Greek Headquarters in Athens yesterday, states the Athens radio. He was joined there by King George.—Reuter.

### Artillery Duel

Salonika, Mar. 6.

Furious artillery duels are raging on the central Albanian front following failure of the latest violent Italian counter-attack, said reports here late yesterday.

Hundreds of Italians, attempting to strengthen their fortifications, were caught in the artillery cross fire and scores were killed by their own shells, it was said.—United Press.

### Rumours Fly

Belgrade, Mar. 6.

Diplomatic circles here reported rumours that Mr. Anthony Eden, British Foreign Secretary, proposed to Greece that the later cede Thrace to Turkey so that Greece would have no Bulgarian frontier.

Should Thrace be ceded to Turkey, it was pointed out, a German thrust at Salonika would violate Turkish territory.—United Press.

# Patriot Army Approaching Addis Ababa

## Italians in Retreat; Capital Prepares for Siege of City

Khartoum, Mar. 6.

Pushing on beyond Burye, Ethiopian patriots have occupied the village of Mankusa, eight miles east of Debra Markos, in the Gojjam area, 120 miles north-west of Addis Ababa, according to the latest news received here.

Italian forces which evacuated Burye on Tuesday after prolonged guerilla pressure by the Patriot army, are now in full retreat towards Tebra and Debra Markos, continually harassed by the advancing Abyssinians.

An Ethiopian battalion trained up in the Sudan took a prominent part in the guerilla tactics.

The R.A.F. has recently given much attention to making Burye untenable by the enemy. The latter put up a desperate resistance for several days, but was unable to hold out against the combined action from air and land.

Meanwhile the figures of deserters from the enemy continues to rocket. The latest batch, numbering 1,700, easily beats all previous records.

These desertions indicate the extent of demoralization and disintegration of native elements under the command of the Duke of Aosta, Italian Viceroy of Ethiopia.

News from other East African fronts is scanty, but to quote the military spokesman, "operations are proceeding well and according to plan."—Reuter.

### Preparing for Siege

London, Mar. 6.

The Italians in Addis Ababa, capital of Abyssinia, are preparing for a siege of the city, writes the "Daily Telegraph" special correspondent at Khartoum.

"The revolt has now flared up in the key province of Shoa and spread to the gates of Addis Ababa. The Italians are taking such stringent precautions against this new threat that the capital today is like a vast concentration camp.

"Details of the latest developments were given to me by an English-speaking Abyssinian civilian who left the capital at the beginning of last month and has just reached our lines after a daring trek over the mountains of Abyssinia and Eritrea."

When he left the capital had been turned into an entirely Italian city, the correspondent continues. Mistrusting the Abyssinians, the Italians had removed them to a specially built native town several miles off. The capital is surrounded by most elaborate barbed wire defences, and the entrances at the main road gates are held by machine-gun guards. Stringent precautions are taken to ensure that only completely trustworthy people leave or enter, and after sunset no one may enter.

The chief of patriot leaders participating in the guerilla siege of Addis Ababa is the renowned commander of a battalion of the Imperial Guard under the Emperor and Police Chief of the city from 1935 till the evacuation, the Abyssinian civilian told the correspondent. He heads a secret league called the Society of Abyssinian Braves, which is in constant communication with the Emperor. Under his leadership, there is at least one woman general, who a month ago headed a serious revolt at the key point of Addis Alam, less than 50 miles from the capital on the great west road to Gore, Gambela and Asosa.—Reuter.

### Abyssinians Harass Italians

Cairo, Mar. 6.

The British General Headquarters announced here yesterday that Abyssinian insurgents on Tuesday were harassing an Italian column which was withdrawing toward Debra Marcos.

The communique said that in this area this week, 1,500 Italian irregulars and 200 Italian colonial troops had deserted with their weapons to join the Abyssinian patriots.

The headquarters of the R.A.F. announced that their bombers on Tuesday attacked enemy warships off Himare. Engaging a large formation of enemy fighters escorting a warship, nine of the enemy were reported to have been shot down and others damaged.

Another attack was reported to have been made by R.A.F. bombers on enemy warships off Valona.

From all these operations, the communique concluded, only two British aircraft failed to return.—United Press.

### Road to Victory

London, Mar. 6.

The Free French forces are on the road to victory, declared Gen. de Gaulle in a message congratulating Colonel Leclerc, Commander of the Free French Forces who captured Kufra.

Gen. De Gaulle has awarded the Croix de la Libération to the Colonel.—Reuter.

### 30,000 Besieged at Keren

London, Mar. 6.

Military authorities here claimed last night that between two and three Italian divisions, or an estimated total of about 30,000 men, were being desieged at Keren. A military spokesman said the Italians in that area were in a serious dilemma.

In the fighting in the Jelib area," he continued, "the British captured 17 Italian officers, 40 non-commissioned officers and 412 African territory.—United Press.

**This Flag Flew from the Town Hall in Bardia**

*The flag being shown by Australian troops in Bardia, is the one which formerly flew over the city's town hall. Australians equipped themselves with all sorts of caps and what-nots discarded by the defeated Italians before posing for this picture. Pte. Ingram is seen wearing an Italian helmet; Pte. T. C. Harvey is holding the flag; Pte. V. N. McFadyen is the man with the bandaged head; and Pte. A. N. Arpente is wearing the fez. Their unit was the first to enter Bardia on the first day of the battle, hence they had a better selection of "trophies" than those who succeeded them.*

# Two-Thirds of Britain's Shipping Losses Replaced

## First Lord of Admiralty Reveals Shipping Losses Now on the Decrease; Pays Tribute to Royal Navy

London, Mar. 6.

MORE than two-thirds of the tonnage of British ships lost by enemy action have been replaced by new vessels built in Britain plus tonnage from abroad and the volume of captured ships, declared the First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. A. V. Alexander, in a speech last night in the course of which he reviewed developments in the war at sea.

During the past II weeks losses of British, Allied and neutral ships have declined to an average of about 51,000 tons weekly, compared to losses of about 90,000 tons weekly during the summer and autumn of 1940, he said.

The enemy has lost over 2,000,000 tons sunk, captured or scuttled and more than 1,000,000 tons are lying useless in neutral harbours, Mr. Alexander added.

The number of ships in most classes, especially the destroyer class, now at sea or instantly ready for sea, is greater than at any time since the war began, Mr. Alexander continued. Ships coming into service this year will of themselves make up a formidable force, judged by the standard of almost any other naval power.

Even in the face of enemy bombings, the efforts of the workers in shipyards, and the untiring persistence and skill of the managements, have maintained our naval production in a remarkable manner.

Our long-term programmes of construction are now maturing, and a high output of the short-term construction has been reached.

It may not be appreciated, he added, how frequently our ships, though not designed for bombarding artillery, have carried the war to the enemy's ports, as well as carrying out incessant bombardments in support of the armies in Libya.

### Notable Weapon of Offence

The Fleet Air Arm has also become a notable weapon of offence. In the present war they have destroyed one enemy battleship, one cruiser, three destroyers, four submarines, four other naval vessels and 15 supply ships, in addition to damaging at least two battleships, two cruisers, four destroyers, four miscellaneous craft, and 20 transport or supply ships.

In addition to disturbing the enemy's possession of his own coastal routes, British submarines have destroyed something like 100 enemy warships and supply ships.

After paying a tribute to the Navy's assiduous and successful clearing of the mines which are constantly being sown in many waters, Mr. Alexander said that the Navy's qualities of re-

[Reuter.

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# Nazi Ship Raiding Planes Downed

## R.A.F. Attacks German Bases in France; Few Craft Over Britain

London, Mar. 6.

Two German bombers which were reported as trying to intercept British shipping in the Atlantic were severely punished yesterday when they encountered a Sunderland flying-boat manned by Australians.

An air ministry communique says the two German 'planes, both Junkers 88's, dived together towards the Sunderland, blazing away with their guns. The Sunderland held its fire until it came down to only 100 feet above the water, then fired burst after burst into the Junkers. Ten seconds later, one of the German machines crashed into the sea, with smoke pouring from it. The second Junkers was seen to be losing height as it turned and finally disappeared. It is unlikely to have reached its base. The Sunderland was not damaged.—Reuter.

### Boulogne Attacked

London, Mar. 6.

A formation of R.A.F. bombers escorted by fighters attacked docks at Boulogne yesterday afternoon while other squadrons of British fighters made an offensive sweep over the Channel and northern France.

Hits were scored on docks at Boulogne and a large fire was started on the inner harbour. One enemy fighter, states the Air Ministry, was destroyed and several others were seen to be seriously damaged but owing to the great height at which the combats occurred their destruction cannot be confirmed. Three British aircraft, all fighters, are missing.—Reuter.

### Two Bombers Destroyed

London, Mar. 6.

No bombs were dropped in any part of Britain during daylight on Wednesday, and it is now officially confirmed that two enemy bombers were destroyed last night, both by anti-aircraft fire.—Reuter.

### *British China Squadron Emblem Competition*

Those intending to take part in the competition for the best design for an emblem for the British China Squadron, which has been made possible through the contributions sent to the Air Ministry by the Voluntary War Contribution Fund, are reminded that all entries must be received in this office today, the closing date of the competition.

# Brilliant Raid By Royal Navy

## Ten Enemy Ships Sunk; 215 German Prisoners Taken in Swift Coup

London, Mar. 6.

Nine German ships and one Norwegian vessel under German control were sunk in a raid by the Royal Navy against German interests in the Lofoten Islands, off the coast of Norway, two days ago, states an Admiralty communique. A plant for the production of fish oil was destroyed, 215 German prisoners were taken and Norwegian patriots were brought back to England, it is added.

The communique declares the raid had a threefold object: "in the first place, it was desired to destroy a plant used for the production of fish oil. This is the season in the Lofoten area in which the production of fish oil takes place. The whole of the fishery products, like all other Norwegian products required by Germany, are entirely absorbed by the enemy. The fish oil produced was of particular importance to Germany as it is used as glycerine in the making of explosives.

"The second object was to destroy any German ship or ships under German control found in the Lofoten islads.

"Thirdly, it was desired to take prisoner Germans concerned in the control of the fishing industry and such local Quislings as were aiding and abetting the enemy.

### Troops Landed

"The raid developed early on Tuesday morning. German shipping and shipping under German control were dealt with by our light forces. Meanwhile, Norwegian marines and British troops were landed. All the objects of the raid were carried out with conspicuous success.

"Nine German merchant vessel and one Norwegian ship under German control were sunk, also a German trawler. The loss inflicted upon enemy shipping totalled approximately 18,000 tons. The largest unit sunk was a German ship of about 10,000 tons which was fully laden.

"Having achieved all their objects, the allied forces withdrew, bringing with them 215 German prsioners and 10 Quislings. Our forces also brought back to England a considerable number of Norwegian patriots who were anxious to join their countrymen fighting for the cause of freedom.

"The opportunity was taken to supply for the benefit of the local population cigarettes, clothing and other comforts, of which the Norwegian population has been robbed since the German occupation. The removal of the Germans and Quislings made it possible to supply these stores to the Norwegian population, without danger of their being diverted to enemy use.

"The raid was carried out with little opposition, but a German naval officer and six ratings were killed. No damage or casualties were sustained by our forces."—Reuter.

# U.S. Buying Philippine Metals for Defence

Manila, Mar. 6.

Mr. Robert Leoni, representative of the William H. Muller Company, was reported today by the "Herald" to be negotiating here at present for the purchase of chrome and other ores as a result of the mounting demand by the United States for basic metals. The chief problem was the lack of bottoms to transport the ore to the United States. The fixed charge, the "Herald" pointed out, at present was 28 pesos a ton, but sugar exporters were paying 40 pesos a ton of sugar and thus the ore exporters would be forced to match this price to obtain bottoms.—United Press.

# Confinement of U.S. Troops to W. Hemisphere to Be Opposed

## Senate Leaders Decide on Stand; Many Amendments To Lease and Lend Bill Passed

SENATE leaders yesterday decided to oppose any amendments to the Lease and Lend Bill designed to confine activities of United States troops to the Western Hemisphere.

This followed a statement by Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, who expressed the view that such amendments would encourage Japanese aggression.—Reuter.

Washington, Mar. 6.

The Senate yesterday took first legislative action on the lend-lease bill by passing various amendments then launched a bitter debate over the Ellender amendment.

Observers believed the Ellender proposal—forbidding despatch of United States troops outside the western hemisphere—would be interpreted in Tokyo as an indication the United States would offer no resistance to a Japanese advance in the South Pacific.

The Senate adopted the following amendments and measures:

1. That both Houses, by a simple majority vote, may terminate presidential powers under the bill. A concurrent resolution was adopted that the vote would not require presidential approval.

2. Restricting spending—empowering President Roosevelt to transfer up to U.S.$1,300,000,000 worth of present and future Army and Navy material but would require specific Congressional approval before extending further aid to Britain or other democracies.

3. Giving Army and Navy Chiefs the right to fix the value of equipment to be loaned, leased or given away from Army and Navy stocks.

4. Terminating on June 30, 1946 the Army and Navy revolving fund which would be created by re-payments for United States aid.

5. Providing that future Congressional appropriations for the Army and Navy may not be used for Britain without specific Congressional authorization.

6. Approving a clause which declares that if one section of the proposed law were found to be invalid it would not affect other sections.

### Bitter Debate

The bitterest fight over any proposed amendment was expected when Senators began debating the amendment introduced by Senator Allen J. Ellender, Democrat of Louisianna.

Senator Ellender's amendment would restrict employment of use of United States armed forces to the Western Hemisphere and territories or possessions of the United States, including the Philippines. Hours of debate were expected on the question.

Senator Ellender said he had 56 Senatorial votes in favour of his amendment, but Administration forces were expected to defeat the proposal, observers believed.—United Press.

# France, Japan Agree On Mediation Plan

## Joint Communique Issued by Japan, Thailand And France in Tokyo; Remaining Points of Detail Discussed by Matsuoka, French Envoy

Tokyo, Mar. 6.

AGREEMENT of views on the principal points of the Japanese mediation proposal for settlement of the Franco-Thai border dispute was reached between France and Thailand, it was announced in a joint communique by Japan, France and Thailand issued by the Information Board at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The announcement declared: "The mediation plan presented by the Japanese government has been agreed to by both the French and Thai governments on its principal points, and the remaining points of detail are likely to be settled within a few days."

With only 24 hours remaining before the twice-prolonged Franco-Thai Armistice Agreement expired, tension gripped the capital as the Information Board announced at noon that an interview had taken place between the French Ambassador, M. Charles Arsene-Henry, and the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, regarding France's reply to the Japanese mediation proposal for settlement of the Franco-Thai border dispute.

The Information Board's announcement declared: "The French Ambassador, M. Charles Arsene-Henry, called on the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka at 11 o'clock and left at 11.55 o'clock after having a conversation with the Foreign Minister with regard to mediation for the settlement of the Thai-French Indo-China border dispute."

It is understood that this morning's conversations were held at the Premier's official residence.

### Another Meeting

The Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, and the French Ambassador, M. Charles Arsene-Henry, met again this afternoon to discuss "remaining points of detail" for settlement of the Franco-Thai border dispute, the Information Board announced in a communique issued at seven o'clock tonight.

The announcement read: " Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka called on the French Ambassador, M. Charles Arsene-Henry at the French Embassy at five o'clock this afternoon, and held a conversation until six o'clock regarding the remaining points of detail, excluding the principal points which have already been agreed to by the French and Thai Governments. The Foreign Minister left the French Embassy at six o'clock."

At eight p.m. Mr. Matsuoka and M. Arsene-Henry met for the third time today. According to a communique issued after the meeting steady progress was being made in the negotiations.—Domei.

### Armistice Extended

Hanoi, Mar. 6.

The armistice between Indo-China and Thailand, which was to expire tomorrow, March 7, at noon, has been indefinitely prorogated, it was officially announced here today.

Although no details were available, it was specified that the armistice could be denounced only after a period of notice, the delay of which has not yet been fixed.—Havas Telemondial.

### Thailand Agrees

Bangkok, Mar. 6.

The Thai peace delegation at Tokyo has accepted the French

[United Press.

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### *No Definite Accord Yet Reached*

Vichy, Mar. 6.

Government quarters here today stated that no definite agreement had been reached on the Japanese mediation proposals although a Japanese communique, which had been issued in Tokyo, was tantamount to an extension of the armistice. Some points, they stated, still required further clarification.—Havas Telemondial.

# Kwangtung Action Explained

## Continuation of Blockade Of Chungking; Coup de Grace to Chiang Seen

Canton, Mar. 6.

Continuation of the Japanese blockade instituted recently by cutting the Hongkong-Shuikwan Highway was announced by the spokesman of the Japanese Army Headquarters at a press conference today.

The Japanese Army and Navy, he said, had effected a surprise landing on March 3 at all important bases from Macao to Pakhoi, resulting in the capture of Kuanghaichai, Yangchang, Tienpe, Shuiung, Luichow and Pakhoi, "thus completing the iron-bound blockade."

The spokesman said the latest operations probably would "administer the *coup de grace* to Chungking." In addition troops advancing on the West River occupied Sunwui and were continuing to advance to an undisclosed objective, he added. All points were occupied with little resistance. Pakhoi was surprised and the majortiy of the defenders were captured. Mopping-up of all districts was continuing, he concluded.—Reuter.

### Goods Confiscated

Pakhoi, Mar. 6.

The Japanese Army authorities today confiscated goods stored in the local Customs, after notifying the Customs officials. The Japanese pointed out that the goods were without doubt destined for Chungking, therefore, subject to confiscation. The Customs officials, it was reported, readily agreed to the Japanese action.

The foreign community here, including British, American, German and French, are maintaining complete calm since the Japanese forces occupied the city on March 3, and proclaimed military rule over the district.—Domei.

Northern Kiangsu, Mar. 3.

During their clean-up operations against 23,956 Chungking troops in northern Kiangsu, Japanese forces last month engaged them 91 times, during which the Chinese lost 1,204 killed.

Five hundred rifles and 14 heavy and light machine-guns were among large quantities of arms and ammunition captured by the Japanese.—Domei.

### France Reassured

Luichow, S. China, Mar. 6.

Prior to launching of the surprise Japanese landing on Luichow Peninsula on Monday, Japanese naval and army authorities communicated with French authorities of the Kwangchowan Leased Territory that fresh operations aimed at cutting off the supply route of the Chungking regime, were without relation to the status of the French leased area.

The Japanese assurances served to dispel misgivings of the French authorities caused by various rumours, it was understood.

The Kwangchowan Leased Territory is a strip of land situated in the eastern half of the gulf formed by the Luichow Peninsula not far from Hainan Island. Its total area is about 842 square kilometres, and it is leased to France for 99 years by a convention ratified by China November 16, 1898.—Domei.

# Yugoslavia's Position Seen as Grave; British Envoy to See Premier

## Rumanian Dictator Confers with Goering in Vienna; Military, Economic Questions Said Discussed

London, Mar. 6.

Sir Ronald Campbell, British Minister to Yugoslavia, will see either the Yugoslav Foreign Minister or Premier or both today following his return to Belgrade from Athens, according to usually reliable sources.

Yugoslavia's position was considered here to be increasingly grave. Informed quarters surmised that the British Minister to Belgrade would tell the Yugoslav statesmen exactly what Britain would be able to do to assist Yugoslavia to resist the Germans.

It would be grossly misleading to suggest that optimism prevails in London concerning Yugoslavia's prospects. Many believed that Yugoslavia would submit to the Axis.

At least one favourable feature emerges from the Balkan drama, a reliable Turkish source said. He reported that Mr. Eden and Gen. Sir John Dill had received most positive assurances while they were in Ankara that Turkey would never allow the Germans free passage through European Turkey and that the Turks would fight to prevent German occupation of the vital Bosphorus Straits.—United Press.

### Urgent Request

Belgrade, Mar. 5.

Returning here by air after a secret trip to Athens where he conferred with the British Foreign Secretary, Sir Ronald Campbell, British Minister to Yugoslavia, was today reported to have weightily requested a conference with the Yugoslav Premier, Dr. Draguisha Tsvetkovitch, and the Foreign Minister, Alexander Tsintsar-Markovitch.

Meanwhile, it was learned in diplomatic circles that the German Minister, Herr Victor von Herren, will escort Regent Prince Paul to Germany when the latter leaves tomorrow to meet the German Foreign Minister, Col. Joachim von Ribbentrop.—Domei.

### Goering Sees Antonescu

Berlin, Mar. 6.

Marshal Goering, German Minister of Aviation and No. 2 Nazi, had a long conference yesterday in Vienna with General Antonescu, Dictator-Premier of Rumania, according to a despatch to the official German news agency.

They discussed "important military and economic questions of interest to both countries."—Reuter.

### Said Seeking Peace

Belgrade, Mar. 6.

Prince Paul, Regent of Yugoslavia, has intervened between Greece and the Axis Powers in an effort to bring about peace between Italy and Greece, usually well-informed quarters disclosed today.—United Press.

# Gen. Chiang Kai-shek Expresses Confidence in Chinese Victory

## Soviet or United States Participation Not Wanted Chinese Leader Tells People's Council Delegates

Chungking, Mar. 6.

"We do not hope for Soviet or United States participation in the war, as we ourselves are strong enough to fight until final victory," stated Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek during a lengthy address last night at a dinner in honour of the delegates to the National People's Political Council.

Giving an optimistic review of China's military, diplomatic, financial and economic situation, the Generalissimo declared that the six months after the adjournment of the Council last April had been the most difficult since the Sino-Japanese war broke out.

There had been important changes in the European situation following the capitulation of Norway, the Netherlands and Belgium. France had collapsed in June. Communications through Indo-China had been interrupted, the Burma Road had been closed soon after, and the fall of Ichang had resulted in the disruption of communications in the interior of China.

"Many observers abroad held pessimistic views as to China's ability to hold out with the lack of foreign assistance, but China remained firm in her conviction of final victory, because such difficulties had been anticipated", the Generalissimo stated.

After reviewing the developments in the international situation since last winter, which had been decidedly favourable to China, the Generalissimo continued: "Today, many of you still have certain misgivings. This is only natural, but I assure you that your misgivings are unjustified.

"After four years of war the Chinese Government is still able to maintain a 60 per cent. cash reserve for her note issue. The food as well as the price situation is only a question of administration. There is no food shortage in China, and the food shortage last year was due to the lack of proper administration. After two or three months the system of food control will be perfected. I can assure you that the case of Germany in 1918, when she was unable to continue the war on account of food shortage, will never occur in China.

"People often speculate on the attitude of the United States, Britain and Soviet Russia towards China. We do not know the policy of other governments, but I can safely state that whatever their policy, it must be one of not prejudicing China's resistance, but one of assisting China.

"Our victory will benefit these countries, because our defeat would bring them closer to war. Therefore I am confident that there can be no real policy of compromise towards Japan on the part of these powers.

"We are not optimistic because we have foreign assistance, but because we have confidence in ourselves. I may add that Japan will never succeed in totally blockading China," the Generalissimo concluded.—Reuter.

# Indians Showing Great Heroism In Drive Through Eritrea

**Gallantry Displayed in Co-operation with British Troops; Many Instances Cited**

New Delhi, Mar. 6.

REPORTS of many individual acts of heroism by Indian troops in the Eritrean campaign have now reached India.

One Indian commissioned officer led his men over ground swept by machine-gun fire at Gogni, gaining a steep ridge. The party withstood several enemy counter-attacks in strength, but were finally forced to vacate the position. Although he was wounded, the officer led all his men back to safety.

During the same action, an Indian stretcher-bearer who was bringing back a wounded Sepoy was almost surrounded by the enemy. He seized the Sepoy's rifle, beat off the enemy and brought out the Sepoy.

In another case, a machine-gunner kept firing his gun in the face of overwhelming odds, inflicting many casualties, until he was killed by bombs. After the enemy had been driven off, his body was found beside his gun with his finger still on the trigger.

Great gallantry was shown by a young Punjabi Sepoy who went with a small party through a hail of fire, destroying an enemy machine-gun post. He beat off the counter-attack by setting his gun near the disabled enemy machine-gun. Later he leapt on a parapet cheering his comrades on. Although wounded in both legs he refused to be carried and insisted on walking to the dressing station.

The part played by Indian sappers and miners in the engagements in Eritrea was specially noteworthy. Between January 1 and February 2 they removed no fewer than 575 mines and also attended to blown-up bridge near Alamal. About 190 mines were removed from the Barentu defences alone.

The operations were notable for the excellent co-operation between British and Indian troops.

Punjabis and a British battalion shared the honours of an attack on a ridge across the Aicota road on February 25. The Punjabis made a fierce assault and gained their objective when they were subjected to a counter-attack and forced to withdraw, but later they renewed the attack and took the ridge.

Punjabi and other frontier force battalions took part in the capture of Alamale. After negotiating rough country they launched an attack accompanied by a flanking movement and Alamale fell, and yet more prisoners and war material were captured.—Reuter.

# National Day Of Prayer

**Sunday, March 23, to Be Observed as Day of Prayer With King's Approval**

London, Mar. 6.

With the approval of the King, Sunday, March 23, will be observed as a national day of prayer "for strength and guidance in the days to come, and thanksgiving for blessings already received," says a Buckingham Palace announcement.

In writing on the subject the Archbishop of Canterbury says: "There can be little doubt that we are now approaching or entering a critical stage in the tremendous struggle in which the nation is engaged. It is, therefore, most fitting that the King, as head of the nation, should once again call it to renew acknowledgment of its need of God and dependence on him, and to make a united act of humble prayer for his forgiveness of all that has been amiss in our national life, for strength and guidance in the stern days which may be coming and, if it be his will, for good success.

"It is also right that with these prayers we should offer thangsgiving for the blessings already received. We cannot but be thankful when we think of the wonderful way in which we have escaped the dangers which surrounded us last summer and autumn, of the most heartening successes of the Fleet, army and air force in the Mediterranean and in Africa, of the continued unity of our own people, of the immense and encouraging efforts of the Dominions and Colonies, of the steadfastness of our remaining Allies and, especially of gallant Greece, and of the generous and ever-increasing help which is coming to us from the vast resources of the United States.

"Although we dare not indulge in any boastful or easy self-confidence, for all these happenings we may well thank God and take courage."

Cardinal Hinsley, Roman Catholic Primate of England, has called on all Catholics to observe the date, writing: "Times are as critical as perhaps never before in the history of the Church, and the position of our Holy Father is delicate or perhaps dangerous. Our petitions for him should be frequent and heartfelt. The Lord preserve him and give him life, and suffer him not to fall into the hands of his enemies."—Reuter.

# More Kidnappers in District Court

**Sequels to Abductions of Cotton Merchant, Banker**

Three suspected kidnappers faced the First Special District Court yesterday in connection with the attempted kidnapping of Mr. Chou Tze-chuen, cotton merchant, on January 20 in Museum Road. After a short hearing they were remanded in custody pending further investigations. Another suspect has been arrested and sent to the same court in connection with the kidnapping of Mr. Percy Chu, well known banker who has regained his freedom, thus bringing up the number of arrests in this case to five.

The three accused in the first case were recently arrested by the Pootoo Road police in a tea house in Ferry Road. In their possession, the officers found a pistol and six rounds of ammunition. It was alleged that at the police station they had all confessed to the crime. One of them was alleged to have confessed to opening fire on the intended victim when the latter escaped by running in the street. Mr. Chou was wounded in the lower part of the body and failed to appear in court yesterday.

Yu Cheng-chieh, the fifth suspect held by the court in connection with Mr. Percy Chu's kidnapping was arrested on Wednesday also by the Pootoo Road police. He was caught in the Central Hotel in Canton Road. Two of the four other arrested men have already confessed to the crime in court saying that it was they who freed Mr. Chu after he had paid $60,000. The ringleader wanted to kill Mr. Chu after receiving the money but the self-confessed kidnappers did not agree with him and allowed Mr. Chu to escape, it was revealed in court.

# Did They Use a Furniture Van?

**Instruments Stolen from Windsor Ballroom**

Thieves stole eight instruments, including saxophones, clarinets and hawaiian guitars, from the Windsor Ballroom, in the Sun Sun Company at 720 Nanking Road early yesterday morning. It cannot definitely be stated that they used a furniture van to remove the instruments, which at the best of times are extremely bulky, although it is thought possible that this is the way in which the theft was committed. On the other hand, however, the argument has been advanced that since they failed to remove the grand piano and the drums they did not use a furniture van, but merely a hand-cart.

The thieves broke into the ballroom in the early hours of the morning, after the place was closed, and removed the instruments, within a short time, successfully avoiding the sounds associated with their loot. The eight instruments were taken from the two orchestras playing in the ballroom, one set belongng to the afternoon band, and the other to the evening band. The booty has a considerable value, probably being in the neighbourhood of $10,000.

# "Suicide U-Boats Said in Action

**Submarines of Simplified Type for "Death or Glory" Dash; One Way Passage**

London, Mar. 6.

"Death or glory" crews manning "suicide" U-boats destined only to reach the British coast, and not expected to return, were mentioned in the House of Commons last night by Mr. A. S. Cunningham-Reid, Conservative member for St. Marylebone, during a debate on the Naval Estimates.

An American informant in Portugal, said Mr. Cunningham-Reid, had described this submarine as the one Hitler referred to in his last speech as being of simplified type on which the Germans had concentrated their naval construction after the beginning of the war.

Quick and cheap to build, and equipped with only essential machinery, safety devices were practically non-existent. Such simplicity meant simplified and shorter training of crews.

Each submarine could be manned by a third of normal crews because the new vessels had a very small fuel capacity.

Having sighted the victim close in at short range, the vessel would fire a torpedo before escort ships had an opportunity of dealing with them. Their subsequent chance of escape provided the convoy was adequate, was negligible.

Mr. Cunningham-Reid said that provided the enemy had enough craft, the menace was grave, and urged consideration of means other than by sea for bringing food to Britain.—Reuter.

# Germans Said Sending Troops to Libya

**100,000 Men Suggested In New York Report**

New York, Mar. 6.

According to reports circulating in capital quarters, Germany, coincident with the occupation of Bulgaria, was despatching to Libya troops numbering more than 100,000 men, the New York "Times" Washington correspondent reported today.

The force, it was stated, comprises dive bombers, armoured divisions, as well as divisions of regular troops.

This army was expected to be increased to 12 divisions consisting of 150,000 men, in contrast to the 110,000 British troops now stationed in Libya, the report said.

The number of German tanks expected to be sent to Libya will be twice that of the British, it was stated.

How the German expeditionary force is being sent to Libya still is not clear, but it was said Nazi troop movements to Libya have been progressing for more than a week, through some island in the Mediterranean, the New York "Times" report added.—Domei.

# Butler Reveals Presence Of Nazis in Morocco

London, Mar. 6.

The presence of German troops in Casablanca, in French Morocco, was revealed yesterday morning by Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the House of Commons.

In reply to a question, Mr. Butler stated that representatives of the German Armistice Commission had been in Casablanca for some months. Early in February a considerable number of German officers, non-commissioned officers and men were reported to have arrived there in uniform and bearing arms.

The estimates of their number varied, Mr. Butler added.—Reuter.

# *"China's Prospects of Victory Brighter"*

London, Mar. 6.

China's prospects in the war against Japan were much brighter than when the hostilities began nearly four years ago, said the Chinese Ambassador, Mr. Quo Tai-chi, at a meeting of the London Missionary Society at Westminster yesterday.

He added: "I speak from the standpoint of internal unity and of the strategic and diplomatic aspects of the world situation."—Reuter.

# ★Two-Thirds of Shipping Losses

*(Continued from page 1)*

source were exemplified by the recent operations of Vice-Admiral Sir A. B. Cunningham, British Mediterranean Commander, against the Italians.

With but limited forces, Admiral Cunningham's staff had to provide for the movement of supplies to Greece, Malta and the main bases in Egypt. In addition, they had to dovetail their offensive operations against the enemy's flank in Libya—the business of a veritable world transport agency carrying troops and stores to the newly conquered beaches and harbours, transporting great crowds of Italian visitors, and even pumping water ashore to thirsty troops.

**Decrease in Losses**

Up to May 1940 the losses of British, Allied and neutral ships from enemy action averaged 40,000 tons a week. For the next seven months the average remained obstinately at just under 90,000 tons. During the last 11 weeks, however, the losses have averaged at about 51,000 tons.

The first Lord did not attribute the diminution entirely to the improved measures of protection, but he thought that they were justified in counting them as at least one certain reason, amongst other things.

We must expect the enemy to make heavy attacks and we may receive grievous blows, he said. The enemy has used every conceivable means to attack us in this vital spot—lurking mines, powerful raiders, aircraft, stealthy E-boats and submarines.

Counter-measures to long-range aircraft attacks are being developed, but he would not reveal their nature. As our resources grow, so will raiders' opportunities become fewer, Mr. Alexander said.

As for U-boat attacks, the expansion of aerial reconnaissance will become progressively more difficult for enemy to avoid, while the Royal Air Force will continue to dislocate the organization of U-boat patrols by attacks upon their bases.

**Greater Convoy Protection**

At sea an increased number of escorts will enable us to provide greater protection for convoys and to these advantages will be added improvements in anti-submarine tactics. In the meantime we shall continue to inflict loss upon enemy submarine flotillas. To give the German naval staff their due, they change U-boat tactics when they become too costly, and new tactics demand changes in our own measures which take time to perfect. Defensive arming of merchant ships has been justified by the timely and resolute use of guns which have often enabled merchant seamen to preserve themselves and turn the tables on the enemy.

Claims of enemy official communiques about merchant tonnage sunk amount to double our actual losses, even though some of those losses cannot be known to the Germans.

"We faithfully publish the whole of our losses due to enemy action. On the other hand, Hitler never informs us of his internal difficulties," said Mr. Alexander.

New ships delivered from British yards, plus tonnage acquired from abroad and the volume of captured enemy ships now in our service has replaced more than two-thirds of the tonnage of British ships lost by enemy action, he revealed. In addition we had the advantage of chartering ships of states overrun by the enemy.

**Enemy Losses**

On the other hand, the enemy lost over 2,000,000 tons sunk, captured or scuttled, and over 1,000,000 tons lying useless in neutral harbours. Thanks to the Admiralty salvage organisation, the total tonnage rescued and saved up to the end of last year was over 1,000,000 tons. Of 50 destroyers which the United States transferred to us some have already delivered attacks on enemy submarines and others in the course of their escort duties have shared in the rescue of victims of enemy attacks.

The peoples of the British Commonwealth have given unstinted support in the war at sea. Canadian destroyers take no mean share in the vital task of protecting seaborne trade across Atlantic. Australian cruisers and destroyers, and New Zealand cruisers participated with great distinction and success in operations in the Mediterranean and the Middle East, and the protection of important convoys. South African naval units were also making a very welcome contribution in the Mediterranean, and a small but highly efficient Royal Indian Navy is doing valuable patrol work in the Persian Gulf and Indian Ocean.

Mr. Alexander did not betray the strengths of naval contingents of Free France, Poland, Holland and Norway, but they were most used as reinforcements and were steadily expanding.

The Belgians, having no vessels of their own, have come forward to help man other ships, and he was glad to say, Mr. Alexander added, that there in now a Belgian section of the Royal Navy.

In conclusion, Mr. Alexander paid a tribute to the gallant fight of the small but heroic Greek Navy.

**Skill, Seamanship, Devotion**

Reviewing the evacuation of hundreds of thousands of British troops from northern France, the First Lord of the Admiralty said that was not a task for which British ships were designed. Considerable losses were expected and accepted, especially in damage to destroyers, but by skill, seamanship and great devotion the Navy deprived the enemy of anything like the toll he confidently anticipated.

"With forces initially much inferior, Admirals Cunningham and Somerville not only have kept the Italian Fleet cooped in the Mediterranean but have neutralised it even in waters which Italy specially claimed as her own," Mr. Alexander stated.

"In every encounter our crews have shown such superiority that units of the Italian Navy scarcely venture to dispute even the waters around their bases.

"During winter gales British convoy escort forces paid the price of all navies whose tradition is to keep the seas regardless of weather if there is duty to be done.

"Enemy communique claims would seem to show that we have lost roughly twice the number of capital ships, aircraft carriers and cruisers with which we entered the war and more than all the submarines.

"In fact the great body of the fleet of August, 1939 remains intact. I would say to the German Navy. 'We are quite prepared to take you on with all the ships alone which you profess to have sunk.'"—Reuter.

# British Note To Bulgaria

**Reasons for Severing Of Relations; Rendel Leaving Country**

London, Mar. 6.

The British Government has come to the conclusion that the Bulgarian Government, so far from desiring to maintain neutrality in the present conflict is now prepared to co-operate actively with Germany, states a note presented by the British Minister in Sofia to the Bulgarian Government in regard to the presence of German troops on Bulgarian soil.

The note adds that it is a matter of indifference to the British Government what steps the Bulgarian Government may think fit to take for the protection of its country against external danger real or imaginary, but "Britain is at war with Germany and the presence in ever increasing force of German troops on Bulgarian territory, combined with the growing subservience of the Bulgarian Government to German policy, is in the opinion of the British Government incompatible with the maintenance of diplomatic representation in Bulgaria."

Alluding to the statement of the Bulgarian Prime Minister, M. Bogdan Filoff, that the German Government had declared that the presence of German troops in Bulgaria was temporary and that the measure was intended to safeguard peace, the British declaration says the British Government has never been threatened or disturbed by any Power which was not a party to the tripartite pact and it considers that the explanation advanced by the German Government is a specious one designed in accordance with the usual German tactics to make an aggressive aim. From the nature of German military movements in Bulgaria it is clear that the German aim is to menace and if necessary to attack Great Britain's Ally, Greece, the note adds.—Reuter.

**Bulgaria Enemy Territory**

London, Mar. 6.

Bulgaria is enemy territory for purposes of the Trading with the Enemy Act, the Board of Trade announces today.

It is accordingly a punishable offence to have commercial, financial or other intercourse or dealings with, or for the benefit of, any person in that territory.

Another announcement by the Ministry of Economic Warfare states the British Government has decided that they must now regard Bulgaria as a territory under enemy occupation.

As from yesterday, therefore, Bulgaria must be regarded as an enemy destination for contraband purposes, and all goods of Bulgarian origin or ownership will be liable to seizure.—Reuter.

**Rendel Ordered Back**

Sofia, Mar. 6.

Mr. George William Rendel, British Minister to Bulgaria, and his entire staff yesterday were ordered to return to London.

Mr. Rendell yesterday morning received his diplomatic passports from the Bulgarian Foreign Office and severed British-Bulgarian relations.

The Minister and his staff were expected to proceed to Istanbul by Monday or Tuesday at the latest.

Mr. Rendel said he left his meeting with Mr. Bogdan, Filoff, Bulgarian Premier, with the impression that M. Filoff was confident of ultimate German victory.

M. Filoff made practically no comment on the note severing Anglo-Bulgarian diplomatic relations, but he expressed confidence in a German victory, Mr. Rendel said.

The Minister said he reminded M. Filoff that "Premier Benito Mussolini also was confident of a German victory but suffered severely as a result and others might also suffer."

The British note was addressed to M. Ivan Popoff, Foreign Minister, but was given to M. Filoff because of M. Popoff's illness.—United Press.

# ★France, Japan Agree

*(Continued from page 1)*

reservations to the final Japanese mediation proposal and the peace conference would end today, according to non-official sources, the official Bangkok radio announced this morning.

Thai forces, however, would be prepared to resume fighting in the event the French decline to accept the Japanese formula settling the border dispute, the radio said.

The Government of Indo-China was unable to exercise power over Indo-China and therefore "French Indo-China is absolved from French rule," it was learned, the radio asserted.—United Press.

**Submarines at Saigon**

Saigon, Mar. 6.

Indo-China's defence forces were further strengthened today with the arrival here of two French submarines and a supply ship from Madagascar. Recently troops were brought here by a French liner from Madagascar.—United Press.

# *U.S. Converting Liners Into Transports*

New York, Mar. 6.

The Bethlehem Steel Corporation, in its annual report, yesterday revealed that the company was converting passenger liners into troop transports. Mr. Eugene Grabe, president of the concern, reported the company had obtained U.S. Government contracts valued at US$1,300,000,000, which totalled nearly 50 per cent. more than the total value of production during the World War period. The company was building 76 naval vessels, 53 merchantmen and 50 Government cargo ships, the report showed.—United Press.

# Dramatic Escape Of ex-King Carol

**Outwits General Franco's Police; Now in Portugal With Madame Lupescu**

Madrid, Mar. 6.

Outwitting General Franco's police, ex-King Carol of Rumania and his lady friend, Madame Lupescu, have made a dramatic escape from Spain.

It became known last night that the pair, who vanished from Seville on Tuesday, are safe in Portugal. Having been equipped with false passports, they slipped out of the Andalusia Hotel, their virtual prison for the past five months, and dashed across the frontier in a high-powered car.

The large eight-seater luxury car in which they began their drive has been found abandoned near the Portuguese Frontier. It appears that they continued their drive to Portugal in a car of different make. Their passports were obtained from a foreigner in Seville.

With the exile's escape, the Spanish press broke its silence yesterday for the first time about the ex-King's presence in Spain, special editions being published announcing the flight.

Fears for Carol's life were expressed when it was reported that a trio of Iron Guardists had left Rumania for Spain. Then General Antonescu, Premier-Dictator of Rumania, signed decrees blocking his shares and accounts and confiscating all his property in Rumania.

The escape of the ex-monarch and Madame Lupescu followed repeated attempts by Carol to persuade the Spanish Government to permit him to leave the country.

The Spanish news agency yesterday accused the former King of having "violated a promise to stay in Seville.

It is believed that Carol and Madame Lupescu crossed the frontier at Rosal de la Frontera. With them in a second car were a number of persons who had previously entered Spain from Portugal.

Before the flight they got rid of their man and maid-servant by sending them out with clothes to be cleaned. The ex-monarch and his lady friend left behind in their hotel four big dogs.—Reuter.

**In Lisbon**

Lisbon, Mar. 6.

Ex-King Carol of Rumania and his paramour, Madame Magda Lupescu, who arrived here safely, were guests of a Lisbon doctor after they had escaped from Spain on Monday night, unconfirmed rumours stated today.

The rumours said they were given refuge by Dr. Antonio Ferreira, a member of the board of director of the Portuguese-Rumanian Oil Company.—United Press.

# Malaya Begins Battle Manoeuvres

**First Phase of Exercises To Conclude Tomorrow**

Singapore, Mar. 6.

Combined exercises of Malaya's military and civilian defence forces began yesterday. Manoeuvres will simulate, it is believed, what actually would happen should war approach or take place in Malaya.

The first phase of manœuvres will be continued until Saturday. Military naval and air forces, during the first phase of exercises, are to practice what would happen when tension with a potential enemy became most severe and war seemed imminent. The second and more vital phase will be carried out as though Malaya actually were at war.

Major-General Richard H. Dewing, Chief of Staff, is directing the exercises, enabling Air Marshal Sir Robert Brooke-Popham, Commander-in-Chief of British Far Eastern Forces, to play the role of Commander-in-Chief.

Vice-Admiral Sir Geoffrey Layton, Commander-in-Chief of the China Station is cooperating closely with Major-General Dewing.

Australian troops are participating in exercises although it is not known whether they will move into war positionns.

Civil defence services have been drilling throughout the week as blackouts have been practiced. Civil Government departments also are simulating war conditions.—United Press.

# Air Vice-Marshal Killed

London, Mar. 6.

Air Vice-Marshal Charles Dempster Breese, C.B., has been killed on active service as a result of a flying accident. Born in 1889, he entered the Royal Navy in 1905, was transferred for flying duties in 1913 and served in France and Flanders during the World War. In 1918, he was appointed Deputy Director of Training at the Air Ministry. In 1932, he served in north Kurdistan. Three years ago, he was appointed Air Officer commanding a reconnaissance group of the Royal Air Force.—Reuter.

KNOWN as the organ "doctor," Mr. R. H. Walker is called into consultation whenever a London church is bombed. So far he has vetted over 30 organs destroyed or damaged since the blitz began. Of these six were beyond his skilful aid. His firm, which has built and repaired church organs for 112 years, has a first-aid repair squad, whose job it is to put the organ back into working order wherever it is possible.

# King and Queen Visit Glasgow

**Given Tremendous Welcome By Dockers and Ship-Yard Workers; Cheering Crowds**

London, Mar. 6.

The King and Queen paid an eight-hour visit to Glasgow yesterday and were given a tremendous welcome by dockers and shipyard workers, who surrounded Their Majesties cheering and waving caps.

The King talked to the leaders of the dockers regarding the importance of handling ships quickly, and was assured by Mr. J. C. Maclean, Secretary of the Scottish Transport Workers Union, that all their energies were directed to unloading ships in the shortest possible time.

"I am very glad to hear that," said the King. "It is of vital importance in these days."

The King and Queen visited factories, in one of which army blankets and webbing equipment are being made side by side with carpets, and inspected a big parade of A.R.P. personnel and the Home Guard.

Vast crowds cheered them at all points of their drives round the city.—Reuter.

## *THE CINEMA*

### "City for Conquest"

| | |
|---|---|
| Danny Kenny | James Cagney |
| Peggy Nash | Ann Sheridan |
| "Old Timer" | Frank Craven |
| Scotty MacPherson | Donald Crisp |
| "Mutt" | Frank McHugh |
| Eddie Kenny | Arthur Kennedy |
| "Finky" | George Tobias |
| "Dutch" | Jerome Cowan |
| "Googi" | Ella Kazan |
| Murray Burns | Anthony Quinn |

On your right tough Danny Kelly (Mr. James Cagney), possessor of a pair of fists that earmarked him for success as a boy in the narrow, dingy side-streets of New York—good-natured, modest, content with his truck driver's job because he is in love with a girl with whom he hopes to settle down in a modest way in the not so distant future. On your left Peggy Nash (Miss Ann Sheridan), Danny's girl—a good girl, but a girl whose twinkling toes also earmarked her for success as she danced to the strains of the street-organ with the admiring glances of young Danny upon her, a girl who, unlike Danny, wanted success and life, and who, like Danny, found it—and lost it. These two fine persons are the stars in "City for Conquest," now showing at the Grand Theatre. As it moves with Danny and Peggy through the years, from the dismal surroundings of poorer New York to the bright lights that announce success, this film weaves a spell that cannot be shaken off. It exposes their tragic mistakes as Danny's hatred for, and Peggy's yearning for, success, leads them to that goal along totally different paths. It throws into sharp relief the ups and downs of a great city that flings its sons and daughters to the topmost rung on the ladder of fame in a night and, without a tremor, casts them down, forgotten, on the morrow. Danny, goaded into fury by Peggy, fights his way to fistic glory as the girl dances her way into big money. Both tumble from their precarious perches, but in the case of Danny, who made music with his fists so that his brother could be educated to compose a gentler kind of music, his end, which brings with it blindness after a fight he should never have fought, also brings happiness as his brother's "Symphony of the Great City" is acclaimed by the New York that has forgotten the fighter, who made its composition possible, and a greater happiness still as Peggy, bitten by remorse after attending the concert, finds Danny's arms still willing to embrace her again. Mr. Cagney has never had a better role than this one and Miss Sheridan, too, gives her portrayal that extra touch that makes it real from start to finish. But it is to Mr. Cagney that the honours go. Those who see this film also will like the old tramp philosopher, who springs up in the most unexpected places as Danny and Peggy go from success to success, to give his quaint views on the heartlessness of the big city. A fine picture.—R.S.

### "Jennie"

| | |
|---|---|
| Jennie | Virginia Gilmore |
| George Schermer | William Henry |
| Franz | George Montgomery |
| Fritz Schermer | Ludwig Stossel |
| Lottie | Dorris Bowdon |
| Karl | Rand Brooks |
| Clara | Joan Valerie |
| Amelia | Rita Quigley |
| Mother Schermer | Hermine Sterler |
| Mr Veitch | Harlan Briggs |
| Real Estate Broker | Irving Bacon |
| Miss Willoughby | Almira Sessions |

Without a "star-value" cast, yet introducing a new star player and a potential star, "Jennie" opened at the Cathay Theatre yesterday to most appreciative audiences and, inasmuch as the director nicely balanced comedy and pathos, a "good time was had by all." Miss Virginia Gilmore, in her first featured role, gave such promise in this film, that immediately she was drafted for her second and this now is playing in America. In a role, reminiscent of his long and varied career in Austria, Ludwig Stossel, refugee-emigre, presents an outstanding performance. In short, he 'clicked" in "Jennie," and the Hollywood horizon looms large before him. The Misses Dorris Bowdon, Joan Valerie and Rita Quigley, as daughters of the martinet-father, are all on their way up in the cinema capital, and certainly more will be heard of Messrs. William Henry, George Montgomery and Rand Brooks. The story teems with human interest, has punch and vigour and, with its theme and sensitive portrayal by all concerned, will create a sympathy felt both by young and old alike in its audiences.

A comedy note is adequately introduced with a splendid short on seals, the commentator bringing forth much laughter with his pertinent remarks F.L.T.

# Australia Maintaining Watchfulness

Canberra, Mar. 6.

"Nobody can escape the fact that, with the aggressors on the move, the Pacific countries are affected," said the Australian Labour leader, Mr. Curtin in a press interview today. "Until the aggressor stops moving it will be a major blunder for any Australian to disregard the strategic potentialities of the position," the Minister concluded.—Reuter.

# Athenia Was Sunk by German Submarine

**Surprising Announcement By Swiss Correspondent**

London, Mar. 6.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Lausanne Swiss Gazette" yesterday made the surprising announcement that it was a German submarine which sank the Athenia at the beginning of the war.

"When, at the outbreak of the war, the American ship Athenia was sunk in the neighbourhood of the British Isles, the reaction of the United States to this event was awaited with some nervousness," the newspaper declares.

"Nothing happened," the article continues. "The torpedoing, which was the work of a German submarine, was one of those maladroit acts which the Third Reich has been very careful to avoid ever since.

"German propaganda then caused it to be understood that the sole factor responsible for the catastrophe was that Germany was not then disposed to amass declarations of war, and though well aware of the sympathy for Britain on the part of the governing classes of the United States, the Germans were anxious not to fan the flame."—Reuter.

# Final Details for New Police Force Talked

**Expected to Function From March 15**

Final details regarding the new police force of the Western District are being discussed between Mr. C. C. Pan, newly-appointed Commissioner of the force and Mr. J. B. Clissold, who was recently appointed Deputy Commissioner of the force, it was learned yesterday from reliable quarters. The new force is expected to start functioning after the middle of this month.

The agreement for the establishment of the force was concluded recently between Mayor Chen Kung-po of the City Government and the Shanghai Municipal Council, the concord being signed at the historic civic centre in Kiangwan between the Mayor and Mr. W. J. Keswick, Chairman of the Council in the presence of a number of police and other officials and dignitaries.

# Salvation Army Appeal

More than a score of new donations to the Appeal Fund of the Salvation Army Wednesday and yesterday had swelled the total in excess of 179,000, it was announced by Major H. Woodland. The Major, with other officers and ladies of the Staff of the Army, is assisting Brigadier B Morris, commanding officer and director of the campaign.

Donations are being accepted at Army Headquarters, Sassoon Arcade, 40 Nanking Road.

The new list of donations follows:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Balance brought forward | $174,434 | | |
| Caldbeck MacGregor & Co., Ltd. | 200 | | |
| World Day of Prayer Service | 125 | | |
| Chang Ho Chi Che Chang | 100 | | |
| Chiu Mr/Mrs. F. S. | 50 | | |
| Liu Pu Ching Mrs. | 32 | | |
| Messrs. Kung Kee | 20 | | |
| Hsu Hsueh Chang | 10 | | |
| Fu Kang Kung Ssu | 12 | | |
| Liang Chung Yuan | 5 | | |
| Wang Tou Nu | 300 | Yeh Miss | 110 |
| Anon | 200 | Gallop, H B. | 100 |
| Shih Yu Fang | 50 | Huntley | 100 |
| Frost, J. | 50 | Pai Erh Ling | 100 |
| Laila & Calo | 50 | Yung Feng Co. | 100 |
| Chiang Chung Ho | 50 | Anon | 100 |
| Walker, W. C. | 25 | S'hai Coke Co. | 50 |
| Kimber, C. S. | 25 | Mandelent, E. | 50 |
| Alexander, J. C. | 25 | Anon | 50 |
| May Gilchrist | 20 | Ku Kung Pai | 50 |
| S. | 20 | Connell Bros. | 50 |
| Anon | 20 | Wise, E. S. | 30 |
| Li Ching Liang | 20 | N. Sao Hao | 25 |
| Fletcher, J. C. | 20 | Hsu Han Ching | 20 |
| Ho Yuen Ching | 10 | Pedder, N. | 20 |
| Anon | 10 | Anon | 20 |
| Wang Pao Ting | 10 | Chou Pai Ling | 20 |
| Yao Kuei Tang | 10 | Wallace, B. K. | 20 |
| Podushka, J. | 10 | Bartley, H. S. | 20 |
| Mrs Liu | 5 | Spikine, T. | 15 |
| Chin Nang Je | 4 | Goodwin, R. H. | 10 |
| Wang Tsao Ting | 5 | Chien Chiu Shu | 10 |
| Lu Chou Ya | 2 | Cheng Chung | 10 |
| Anon | 1 | G.D.E. | 10 |
| La Hsien Chih | 200 | Anon | 10 |
| Chi Chi San Fu | 200 | Luhman, Edith | 10 |
| A friend | 100 | Pohl, Herbert | 10 |
| Ting Chien Hong | 50 | Chen Yu Ling | 10 |
| Hsieh Ping Hong | 50 | Yu Lin | 5 |
| J.A. | 400 | Liang Hsueh Tsai | 5 |
| Williamson | 250 | Pennistone, J. B. | 5 |
| Liu Ming Chia | 200 | Yang Chung | 5 |
| Brill, R. | 200 | Anon | 3 |
| Stock | 100 | | |
| | | | $179,526 |

# Wiedemann on Espionage Charge

**German Consul-General in San Francisco Accused of Being Espionage Chief**

San Francisco Mar. 6.

Captain Fritz Wiedemann, German Consul-General at San Francisco, yesterday was charged with being the "director of Nazi espionage in the United States."

The charges were contained in a petition filed in federal court by Mrs. Alice Crockett, former wife of a United States Army officer. Mrs. Crockett recently sued Capt. Wiedemann for US$8,000.

In her new petition the woman charged that Captain Wiedemann was seeking to foment strikes and discord in the United States and that Germany supplied the Consul-General with more than US$5,000,000 to carry on espionage and propaganda work.

Capt. Wiedemann has been a frequent target for espionage accusations.—United Press.

# Alleged De Gaulle Adherents Released

Hanoi, Mar. 6.

Four former officials of French Indo-China, who last year were arrested on suspecion of being adherents of General Charles De Gaulle's "Free French" movement, were pronounced innocent by a military court here today.

This decision by the military court was regarded as significant as the De Gaullist movement recently was reported gaining in strength in French Indo-China.—Domei.


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# "The Rice Problem in Shanghai"

**Talk by Mr. A. Eveleigh at the Rotary Club Stating Causes of Shortage and High Prices**

MR. A. Eveleigh gave an interesting talk on "The Rice Problem in Shanghai" at the Rotary Club tiffin held in the Metrople Hotel yesterday. He dealt at length with the causes of the present high cost and shortage of rice in the city, showing how the situation has become almost intolerable since the Sino-Japanese hostilities began. The flow of rice from the hinterland of Shanghai has been almost completely checked, and the farmers have suffered losses due to the war, making it impossible to send rice into the city even should free passage be afforded.

Mr. Eveleigh began by pointing out he immense importance of the difficult rice situation in the lives of Shanghai's vast population. "We all know that rice is the basic food of about 3,000,000 people in this area," he said, "and that is certainly not an exaggerated figure. If we allow 1 lb. per day, per head, we have a daily requirement of 1,500 tons or 15,000 bags. However, there is quite an important consumption of flour and beans, and many of the less fortunate inhabitants do not eat every day, and others who eat daily, get very little: so actually statistics of the last three years or so prove that Shanghai consumes every day about 6,000 bags or 800 tons of rice. This is approximately 55 per cent. of the theoretical figure necessary on the basis of 1 lb. per day, per head, so you see 800 tons daily is a conservative estimate. Practically all this rice comes from overseas...."

### Important Factors

The speaker then reviewed the various factors which make the importing of rice an expensive means of obtaining the food. These factors include the extremely high cost of transportation, war risk insurance rates and the low value of the Chinese dollar. He went on to discuss the rice-producing capabilities of China in normal times, as compared with those of other rice growing countries. China, before the hostilities, produced some 57,000,000 tons a year, which, together with wheat and other crops, is sufficient for the population.

"The sowing of rice paddy commences in May in the more southern parts of China, and in June, further north—this crop is harvested in August and September. Please note here that the local war broke out in August 1937, namely at about harvest time. In August and September the kernel of the paddy, which is rice, is still "milky" and cannot be milled or polished until it is properly dried out, which takes about a month. I mention this fact to prove that the 800,000 bags of rice which were in the various godowns in August 1937 must have been from the crop of the previous year. In other words, up to that time Shanghai was self-sufficient, living on native rice. Within a few weeks of the surrounding country being occupied by the new military forces further supplies from the hinterland dwindled to about half, viz. Shanghai was then getting three or four thousand per day, and this with difficulty. The two foreign councils in this area studied the situation very carefully, and decided to order from the Saigon a total of about 300,000 bags, which were sold to the trade for retail sale at a fixed limit price."

### Comparative Figures

Mr. Eveleigh continued by giving comparative prices of rice before the war and at the present time. The increase is in the region of 700 per cent. The speaker gave reasons for this increase as follows; the disturbance in the daily life of the farmers, whose buffaloes and cattle have been killed and irrigation pumps destroyed: for the above reason enormous areas which were producers of surpluses became themselves consumers of the production of other areas; many of the villages which were collecting and milling centres of the paddy were destroyed, and their milling capacities wiped out; the Chinese farmer is a hardworking, uncomplaining and placid individual, and practically all have in the meantime returned to their farms, but cannot produce on the same scale as formerly due to their lack of tools and animals.

"Now we will come back to Shanghai," he continued. "As you know the war drove into the foreign areas at least an extra million people, and this certainly added tremendously to Shanghai's food problem. As time went on the control in the interior became stricter and stricter and municipal records of the last two or three months prove that only a few hundred bags of native rice are now coming into the foreign areas."

### Huge Daily Consumption

"Considering the daily consumption of about three-quarters of a million dollars worth of rice a day here, who are the people who have kept Shanghai supplied, and have today built up a reserve of about three month's supply? It is the rice 'speculators, hoarders, manipulators and profiteers.' I cannot think of any other illustrious names. That all the three or four hundred Chinese dealers who place orders with foreign importers are actuated by the Rotarian spirit of 'service before self' I do not even attempt to suggest. Of course there are profiteers or manipulators among those dealers, but are there none in any of the other trades of speculative buying and selling, or cornering the market for higher values? The newspapers, who have found it so convenient to find a goat, might, with equal reason, or shall I say unreason, accuse banks for dropping the value of the Shanghai dollar, and landlords for raising rents."

"We all know the law of supply and demand, and if the newspapers would only realize that it is due to the initiative, enterprise and far-sightedness of the rice trade which has up to now saved the city from famine and consequent riots, then they will stop their unfair accusations. The rice trade is one of the oldes in China. The guild is well organized and the membership is above the average in the good qualities we expect from an honest trader."

The speaker concluded by mentioning the promise made by the late Mayor Fu Siao-en, and also his successor, to try and get native rice into the foreign areas. Although the promise only amounted to 7 per cent. of the requirements, he stated it would act as a brake on speculation. This promise has not yet materialized, however.

# Committee of Rice Guild Attacked

**"Allowance" System Under Heavy Fire by Chinese Press; Price Unrest**

Extreme uneasiness is prevailing among the populace in Shanghai in view of the alleged artificial increase of prices of practically all commodities of daily use, and the serious situation is the general topic of all household discussions. Increases have been announced since the announcement that the Shanghai Power Company's coal is enough for only three months' use, and the Chinese press is urging the authorities to act quickly to cope with the price situation, asserting that even committeemen of the Shanghai Rice and Bean Merchants Association are engaged in hoarding.

It is important to note that although the Chinese press has been attacking hoarders in an all-round manner, this is the first time that an open attack has been made on those rice merchants, who as executives of their guilds who make contacts with official quarters for relief, are themselves hoarders. They are hated by the 4,000,000 people in Shanghai, says the report published by several leading Chinese dailies, including the "Shun Pao." It is also important to recall in this connection that before his assassination the late Mayor Fu Siao-en advocated the abolition of the present guild or association of rice merchants as a pre-requisite for his co-operation with the Settlement authorities in improving the rice situation.

### Press Apprehensive

Informed Chinese circles are keenly watching the situation and awaiting official reaction, hoping that something drastic will be done to stem the tide of manipulation and profiteering. The same circles and the Chinese press in general are worried over the situation, complaining that the expected curtailment of the electricity supply which will affect factories and thousands of workers, coupled with the increase of prices of rice, will make sufferings of the populace intolerable. Detectives working in the Shanghai Rice Market are urged to be more alert with hoarders and the increase of supply of native rice is also strongly urged. From time to time the Chinese press has urged that authorities should allow Chinese consumers to be represented in all rice deliberations.

The Chinese press alleges that the "allowance system" is now followed in the rice market in secret dealings in which allowances are paid by buyers in addition to prices already agreed to. It is said that for 100 bags of "Siao Chiao" rice the "allowance" amounts to $1,600. The "allowance" for the second grade Saigon rice has also surpassed the $1,000 mark. The native rice has reached the record mark of $122. Judging from all reports, the public granary plan has not been carried out to the fullest extent as yet. So far only more than $6,000,000 has been raised for buying the granary rice. It has just been decided to buy only 80,000 bags for the granary, whereas the original plan calls for 200,000 bags.

For no apparent cause at all, coal ball merchants have increased their prices during the past few days without intervention. Chinese house wives have started a coal ball buying campaign, fearing that prices may be increased further. It is alleged in the Chinese press that some merchants are hoarding the special kind of coal for making coal balls needed by all Chinese for cooking. Its price is 10 times the one quoted before the war.

# Chinese Urged to Get Supplies Immediately

**Mr. Lin Yu-tang Fears War Extension**

China can expect American supplies actually commencing this and next month at the earliest, but China should do all she can to obtain the supplies before the war extends to the Pacific. This is the opinion of the well-known Chinese writer, Mr. Lin Yu-tang, whose Chinese correspondence from Los Angeles appeared in a leading Chinese daily here yesterday.

In January, the United States sent only 400 'planes to the British and the demand is over the supply. Necessary changes in American factories will take time but the United States is expected to be on the track in the matter of giving supplies in summer and autumn. She will be able to give 20,000 machines at the end of the year.

What China ought to do at present is to be sure that part of what the Americans are making now should be reserved for China's use. China should obtain the supplies before the war breaks out in the Pacific, for if the war breaks out here the supply will be stopped. Los Angeles has become an aeroplane "headquarters" where the noise of the machines can be heard even late in evening, says Mr. Lin.

SIR Hugh Allen, late director of the Royal College of Music, who is 71 has some terse remarks to pass about another instrument, the much used, and probably abused, cinema organ. Some of these big organs, he says, inspire me with a feeling such as an ordinary motorist might experience should he suddenly find himself in the seat of a giant racing-car. Cinema organs can produce anything from a 'clash with the police,' or 'a busy day on Wall Street,' to the song of a nightingale.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

**Wedding of Mr. Harry Jackson and Miss Hannah Smith**

*The wedding took place yesterday afternoon at Holy Trinity Cathedral of Mr. Harry Jackson, of Evo Cotton Mills and son of the late Henry Jackson and of Mrs. Jackson, of Preston, Lancashire, and Miss Hannah Smith, daughter of the late Fisher Smith and of Mrs. Smith of Egremont, Cumberland. Miss Smith was a nursing sister of the S.M.C. Her brilesmaid was Miss Marjorie Robinson. Mr. W. Iredale acted as best man, and the ushers were Mr. S. Anderson and Mr. J. J. Davies.*

# S.M.C. Authorize Power Co. To Curtail Electricity Use

**Temporary Scheme Restricting Consumers' Use Of Electricity While Experts are Appointed**

AN interim scheme requiring all consumers of electricity in the Settlement to limit consumption to essential requirements and for consumers whose electricity consumption since January 1, 1940, has exceeded 1,000 kilowatts hours to limit their consumption to 70 per cent. of their usual usage from the next date when their metres are read will be adopted at an early date by the Shanghai Power Company upon the authorization of the Shanghai Municipal Council. Consumers who exceed the 70 per cent. allotment will be charged three times the usual rate for every excess kilowatt hour.

The curtailment in electricity consumption in the Settlement was deemed necessary by the Council owing to the exigencies of the situation following the announcement of the Power Company that deliveries of coal cannot meet requirements, being only half of current consumption. The Council immediately appointed a committee to study the problem of allocating electricity supplies and discussed the problem from every angle at its regular meeting on Wednesday last. It was decided immediately to appoint independent experts of various nationalities to draw up a comprehensive scheme in co-operation with the Power Company to allocate supplies of electricity as they are most needed in the public interest, and to classify various industries and to submit a report to the Council as speedily as possible. Pending the completion of their work the Council has authorized the company to introduce the interim scheme mentioned.

A Council communique issued yesterday on the subject states:

### Exploratory Work

"As has been previously announced, the Shanghai Power Company on February 24 informed the Council that fuel deliveries to the company are now inadequate to meet requirements, being equivalent only to one-half of current consumption. On receiving this report, the Council, as has previously been made known, appointed a small Committee to give preliminary study to the problem of allocation of supplies. This Committee performed valuable exploratory work and made known to the Council the principal points which require decision. The Committee, however, felt that a decision on the principles to be followed in allocating supplies would better be taken by the Council itself which would have to take the responsibility of deciding how best available supplies should be allocated in the interest of the community as a whole.

"The whole problem, therefore, came before the Council at its regular meeting on Wednesday, March 5, when there were taken under consideration various proposals for meeting the situation which had been put forward by the Shanghai Power Company.

"The whole problem, therefore, came before the Council at its regular meeting on Wednesday, March 5, when there were taken under consideration various proposals for meeting the situation which had been put forward by the Shanghai Power Company.

"It should first be made clear that every possible step is being taken and will be taken to obtain increased fuel supplies so as to reduce the interference with use of power to a minimum. The Council, however, unanimously came to the conclusion that an immediate reduction in consumption is imperative and that in the present circumstances the allocation of supplies must be based only on supplies of coal that are assured. In other words, while every effort will be made to obtain more coal it is felt imperative in the public interest to allocate supplies taking into account assured supplies only.

### Independent Experts

"Independent experts of different nationalities will at once be appointed by the Council with instructions to draw up a comprehensive scheme in conjunction with the Power Company under which supplies will be allocated as they are most needed in the public interest. Without attempting to pre-judge the findings of the experts and merely by way of illustration it can be stated without fear of controversy that there will be universal agreement that a public utility should have a smaller reduction in its supplies than should a luxury trade.

"The experts will be asked to classify various industries, etc., in groups based upon the function that they are performing for the community. The experts will then allocate to each group a certain quota of power based upon available assured coal supplies.

"The situation is, however, such that action cannot wait until the experts have completed their work. The Council has, therefore, authorized the Power Company to introduce immediately an interim scheme which it is hoped will receive the full cooperation of the whole community. This scheme will be brought in detail to the notice of the public by the Shanghai Power Company. Its principal features are as follows:—

"Every consumer of electrical energy whether small or big is requested in the public interest to limit his consumption to the minimum necessary for essential requirements. All consumers whose established usage of power since January 1, 1940, exceeded 1,000 kilowatts hours will be notified at once that as from the next date when their metres are read by the company they are requested to limit their next month's consumption to 70 per cent. of their established usage. By established usage is meant the maximum monthly consumption between January 1940 and January, 1941 inclusive. Consumers who are found to have exceeded the 70 per cent. allotment (subject to a minimum allotment of 1,000 kilowatt hours) will be charged for any excess kilowatt hours at a rate which will be three times as great as the rate charged for the 70 per cent. allotment. Any consumer whose established usage is 1,000 kilowatt hours or less who shall exceed 1,000 kilowatt hours at a rate which shall be three times as great as that charged for the first 1,000 kilowatt hours. No profit will be made by the company by this extra charge as the Company will only receive the authorized rates. Any surplus will go to a special reserve for the best interests of the consumers.

It should again be emphasized that this interim scheme is purely temporary and to remain in force only until the experts have made their report. It will only restrain use of electric energy to a limited extent but it is hoped that it will give consumers an opportunity to experiment with restriction."

# Japan's Assurances Questioned

**Chinese Paper's Warning To Britain**

That Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister, should not lightly believe what Mr. Shigemitsu, the Japanese Ambassador, has said to him concerning Japan's non-aggression intentions is the theme of an editorial published yesterday by the "Chinese American Daily News." The Japanese Foreign Minister's letter to Mr. Churchill and the guarantee offered by Mr. Shigemitsu are so rough a sketch of the situation in the Pacific that people should not take their words seriously.

"If statements made by Japanese diplomats are worth anything, then the danger in the Pacific has really disappeared, but usually Japanese authorities do not do what they say. They even do something quite contrary to what they have said." According to the writer, the promise made by the Japanese Foreign Minister that Japan will not attack British possessions in the Far East ameliorates the awkward position in which Japan finds herself rather than improving the Far Eastern situation. Japan can not help being courteous when London and Washington have shown their determination, and therefore what she says cannot be emphasized.

If Japan does not forsake her policy of aggression, there will be no peace in the Far East but at present Japan does not at all entertain any idea of repentance. She is preparing for her southward move. Her words show her weakness and they were not spoken with sincerity. They reveal that Japan is at her wits' end and the defeat of the Axis powers will first begin in the Far East, the paper concludes.

## WEDDINGS

### Jackson—Smith

The wedding took place yesterday afternoon at Holy Trinity Cathedral of Mr. Harry Jackson, son of the late Henry Jackson and of Mrs. Jackson of Preston, Lancashire, and Miss Hannah Smith, daughter of the late Fisher Smith and of Mrs. Smith of Egremont, Cumberland. Dean Trivett officiated.

The bride, who was given away by Mr. I. B. Williams, wore a sky blue afternoon dress with grey accessories and a blue veil. She carried a posy of primulas, fuchsias and mignonette. Her bridesmaid was Miss Marjory Robinson, whose afternoon dress of crushed strawberry was worn with maroon accessories and a posy of mixed flowers. The best man was Mr. W. Iredale and the ushers were Mr. S. Anderson and Mr. J. J. Davies.

After the ceremony a reception was held at 670 Yangtszepoo Road, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. T. Clarke, Mrs. Clarke receiving the guests in a maroon-coloured gown and a corsage of African daisies.

### Bentley-Taylor-Moore

The wedding took place on Tuesday at the Free Christian Church, 5 Tifeng Road, of Mr. David Bentley-Taylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bentley-Taylor of Hereford, and Miss Jessie Mabel Moore, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Moore of the China Inland Mission. The Rev. R. E. Thompson officiated.

The bride was given away by Mr. George Findlay-Andrew. Her bridesmaid was Miss Laura Robinson. Mr. Frank Wood was best man, the ushers being Messrs. G. L. Andrew, L. Keeble and I. Morrison. After the ceremony a reception was held at the China Inland Mission Hospital, 1531 Sinza Road, at which the hostesses were Mrs. A. B. Wilson and Mrs. G. F. Andrew.

# Aeroplane Factory Under Construction in India

New Delhi, Mar. 6.

The Government spokesman announced that an aeroplane factory was at present under construction, and was expected to begin operations within a few weeks.

In reply to a question the spokesman stated that the question of the appointment of Indians to important posts in the Supply Department was always borne in mind, and that an attempt was made to find suitable Indians for each vacancy.—Reuter.

# £900 Sent to Aid Raid Victims

**Central War Fund Detail Contributions Made to Various Causes**

The total amount available for distribution at the last meeting of the Executive Committee of the Central British War Fund on Friday, February 14, was £1,900, of which £274.3.0 represented a generous donation from the local Dutch community and £353.16.10 constituted the proceeds of a collection made by the staff of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., in token of thanksgiving for Mr. W. J. Keswick's escape from the attempt on his life at the Ratepayers' meeting on January 23. Both of these special donations were incidentally specially earmarked for the relief of air raid victims in the United Kingdom.

Relief of the victims of aerial bombing in the United Kingdom being still an urgent need, the Committee decided to make a remittance of £900 out of the funds at its disposal for this purpose, for distribution through the Lord Mayor's Fund to whatever locality is in immediate want of financial assistance. A picture, recently reproduced in the "North-China Daily News" of a postman making his delivery rounds through a desolate row of small houses in various stages of ruin, vividly illustrates the tragic results of air raids on residential areas in the United Kingdom.

### Comforts for Middle East

A contribution of £500 was sent to the British Chamber of Commerce of Egypt in response to an appeal circulated by that organization to various British Chambers of Commerce in India and the Far East for comforts for the forces in the Middle East, which had been referred to the Central British War Fund by the Chairman of the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce.

This is actually the third contribution made out of the Central British War Fund for the armies in the Middle East, as some months ago £250 was allotted to the Indian units in Egypt, while more recently £350 was ear-marked for the French units fighting alongside General Wavell's command, in acknowledgment of which a very warm telegram of appreciation has been received from General Catroux.

These donations are most appropriate in view of the recent activities of these forces with all the hardship attendant on desert warfare. The balance of £500 was utilized for the benefit of the men in the United Kingdom, being equally divided between the Y.M.C.A. and the Salvation Army, in the latter case the contribution being earmarked for the equipment of a canteen to be identified with the donors.

Every letter from the recipients of the contributions from the Central British War Fund is added proof of how welcome is the support for the comfort of the fighting forces of the British community and their good friends of all nationalities in China. May the good work continue—all branches of the forces deserve all that can be given them.

# False Alarm in Bank

A police party from Central station and a number of Japanese gendarmes turned out yesterday to a false alarm at the Central Reserve Bank, on the Bund. It was ascertained that an iron grating of the heating system in the bank fell with a loud crash at about 3 p.m. giving rise to rumours that something was amiss.

Acting on information received, a party of police officers and Japanese gendarmes visited the bank and made enquiries at the scene.

# Joint Police Bureau Expected Next Week

**Officials Appointed By Special Municipality**

With the joint police bureau in the western district expected to come into existence early next week, workers are busily seen making necessary repairs at 75 Jessfield Road. Central Press reports that Mr. Pan Te, the director of the bureau, is supervising his subordinates in making preparations to take up their duties in the new quarters which are near Nanking's headquarters in Shanghai at 76 Jessfield Road.

According to the some report, all department heads under the new bureau have been appointed. There are six departments and under the General Affairs Department there are offices for each of the five divisions of the bureau and two corps, the detective and reserve corps. Jessfield, Singapore and Robison Roads will be under the jurisdiction of the first division.

The jurisdiction of other divisions or branch bureaux will extend to Fah Hwa Cheng near Siccawei, Amherst Avenue, Hungjao Road, and Brenan Road. The heads of all branch bureaux have been apppointed by Mayor Chen Kung-po of the Greater Shanghai Municipal Government.

The existence of the joint police bureau will require the abolition of all gambling houses in the district under its jurisdiction, but the status of those establishments was still not clear yesterday as the advertisement of the biggest one of them still appeared in the Chinese press. The new régime's press declared however, that the gambling houses in Nantao recently closed would not be reopened.

# Robber Fires at Victim

A shot was fired by an armed robber at a Chinese occupant of 264 Carter Road when the man tried to run out of the house during an armed robbery perpetrated by the gunman with an unarmed accomplice yesterday morning.

The two robbers stole $483 in cash and property from the house and while they were searching the place the master of the house tried to leave the premises to raise an alarm when he was fired upon. The shot missed its mark and the robbers escaped.

# Heavy Bookings for Ships to America

The ss. President Pierce, of the American President Lines, will sail for America on Monday morning with a full complement of passengers in all classes. The ship has been completely booked up for some months past, following the tension in the Far East. Bookings for future ships calling here are also very heavy, tourist class accommodation being taken, it is understood, well into the middle of July, although some first class passages remain.

# Roosevelt Confers with Murray and Knudsen

Washington, Mar. 6.

President Roosevelt yesterday held separate conferences with Mr. William S Knudson, Chairman of the National Defence Council and Mr. Philipp Murray, president of the Congress of Industrial Organizations. The meetings presumably were concerning labour relations and the national defence programme.—United Press.

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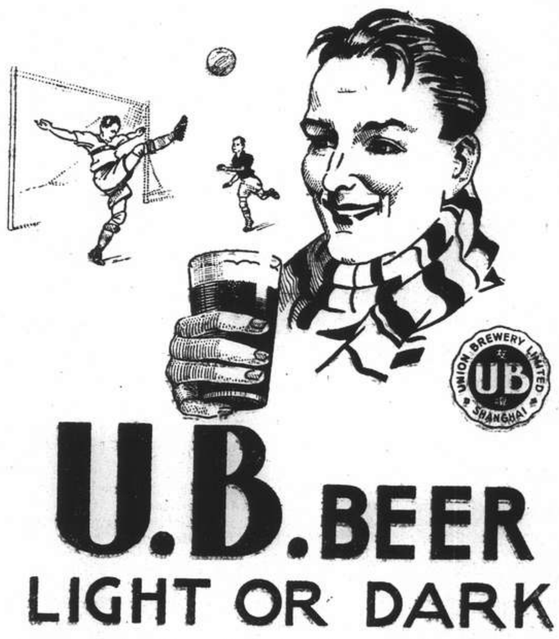


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# LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

*Letters for this column should be addressed to*
THE EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI.
*To ensure secrecy, mark correspondence "Letters to The Editor."*

## Infallibility:

### The Encyclopaedia Quoted

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Since writing my letter of protest against a passage in Father McGreal's broadcast I have referred to the "Encyclopaedia Britannica" and found an article in Vol. 14, page 511, on the infallibility of the Pope, written by August Boudinhon, D.D., D.C.L., Professor of Canon Law at the Catholic University of Paris, and Honorary Canon of Paris. In this article he states the exact formula for the papal infallibility given by the Vatican Council, in 1870, and adds some elucidatory notes. After the notes he goes on to say:

> But when does the pope speak *ex cathedra*, and how is it to be distinguished when he is exercising his infallibility? As to this point there are two schools, or rather two tendencies, among Catholics: some extend the privilege of infallibility to all official exercise of the supreme *magisterium*, and declare infallible, *e.g.* the papal encyclicals. Others, while recognizing the supreme authority of the papal *magisterium* in matters of doctrine, confine the infallibility to those cases alone in which the pope chooses to make use of it, and declares positively that he is imposing on all the faithful the obligation of belief in a certain definite proposition, under pain of heresy and exclusion from the Church; they do not insist on any special form, but only require that the pope should clearly manifest his will to the Church. This second point of view, as clearly expounded by Mgr. Joseph Fessler...and by Cardinal Newman... is the correct one, and this is clear from the fact that it has never been blamed by the ecclesiastical authority....

The use of the words "this is clear from the fact it has never been blamed by the ecclesiastical authority" suggests to me that it was some time before the correct interpretation of the dogma could be definitely arrived at, if the correctness of the second point of view is made clear by the fact that it had "never" been blamed by ecclesiastical authority. Therefore if the interpretation of this dogma has been attended by some difficulty within the Roman Catholic Church itself, it seems unreasonable of Father McGreal to accuse of deliberate false teaching any outside the Roman Catholic Church who may not have reached the right interpretation.

AVERAGE

Shanghai, Mar. 6.

## Public Golf:

### Those Booking Times

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May I assure STYMIED that it is always possible to get 18 holes every Sunday at the Race Course without any wangling, providing STYMIED gets to the Golf Pavilion by 8 a.m. the previous Sunday to book for the next, when he will always find convenient times (say from 9 a.m. onwards) available. He must, of course, know who his partner will be, single bookings not being permitted for an obvious reason—in other words to prevent a wangle.

On Sundays, an official is always on duty to inform players when it is their turn to play according to the booking. "Tee-crashing," when observed, is always put a stop to.

I am only one of the regular players who always gets his game. I have seen no need to attempt any wangle. If others booked before me, leaving me no time, I think the remedy would be for me to beat the others to it.

You can give STYMIED my name if he asks for it. If he really wants a regular game I'll be pleased to show him how to get it—all in the interest of golf.

ONE OF THE EARLY BIRDS.

Shanghai, Mar. 6.

## Clothes Wanted:

### For General Hospital

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The General Hospital is faced with a very difficult problem; their stock of old clothing is exhausted, not a single garment either for men or women is to be found in their chest. Two men, amongst other patients, will have very soon to leave their beds to make room for other free patients, and after having fought for weeks to put them on their feet, the Sisters now see themselves faced with the problem of finding clothing for them to protect them from the rain and cold when they are discharged.

The clothing these people wear when admitted to hospital is cleaned and repaired, as far as possible, and made ready for them when they depart, but only too often their rags are in such a filthy condition that only fire can clean them and they have to be burned. How then are these people to be re-equipped when they leave hospital?

Perhaps some of your readers may happen to have a few discarded articles of clothing, either for men or women, which they can no longer use and which may, after a little modification and repair, be made to help one or the other of these unfortunates. If so, kindly communicate with Tel. 75280 or with Mother Victoria of the General Hospital, so that the clothing may be collected.

HOSPITAL VISITOR.

Shanghai, Mar. 6.

## Which?

### Music Or Medicine?

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—What is more important and necessary, an orchestra that costs more than $300,000 a year and does not even satisfy its audiences, or further hospital accommodation for T.B. cases, especially for the poor classes of Shanghai's foreign population?

Your readers may judge for themselves!

INQUIRER.

Shanghai, Mar. 6.

# Suicide Squad at Dunkirk

## Heroic Sacrifice of Nine R. A. F. Pilots May Have Saved Expeditionary Force

NINE Old Planes lumbered heavily across the field and waddled off into the early morning mists the day that the retirement from Dunkirk started, writes an American Pilot who was in England at the time to the "Oregonian." We stood along the edge of the field. No one said a word as the drone of the ships' engines faded in the east.

No one said a word. We couldn't. We knew that the nine smiling youngsters who lounged behind the joysticks in those old crates were never coming back. They had known it, too. But they had smiled as they moved up from the line to take their turns in the take-off.

And they didn't come back. But 300,000 other young men came back from Dunkirk in their places. I'll never forget that morning.

The story of those nine youngsters and their nine old crates has never been told before now. Their story will go down with history's other stories of valour and heroism.

If it hadn't been for them, Dunkirk might have been a far greater tragedy. Instead, somewhere between 250,000 and 350,000 English and French soldiers came back. I don't know the exact number of those that escaped. I doubt that anyone does, for they came across the channel by ones, by twos, by hundreds, and they came in everything from rowboats to automobile ferries. Navy men have said it was the strangest flotilla in the history of war, and so it was.

### Call For Volunteers

Toward the end of May the brass hats put out a call for volunteer pilots. Similar calls had been put out before for particularly dangerous missions, but this one was different. It was understood that the ones picked wouldn't come back. Nothing was actually said, but everyone knew.

Some 1,350 men knew of the call. And 1,300 volunteered. Thirteen were picked by lot, but it wasn't until the chatter of their engines had faded in the morning mist that any of us knew precisely where they were going on this suicide mission.

As the orders would have it, their objective was to destroy a German gasoline dump at Calais. It sounds simple, but it wasn't. The Germans are very conserving with their precious gasoline—gasoline that supplies their fighters, their bombers, their tanks and panzer divisions. Rather than maintain bases and gasoline dumps far behind the lines, they moved them up as the infantry consolidated occupied territory. They moved the gasoline from storage tank to storage tank through big rubber hoses that could be laid down and rolled up in the matter of hours.

Thus shortly after they had taken Calais, they were running gas into nine big oil tanks that weren't far from the Calais aerodrome. The gasoline supplied the tanks, planes and the fleet of fast motorboats that had been built up to harry channel shipping. The tanks were ringed with anti-aircraft guns, and a constant guard maintained.

The English, of course, were not long in finding out about that dump. Its military importance to the Germans was obvious. But scout bombers that happened anywhere near the area had undergone intense anti-aircraft fire, and had to face whole squadrons of fighting planes.

And so it was that those nine young men were picked and sent off on a mission that was certain suicide.

We watched them load those planes. Each one had been stripped of everything but the most necessary instruments. But they had more than enough bombs for even an intensive bombing flight. It seemed to us as we watched that they were rolling bombs out to those ships for hours.

Hundreds of pounds of high explosives went under each wing and as sort of a crowning touch a pair of aerial torpedoes were strapped on.

And then the motors were turned over. The nine young fliers walked over to their ships. They smiled a tight little smile, waved and were gone in the morning mists.

From that moment on the good Lord alone knows precisely what happened; exactly what went on in the minds of those men. But we knew what they were supposed to do and what they must have done for their objective was accomplished. The nine ships flying close together climbed up and up as they crossed the channel until they were far above the ack-acks. Then they came down, straight down, over Calais, and each of the nine planes dove full tilt into one of the nine tanks before the Germans had time to realize that British planes were near. At the moment of contact planes, men and tanks must have washed into nothingness in one terrific burst.

### Great Heroism

In my lifetime I have never seen a greater bit of heroism. Those nine men gave up their lives deliberately, but not without gain for Britain. The Germans on the advance front found themselves with nothing but the gasoline actually in use.

And without gasoline the tanks and panzer divisions were strapped. Which, however, in no way lessens the valour and heroism of the 800 Scotchmen who also played a major role at Dunkirk. Those 800 Scotchmen, fighting in their kilts despite the fact official British army sources frown on kilts, held back five whole divisions of Germans for 24 hours along toward the end of the retreat. They enabled the last man to walk off the beach with the first German still a comparatively long way inland.

BY SAPAJOU

**Mr. C. M. McDonald**

*Correspondent of "The Times."*

# Norway Under the Nazis

## Former Submission of People has Now Turned To Hatred; German Way of Making Enemies

IN May after Andalsnes and during the terrible month of June, when the King had to leave Norway and France betrayed herself, many of our people became depressed under the shadow of what seemed the inevitability of a final German victory, writes Professor J. S. Worm-Muller in "The Times."

This explains why at that time, when the Germans began to negotiate about the position of the King and the establishment of a "New Order" in Norway, some of our leading politicians went too far. What could poor Norway think or do, feeling terribly alone and disappointed in the attitude of the Swedish Government, representing our nearest kinsfolk and neighbours?

When I went from Oslo to the mountains on vacation in July I did not like the spirit I had left behind in the capital. Many, though perhaps not most, people there were on the verge of despair, convinced that the only thing to do was to make some sort of arrangement with the invader. Then the Germans made their mistake, their great psychological blunder. They showed themselves unable to understand that to ask the Storting and the people to remove the King, especially at such a time, was to wound the most sacred Norwegian feelings.

Before the war the King had been popular, yes, very popular; but when the Germans bombed him as he retired to the north, the love of the people for him grew and grew. We are in general not demonstratively monarchist, but Haakon was becoming our saga King. A wonderful feeling swept through Norway. In a few days there was a great revival, a mighty reaction in spirit against this German demand that the King should be deposed. Members of the Storting were bombarded with letters urging them not to give way.

### Sons to Their Father

People in all walks of life were furious. One member of the Storting said to me afterwards: "My choice was easy. Either my electors or the Germans would surely shoot me, and I preferred a German bullet." Another member told me with some emotion:—"The day I was to leave for Oslo to take part in the discussions my three sons and two sons-in-law (who all but one had taken active part in the fighting) came to me in a body and said: 'Father, you must not let Norway down, or you can never come home again.' The atmosphere was very tense, and I replied: "I will not betray Norway; no, not if they shoot me.'" For many it was not merely a political but a religious question. You could often hear simple people imperfectly quote passages from Scriptures, such as: "Better lose your life than your soul."

When I returned to Oslo in August I was surprised to find a new spirit of optimism in growth. It was due to several causes. For one thing, Norwegians in the capital were impressed by the knowledge that England was standing firm. Increasing optimism was helped by the unimpressive attempts at embarkation for the invasion of England, and the view took root that Germans in Norway were getting sick of their invasion plans.

I saw some of the exercises on the coast, elaborate in preparation and with a goodly number of horses as well as men. They were undoubtedly marred by mutinies here and there, for the soldiers soon objected to being crowded into the holds of fishing craft, covered with nets and wire netting just like pigs in a cart going off to market, and then being taken for trips on the restless sea. This huddled live freight became sick, time after time, no matter how the experiments were repeated, and the smaller fishing craft had to be abandoned as unsuitable for invasion purposes. Whether the whole idea of an expedition from Norway has been given up cannot be said; but we gained the firm impression that German soldiers in Norway feared the turbulent British waves.

### A Missed Opportunity

When I left Norway in October the hopes of most people had developed into belief in a coming British victory. The Germans had missed their opportunity. In July they had a chance of winning us over by playing on the sore theme that Britain had left us in the lurch. But they went about it in the wrong way, they could not resist the impulse to assail our King.

It had become clear, too, that they were plundering our country on a terrible scale. In one week they took 60,000,000 Norwegian crowns from the Bank of Norway. And the German soldiers were visibly becoming fatter. They were getting our eggs, butter, and other nutritious produce, while it was ever more difficult for our housewives to obtain the food to which they were accustomed.

By the time I left there were no real food distress in Norway, but the outlook is black. And we had to pay more and more taxes.

There had been no hate for the Germans in April and hatred did not become general all at once. We were in the main pro-British and felt keen disappointment that the Royal Navy did not stop the German invasion. But now the whole people hate and despise, not individual Germans, but the whole Nazi idea and the men sent to put it into practice. There is some admiration still for the German military machine, for its efficiency. Between it and the Nazi civil administration, however, is a deep gulf. The young fools brought from Germany and put into office are so ignorant of the most elementary things that they appear simply stupid.

### The Word of Hitler

At the negotiations for the deposition of the King and the introduction of a "New Order" I was present in the second and last stage, and took an active part, though I was not at the talks in July. If some Norwegians went too far it was in good faith and to avoid as they thought the imposition of a German administration or a Quising regime. They tentatively agreed to c oncessions which they believe would secure some sort of an acceptable Norwegian administration.

I was strongly against this course, telling my countrymen they did not know German history. Unlike the English, the Germans recognize nothing in the nature of a "gentleman's agreement," I explained, and it was a mistake to think a pact could be safely made with Hitler. If you offered a finger the Nazi would take the whole hand. An Al Capone might be jealous of the German method.

I had been a member of the Norwegian delegation to Geneva and always hoped the better methods of our common humanity would prevail. I knew the Nazi methods well, but at these negotiations I was simply horrified to find how low the German political culture had sunk. The most scandalous moment was when the Germans said, "Well, about the King, the Storting, and so on, you may vote on the Norwegian text of the proposal, but it is the German text which will count as valid." Now the German draft was substantially different from the Norwegian, and it was just this difference which was in dispute. The Norwegian delegates replied, "We cannot go to our electors with a decision like that. We refuse your suggestion."

### Great Blunder

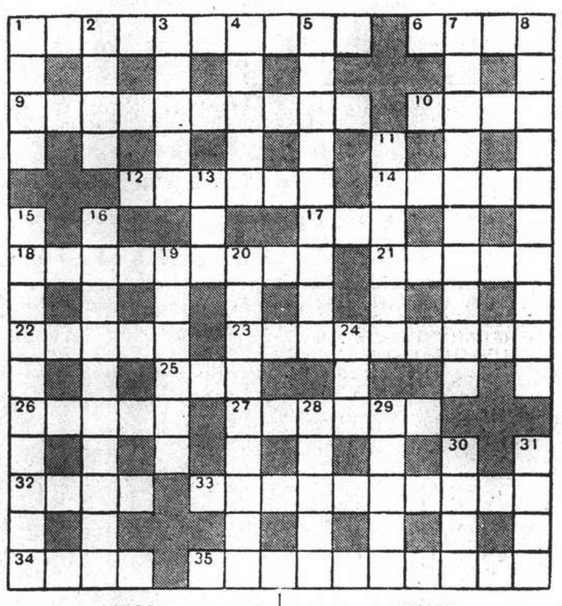
It was another great psychological blunder to try to get Norwegians in on a deal like that; but then the whole of the occupation period has been marked by a chain of such blunders. On May 17, for instance, the Norwegian National Day, not only was all celebration forbidden, including the hoisting of our flag, but at the cinemas the Germans showed films of their conquest of Norway. The students and the public rose in tumult, and nowhere would they allow these shameless pictures to be shown that day. In every case I know of the "seance" was interrupted, lights turned up, and the people ordered to go home. When Terboven, the Reichskommissar, was told of this tactless wounding of national feeling he could not understand that the Germans had been wrong.

But if the Norwegians detest and despise the Germans, particularly the German civil administrators, they loathe the very name of Quisling. Unpopular in April, by September he had come to be a laughing-stock. There has been no revolution in Norway, and his meagre 2 per cent. following has not grown. His "New Order" is simply forced order, created and supported by the German military and the Gestapo.

Left to themselves, not for a day, but a bare five minutes, the Norwegians would discard their Quisling chains with one spontaneous act. But one thing I do fear for our people: the application of economic pressure, which is being brought to bear on the individual and his family.

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 437

*(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")*



**ACROSS**

1 Do laundry hands also find this an uphill struggle?
6 I look over for a picture (4)
9 Common courtship (two words—7, 3)
10 Well-known boxer (4)
12 Mongrel (6)
14 Many of us try to obey the advice given by this ancestor (5)
17 Precious stone (3)
18 It sounds rather as if two girls were the making of this musical play (9)
21 The boy that accompanies the Australian herdsman (5)
22 Type in which to print the Classics? (5)
23 He can make a real fence (9)
25 Some time in 4 down (3)
26 One of the cat tribe associated with a plant in a royal house (5)
27 Metal (6)
32 When this implement was stolen it was reversed (4)
33 This western town might be found on one of the farm buildings (10)
34 Coin made of 27 across (4)
35 Famous explorer (10)

**DOWN**

1 Animals intimidates (4)
2 Flower (4)
3 Friendship found at the end of a disaster (5)
4 Many race-goers do this of course for a lady (5)
5 Suitable amusement in some circles (two words—5, 4)
7 The wrong child though perfect in part (10)
8 No, their occupation does not make them good with children (10)
11 Some caper shows a medical man in prison (6)
13 Offer or order (3)
15 Scared though all right inside (10)
16 The fellows who use this apartment see that it doesn't become what it sounds (two words—6, 4)
19 Decorated (6)
20 Musical composer (9)
24 One of the deer family (3)
28 Describes the man who calls charitable legacies "fire insurance" (5)
29 Praise (5)
30 This head often shelters some of the R.N. (4)
31 Incline (to thinness?) (4)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, Pitchfork; 9, Column; 10, Manage; 11, Vair; 12, Dearth; 13, Love score; 15, Won; 16, Brazen; 19, Hen; 21, Indiana; 22, Adelphi; 24, Wag; 26, Cudgel; 29, Fee; 31, Luxuriant; 32, Mammal; 34, Card; 35, Saturn; 36, Angled; 37, Preferred. DOWN: 2, In a row; 3, Craven; 4, Fresco; 5, Reverse; 6, Forearmed; 7, Quartz; 8, On the nail; 9, Cid; 14, Void; 17, Piecemeal; 18, Barefaced; 19, Haw; 20, Nag; 23, Plea; 25, Asunder; 27, Damage; 28, Hussif; 29, Fitter; 30, Entree; 33, Lad.

## Anglo-Swedish Pact Reached on Shipping

London, Mar. 6.

An agreement has been reached between great Britain and Sweden whereby five Swedish ships from overseas ports will be able to sail for Gothenburg every month.

Announcing this, the Ministry of Economic Warfare states that it is a condition of the arrangement that these ships shall not call at any German or German-controlled port, and that for every vessel entering the Baltic one must previously have left that area. The continuation of this traffic depends on the vessels concerned not being interfered with by Germany.—Reuter.

## Cripps Returns to Moscow

Moscow, Mar. 6.

Sir Stafford Cripps, British Ambassador to the U.S.S.R., arrived back from Turkey by aeroplane yesterday afternoon.

The British Ambassador had been to Ankara to meet Mr. Anthony Eden, British Foreign Secretary.—Reuter.

## Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF MARCH 7, 1871

Chinese official and religious processions are often quaintly interesting, but they can seldom boast much beauty. An exception to the rule has been a festival called Loongtung (Dragon lanterns) that has been lately celebrated at Loonghwa. Starting at 9 p.m. a procession comprising many hundreds of men carried long strings of lamps, arranged in the form of a dragon, each set following so closely on the preceding one, that the whole formed an apparently continuous stream of light; while the winding of the paths gave, to the entire procession, the wavy "Dragon-like" appearance that each set endeavoured to impart by artificial motion to its own particular string. The whole procession was fully half a mile long, so it may be judged that the effect was singularly picturesque. It is said to have comprised 60 dragons, which cost about $20 a night each for lamps and the costumes of the bearers. The expense is borne by the country people, who subscribe either money or material, either dollars or a decade of men with dress and lamps complete. The number of paper lanterns required has been so great that it has actually caused a rise in the market price in Shanghai. The headquarters of the procession was at a village called Neuszeli, about 1½ miles beyong Loonghwa. From thence it perambulated the country in various directions during the past three nights. Last night was the last of the programme. The idea seems to be to propitiate joss in the matter of crops specially, and of good luck generally.

## TO-DAY'S RADIO

### Short Wave News

*Shanghai Time*

| p.m. | | m. | mc/s. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4.00 | London | 19.82 | 15.14 |
| 4.00 | " | 25.53 | 11.75 |
| 4.00 | " | 31.55 | 9.51 |
| 7.00 | " | 19.66 | 15.26 |
| 7.00 | " | 25.53 | 11.75 |
| 9.00 | " | 25.53 | 11.75 |
| 9.00 | " via H'Kong | 31.49 | 9.53 |
| 9.00 | " via Australia | 31.32 | 9.58 |
| 12.00 | " | 31.74 | 9.45 |
| 12.00 | " | 25.53 | 11.75 |
| 12.00 | " | 31.55 | 9.51 |
| 6.35 | Manila | 31.35 | 9.57 |
| 8.45 | " | 31.09 | 9.65 |
| 8.30 | San Fancisco | 31.02 | 9.67 |
| 7.45 | Australia | 31.20 | 9.61 |

**Important alterations in BBC Transmissions directed to the Far East.**

Commencing Sunday, February 16, the BBC are broadcasting to the Far East as follows:—

| | m. | mc/s. |
|---|---|---|
| 3.30- 6.00 p.m. | 19.82 | 15.14 |
| 6.55- 9.00 " | 19.66 | 15.26 |
| 6.55- 9.30 " | 25.53 | 11.75 |
| 9.45-12.30 " | 31.74 | 9.45 |
| " " " | 25.53 | 11.75 |

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*Today's Programme*

12.00 Vocal Selections from Operas and Operettas
12.45 **News in English**
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in Hindustani
1.30 Peter Adam's German Programme
2.00 Czechoslovak News and Commentary
2.30 Dance Music
3.30 Woman and Home
4.30 Chinese Programme
5.00 "The Foundations of Chinese Music" by Professor Wei Chung-loh.
6.30 Italian Programme
7.00 **Relay of B.B.C. News (Conditions Permitting)**
7.30 French News and Commentary
8.00 Light Music
8.30 "The Luck of The Draw"—A programme of records
9.00 **News in English followed by B.B.C. Programme and Local Announcements**
9.20 "Politics and Policy." A Talk by A. Morley
9.30 "Ballads Ancient and Modern," sung by W. T. Fulstow, accompanied at the piano by L. Barton
9.45 "The Fall of the House of Usher," Edgar Allan Poe's Mystery Story
10.15 Dance Music
11.00 **Late Night Final**
11.10 Peter Adam's German Programme
11.40 Dance Music
12.00 **Relay of B.B.C. News (Conditions Permitting)**

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At other hours, the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association broadcasts in English and Chinese language programme of music and talks.

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*Time table*

12.00 Light music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Light music.
4.30 Light music.
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Light music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. The art of the ballet. The performances of the Russian Ballet in Shanghai. Review of Glazounoff's "Stenka Rasin" and "The Seasons."
8.15 Light music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Mme Petersen (Indira Dewi) will speak on the Yoga methods which she studied in India, and on their influence on mental and physical health.
9.45 Concert:

*Chopin:*

Polonaise in E flat; Waltzes; Scherzos; Mazurkas; Ballad; Impromptu; Three Ecossaises; Concerto in E minor.


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**On Saturday, March 8, 1941, commencing at 9.30 a.m.**

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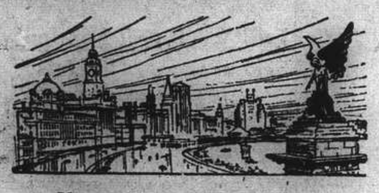

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

## STRAIGHT TALKING

While nothing has been divulged officially concerning the two interviews which Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, Japanese Ambassador to Great Britain, had recently with Mr. Winston Churchill, an interesting report emanates from Washington which has about it all the elements of probability. According to the account available there Mr. Shigemitsu is reported to have emphasized that Japan does not want an extension of the European war to the Pacific, and does not threaten British interests. Whether that is so or not, it is stated that Mr. Churchill left him in no doubt as to the consequences if those interests were threatened, and it was made clear that Britain must and would be the judge of what those interests were, and when they would be considered menaced. In other words the British Prime Minister has made it quite plain that it is for Japan to decide by whatever action she takes whether the war is to spread to the Pacific or not. One commentator declares that Washington was informed of what Mr. Churchill was doing, and that the American Government was in agreement with what Britain was doing. That, however, is not confirmed, but the two countries have been following parallel policies in the Pacific so closely that it would indeed be strange if this were not the case.

If the recent declarations of Mr. Menzies, Australian Premier, concerning Australian relations with Japan were taken by some to be something in the nature of an indication of British weakness in the Pacific, the conversations between Mr. Churchill and Mr. Shigemitsu should serve to clear up that particular misunderstanding. The day of appeasement has passed. The time for frank talking has come, and Mr. Churchill has apparently taken advantage of that fact to leave in the mind of the Japanese Government no misunderstanding as to what will be the British attitude in certain events. It is possible that this straightforward talking will have the effect of lessening existing tension in the Far East. That, however, depends entirely upon how the jingoistic clique, at present dominating the Japanese Government in Germany's behalf, reacts to Mr. Churchill's statement. Large moderate elements in Japan are frankly anxious lest the military extremists should plunge their country into commitments which would appear to follow logically upon Japanese adherence to the Tripartite Alliance, but which would place an enormous strain upon Japan's already seriously overburdened economic system.

Nothing would suit Hitler's purpose better than that Japan should enter into this present struggle. He hopes that, should Japan do so, Great Britain would be obliged to dissipate those forces which even now threaten him, and which in due time will bring him to a final reckoning. But the dispositions, which Great Britain has already made, are quite sufficient indication of the type of war Britain would fight were Japan so ill-advised as to precipitate one in the Pacific, and there would most certainly not be that lack of concentration upon Britain's main objective which he undoubtedly hopes would be brought about. The reservations with regard to the Tripartite Alliance which the Japanese Government announced some weeks ago, concerning the right of Japan to decide whether and when she shall array herself alongside Germany and Italy in actual warfare, suggests a degree of caution in Tokyo which in all probability is by no means pleasing to the Germans. They suggest that despite the sabre-rattling of the military extremists the moderate elements are still capable of exercising a certain amount of influence.

There should by now be no mistake about it in Tokyo that Great Britain has made it quite clear that nothing will prevent her defending her interests in any part of the world in which they may be threatened. That has been the burden of British representations to Tokyo for a long time past, and the Japanese Government would be guilty of a crass miscalculation if they were to believe for one moment that the British Government does not mean what they say. The situation will develop now exactly in accordance with Japanese moves. The Japanese Government has placed fairly and squarely upon their shoulders the responsibility of deciding whether there shall be peace or war in the Pacific. Great Britain has reserved to itself the right to decide what are British interests and whether they are threatened by any move which Japan may make, and the real solution of the present tension in the Far East is for Japan to realize that fact and to act accordingly.

## BRITAIN'S NAVY

The review of the British naval situation by Mr. A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, shows how well that important arm has come through over eighteen months of fighting. Despite enemy claims which if they were true would mean that the British Navy had long ceased to exist, it is in fact stronger now than it was at the commencement of the struggle. With freedom of the seas it is able to perform the many different missions necessary for the adequate conduct of the war, while the enemy navies, both of which have been badly mauled, still prefer to skulk behind the protection of their land batteries and mine-fields. The initial superiority, which the Italians had in the Mediterranean, has disappeared, and the enormous British successes in Libya are to a very large extent to be attributed to the extensive assistance which the British Navy was able to afford, not only in the bombardment of enemy positions, but in the transport of men and war materials through waters which the Italians pompously claimed to control. Enemy propagandists have sought to make much of the fact that there has been throughout the world a general reorganization of Britain's shipping, and allege that this is due to the weakness of the British Navy. Yet in the Far East there is testimony to the strength of the British fleets and the command of the seas they are exercising. The Italian vessel, Conte Verde, in Shanghai and the German vessel, Scharnhorst, hiding away in Kobe, are living proofs for millions of Chinese and Japanese to see that because of Britain's naval might they are obliged to take refuge. Such evidence stands as an eloquent contradiction to the extravagant claims which the enemy has consistently put forward as to the damage done to the British Fleet.

Mr. Alexander also effectively disposes of the lying claims of the enemy with regard to British shipping which has been sunk by submarine, enemy surface craft, and aeroplanes. It will be remembered that recently Berlin was assiduously putting forward claims to having sunk as much as a quarter of a million tons in one day. The First Lord gives the true figures which indicate that during the last eleven weeks some control of the attacks on British shipping has been secured, and that the weekly average losses have been considerably reduced. When new construction, the taking over of allied shipping, and the purchase of other vessels are taken into consideration two-thirds of the tonnage lost through enemy action have been replaced. That means that the real loss of British shipping is not to be estimated merely by the tonnage which has been sunk, but by striking balance between that and replacements. Viewed from that point, while the damage which the enemy has done is grave, it is still far from crippling the British mercantile marine which is gallantly answering the many calls upon its services necessitated by military activities so far away from Great Britain itself.

That is the picture which the enemy would like to keep from the world at large by the publication of figures so fantastic that they are now laughed to derision in most neutral countries, for these gigantic sinkings on German paper represent no loss save in the perverted imaginations of a people drugged for years by Nazi lies. Much is being made by the Germans of their new pocket submarine, a small undersea craft, minus everything but the merest essentials to keep it travelling, and completely without safety devices, with which they threaten to intensify their attacks on British shipping. Against them it may be taken as certain Great Britain is devising an answer, though it may be that they will themselves provide a solution of the problem with which Hitler seeks to perplex Britain. Men condemned to navigate craft under conditions which practically ensure their deaths, are not likely to be enthusiastic about their work, and if after a time the Germans find their crews unwilling to take these vessels to sea, it will be merely a repetition of the last few days of the last war, when the German navy similarly disgraced itself. It is already known that certain Italian submarine crews have refused to take their vessels to sea, because of the efficiency of the British Navy, and there is no reason to believe that the crews of the German new submarines will be in any better frame of mind once they realize the manner in which they are to be sacrificed in Hitler's mad struggle for world domination.

## Germans in Morocco

In answer to a question in the House of Commons, Mr. R. A. Butler, the Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, revealed that there are an unknown number of German troops, in uniform and armed, in French Morocco. This should prove to be disturbing news to all Frenchmen, whether they are in sympathy with Vichy or the de Gaulle movement, for it is a direct violation of the Armistice between France and Germany, which stipulated that the French Empire was to be left unmolested. It is also a proof that General de Gaulle was right when he refused to believe the plighted word of the Germans when France capitulated. There were rumours which could not be substantiated that there were Germans in Dakar at the time that General de Gaulle attempted to capture that port, but desisted when it became obvious that only loss of French blood could follow if the attack were pressed home. But it was then imagined that the Germans were merely technicians interested in obtaining some sort of control over the air base at Dakar, which was the taking off point for the service between Africa and South America. The presence of even such technicians might have been objected to by the French, but they could not be excluded according to the strict terms of the armistice. Armed soldiers in Morocco, however, are a definite violation of the terms agreed to between the Germans and the French in the historic railway carriage in the Forest of Compiègne. No doubt General Maxime Weygand, now back in Vichy to report on the result of his lengthy tour of the French African possessions, will have plenty to tell Marshal Pétain about this breach of the peace agreement. All indications point to the fact that the French people are awakening to the fact that they were sadly deceived at the time of the capitulation. There is an increasing, but necessarily passive, opposition to the Germans throughout the French Empire and in France itself. It will be remembered that General de Gaulle prophesied in January that any attempt of the Germans to enter the French Empire would result in a general rising against them. He then described France as "the vanguard, temporarily defeated but by no means suppressed, of freedom." He then declared: "The whole French Empire will re-enter the war if tomorrow the enemy should put a foot into Tunisia, with or without Vichy's consent. Our duty lies in war, our future lies in victory." It remains to be seen, then, what the reaction will be in France to the news that Germans are active in French Morocco. Much must depend upon the tenor of the report which will be made by General Weygand. If he minimizes the importance of the German actions in Morocco, then there may be no serious repercussions. On the other hand, the British and their allies cannot permit continued German operations in the French Empire, without some sort of protest. The part now being played by the Free French forces in the battle against Italy in Africa is so glorious that all friends of France will join in wishing that all Frenchmen outside the immediate sphere of German influence will do their share—first and foremost to prevent the widening of the areas over which the Nazis can assert their dictatorship.

## STRAY NOTES

March 4.—It was a dull morning with a "low ceiling" as the airmen call it, and a slight mist which obscured the early sun. I was returning from my walk with a queer, eerie, feeling: familiar birds were not behaving in a familiar way: there was a sense of suspense which I could not explain. At the top of every prominent tree a Shrike was sitting, calling uneasily: Blackbirds, instead of singing, were stealing away into the undergrowth as if they had something to fear. I could not make any sense out of it...so I walked back to the Hungjao Road and had my foot on the running-board of my car, when...The deep inimitable call of a Goose struck my ear, and as I looked skyward, the large grey form of a Bean Goose went gliding overhead, not more than 100 feet up: then things began to happen: the sound of quietly honking geese came to my ear and, within ten seconds, a large gaggle came sweeping over so close to the ground that I could hear the swish of their wings. The pilot goose, two hundred yards ahead called softly and persistently to his convoy which crossed the road at an exact right-angle, headed due North. I was able to watch every movement closely and hear every sound made. What struck me most was the precision with which each bird flew at an angle so that one wing was always behind the pilot and the bird at the head of the wedge flew with both wings exposed; the great line of heavy birds went forward like a grim, relentless, grey-clad army....quietly answering the pilot's calls and muttering among themselves as if they were saying "keep the line...keep the line." And as they disappeared through the mist I thought of the Shrikes, faithful sentinels of the bird world, who had sensed the coming of these strangers long before the human ear or eye could detect them. I have never had a watchman who could work for me like that.—E.S.W.

## CANADIAN FINANCES

### Ways Sought to Get American Dollars

Canada's drastic new restrictions on American imports will not be sufficient to solve the increasing dollar exchange problem. Somehow Canada must obtain more American dollars and this can only be done by reducing American imports still further, increasing Canadian sales in the United States or borrowing American money, states the "Christian Science Monitor." The probable effect of the so-called "interim" budget, recently passed by the Canadian Parliament, is now clear. It will save at most $90,000,000 a year in American exchange. This will be accomplished by the three definite methods adopted in the new regulation. These are direct prohibition against the importation of certain American luxuries; a licensing system by which certain American articles cannot be imported except with Government permission; a reduction in duties on British goods to encourage their sale in Canada in place of competitive American goods.

The direct prohibition method, it is calculated, will save Canada from $5,000,000 to $6,000,000 in American exchange per month. The licensing system should save immediately between $1,000,000 and $2,000,000 per month. The inroads of British goods will add to the saving, making possible a total improvement of something like $7,000,000 and $8,000,000 per month.

This is not nearly enough. Canada has increased its importations from the United States so heavily since the beginning of the war that its total balance of trade and payments with its neighbour is running about $300,000,000 a year on the unfavourable side. Obviously, such a drain cannot be supported by the Canadian economy, and purchasing American war goods is still increasing. Canada simply cannot find that many American dollars if the United States will not buy far more Canadian goods.

The Canadian Government has started to handle the problem by reducing American imports, but it is believed certain now that restriction must go further. The Government is expected as a beginning to concentrate on its licensing system. Through the power to license imports it will be able to exert pressure on important items like petroleum. It could even curtail the use of gasoline in Canada for pleasure purposes, though there has been no definite indication that it has in view such a system of rationing. Altogether the licensed articles represent imports valued at something between $60,000,000 and $65,000,000 a year.

### Still Huge Gap in Total Balance

There still remains a huge gap in the total balance between the two countries. It could be covered in part by the liquidation of American securities held by Canadians. Every dollar of such investment is now known to the Government and can be appropriated without notice, but there appears to be no intention of selling these securities at present, nor of reducing Canada's gold reserves.

Another possibility, of course, is borrowing from the United States, possibly as part of the joint defence effort covered by the Ogdensberg Agreement. The Government has given no sign that it wants American loans and has made no effort to secure them. Obviously the policy here is to make Canada tighten its belt to the last notch before any easier course is proposed.

To this end, still further efforts undoubtedly will be made to discourage the consumption of luxuries, both those produced in the United States and those produced in Canada. When Canadian luxury industries are hit by the new luxury taxes, they will require less raw or semi-manufactured material from the United States. As clearly forecast in Parliament, the Government is prepared to move labour, by compulsion if necessary out of luxury into war industries. This will tend to reduce American importations.

Yet against this must be set Canada's constantly-increasing demand for American war materials, especially aeroplanes, plane engines, machine tools and steel products. As the purchase of them increases, the purchase of other goods must be reduced or else Americans must buy more Canadian goods, if a loaning policy is to be avoided in the end.

The reduction in duties on British cotton goods may adversely affect the Canadian cotton industry, which must pay exchange and war taxes on its raw supplies, imported from the United States. The rayon silk industry should benefit from the policy of reducing imports of real silk. It is expected here that many more changes in the tariff may be made this year as Canada's economic and exchange position fluctuates.

## IN PARENTHESIS

### 79 Absent

A STORY unable to verify concerns a hotel. A man called up on the telephone and requested the grillroom to reserve a nice table for a party of 80.

"Party of 80?" was the faintly incredulous query.

"Right," was the reply. "Will be there at 9.30."

So half the grill was set up to accommodate the group. Sure enough the party arrived on time, an old party, a lady at least 80 years old.

—The "Bermudian," Hamilton, Bermuda."

* * *

### Letter From Mr. Lucifer

(On board ss. Satanic)

DEAR Mr. Gubbins, care of the "Sunday Express":

No doubt you will be interested to hear how our little party is behaving during our cruise in the southern seas.

As you might expect, they're not behaving well, partly because all the drinks are free and therefore irresistible, and partly because any group of people left together in idleness is certain to quarrel.

One of the party is a middle-aged novelist who talks of nothing but his royalties and his understanding of women, another a spoilt, disillusioned girl of 27 who thought she was going to be a star in Hollywood but was heartlessly betrayed by a film agent.

Others are a duchess who was bombed out of Belgravia and still thinks it has something to do with Bolshevism, a millionaire who is terrified he will have to work for his living after the war; a young curate who had a most unfortunate affair with a schoolmistress; and the poor, dear, unfrocked bishop who is drinking so heavily.

The other morning in a fit of alcoholic depression, vulgarly known as boozer's gloom, the bishop threw himself overboard. At first I thought of letting him drown, but the widow persuaded me to have him rescued, as she has not yet heard the whole of his life story, which, she says, is fascinatingly horrible.

During the first week of the cruise my guests hated each other, because they didn't know each other. Then they became very friendly indeed, and now they all hate each other because they know each other too well.

As keen students of human behaviour, the widow and myself were delighted when the middle-aged novelist fell in love with the girl who was let down by the film agent.

A man of 50 in love is always amusing, but when you get a novelist who has written thousands of words analysing women and their emotions unable to see through a transparent little liar like this one it's really too delicious.

When the thing got rather boring I felt obliged to tell him the truth, as I didn't like to see such a clever man making such a fool of himself. Now, of course, he hates the poor girl because he has been deceived and his colossal vanity is outraged.

Isn't it sad about my poor little pupil Mussolini? I almost feel sorry now that I told him he was a better man than Napoleon.

The widow sends her love, and says if you care to join us by plane she will devote the whole of her attention to you, and you can laugh at the others together.

—Yours ever. MEPHY.

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## THE SPORTS PAGE

# Ladies Hockey International Series in Critical Stage

### Two Strongest Teams in Tourney Clash on Saturday; Portugal Given the Edge; Reds Meet Russia Sunday

THE ladies International Knock-out hockey competition has now come to an interesting stage as, though only one match has been played so far, it has reached the critical round of the semi-final and with two matches of this series scheduled for competition this week-end the programme is simply sparkling with enthusiasm and interest. Though it was at first thought that some of the teams might not be able to field competitive sides, last week's clash between the British "Reds" and Palestine, reputed to be the weakest aggregation of the five, proved this supposition to be a fallacy.

Taking last week's encounter as a criterion, some scintillating matches should be seen and it would be unwise for hockey pundits to make predictions if they value their reputation at all.

**Fine Game Anticipated**

On Saturday afternoon at 2.45 p.m., two teams, which on paper are the strongest elevens competing in the tournament, the British "Blues" and Portugal, will be pitted against each other and in view of the importance of the issue a standard of hockey well above the average may be anticipated. The British "Blues" will consist of A. Sakari, A. Waller, E. Hay, V. Hutton, J. Harling (captain), M. Train, D. Gray, N. Sakari, S. Roberts, P. Kendall, D. Barton. Reserves: M. Bloomfield and A. Arnold-Jones.

Though many may be of a different opinion, this line-up does not appear to be very well balanced as the forward-line is unquestionably bristling with power while the defence seems to be without the services of anyone who can really hit hard with long, accurate drives. This deficiency has to some extent been counter-balanced by a strong half line which appears to be about the strongest section of the team. The selection of Joan Harling to fill the pivotal berth of centre-half is naturally a logical one and with the support of the two other stalwarts, M. Train and V. Hutton, on either side, the forwards should not be lacking in opportunities.

**Defence of Vital Importance**

A. Waller, though a player of no mean ability, is perhaps better suited in a more forward position. She is tricky with a stick but lacks power behind her drives and against an eleven like the Portuguese, the defence should be of premier importance. A. Sakari justified her choice for the goal-keeper's position by giving a good display between the sticks in her recent matches and in the trials. Though lacking experience her keen sense of anticipation more than redresses the balance.

The forward line of this team does not appear to be as strong as that of the "Reds," as, notwithstanding the fact that N. Sakari, S. Roberts, P. Kendall, D. Gray and D. Barton have, in one match or another, made themselves prominent, they are not a very aggressive unit.

**Portuguese Advantage**

One strong advantage the Portuguese team will have over the British is that being composed of almost entirely of the A.S.P. "A" team, they have played together as an eleven thoughout the winter and have consequently been able to bring their team understanding to a fine point. Portugal will probably be represented by F. Pereira, A. Gonsalves, E. Collaco, V. Butt, M. Vietal, M. A. da Silva, M. Canavarro, H. Marcal, T. Collaco, A. da Silva and M. Collaco.

Their forward line is probably the strongest of the five teams entered in the tournament and their aggressive and quick-passing tactics have paved the way for their splendid showing in the senior league this season, though they did not win it. This is the same eleven as that which played a combined British team during the Christmas holidays last year. They appear to be a much better balanced squad than the British eleven being equally strong in all departments. They are consequently conceded an edge over their opponents.

**Russians Appear Strong**

On Sunday Russia will make their debut against the British "Reds." Having drawn their strength from several teams they appear to be a formidable unit, perhaps stronger than Palestine. Their line-up, though not definitely decided, will probably consist of L. McNaughtan, L. Onazevitch, M. Osa, N. Rhodes, G. Kazakova, H. Knoch, Nesdevesky, M. Malinovsky, I. Ohrnberger, V. Aumann, G. Telesheff.

Meanwhile the British "Reds," satisfied that their selection has done them justice will be fielding the same eleven that carried them through Palestine last Sunday.

# C.C.C. Gain Edge Over Oarsmen

Activities in the junior division of the Squash Racquets Knock-out tournament, which is sadly behind schedule, were resumed last night when the Rowing Club "B1" were hosts to the Columbia Country Club. This fixture again failed to reach a conclusive decision as only three matches were played and at the end of yesterday's play the score stood at 2-1 in favour of the Rowing Club.

The remaining two matches may be played on Monday at the Rowing Club courts and the Columbians, runners-up in the junior league this season, are conceded an edge over their rivals as they are expected to win both tussles. E. S. J. Phillips will be pitted against W. L. Griffiths while L. Reierstad will clash with Roy Squires.

Should the Rowing Club lose they will not be eliminated from the tournament as it will be their first defeat in the series. They will go to the losing side of the bracket where they will meet the winners of the Race Club and the Rowing Club "B2" engagement which will be held on Tuesday.

P. Pfanner, who has provided strong opposition to all his opponents, in his matches this winter, was completely beaten by C. C. "Dud" Quires yesterday and failed to make any sort of impression during the entire game. Squires bringing off his low drives along the wall with successful ease, was not extended to win in three straight sets. He opened up strongly with a love game before goint on to win by fairly comfortable margins.

A closer tussle was seen between T. O. Schmid, and R. Biesel. The winner was not bothered at all by Biesel's hard hitting and in placing his shots more accurately he was able to run through the first two sets to win 9-2, 9-4. Biesel took the third set when Schmid let up to take a "breather."

A bitter struggle was seen when G. W. Jenssen took four sets to subdue Dr. Nance. Jenssen did not start too well and dropped the opening set but from the second set onwards he was the master of the situation, running through the next three sets in fairly quick order.

The detailed scores were:—

**Rowing Club "B1" 2; C.C.C. 1**

P. Pfanner lost to C. C. Squires 9-9, 1-9, 4-9.
T. O. Schmid beat R. Biesel 9-2, 9-4, 5-9, 9-3.
G. W. Jenssen beat Dr. Nance 9-10, 9-6, 9-5, 9-6.
E. S. J. Phillips v. W. L. Griffiths postponed.
L. Reierstad v. R. Squires postponed.

# Two More Results In Squash Tourney

The junior division of the Squash Racquets Championship made further progress this week when C.C. Squires eliminated H. Jost from further competition by defeating him in three straight sets. Squires, as expected, did not encounter much difficulty in disposing if his opponent and was not threatened at any period of the match.

His well placed low drives along the side wall which varied with the softest of drop-shots often caught Jost entirely out of position. Squires took no chances by opening up in strong style to earn his points rapidly, and though he was guilty of a few errors, principally due to carelessness, he held a useful lead in all three sets. He won all three sets by the identical score of 9-3.

A minor upset was seen when S. Godkin put H.M. Snow, the only entrant in the senior division of the championship from the Country Club, out of the running by emerging victorious after five dour sets. The match reached a thrilling climax when, with two sets each, the score was deadlocked at nine-all in the last set. Serves changed hands nearly five times before Godkin managed to win the deciding point.

Play was at its height in the first and second sets but fell noticeably when both players showed signs of fatigue in the next two sets. The two players started the fifth set with grim determination. Godkin managed to keep ahead by couple of points until he reached seven. Snow, rallying desperately, tied the score at seven-all. From then it was a furious battle with the tide of fortune favouring either player alternately, until Godkin broke the 9-all tie to win.

**Goalie in Action**

*Holdcroft, the Preston North End goalkeeper, saves in the face of a determined Chelsea attack.*

# Hockey Trial Set For Sunday

Of special interest this week-end, in the men's hockey programme for Saturday and Sunday is the trial game between the Possibles and the Probables of the "Other Clubs" which is being held on Sunday to select a side to play against the visiting eleven of the Tientsin Hockey Club which will here during the Easter holidays to play a series of matches.

This week-end's programme appears to be another bright one as besides the trial match four other leading elevens will be seen in action. On Saturday, the Hockey Club will clash with the Clube Lusitano, while the United side will take on the Police aggregation.

As the Hockey Club and the United are playing the Tientsin side separately, they have been excluded from the "Other Clubs" trials but they will be fielding their strongest elevens in their practice matches from now until their Easter holiday engagements.

With plenty of good material on hand from which to pick a formidable "Other Clubs" team, there is every indication of their producing a side of no mean calibre as the players in both the Possibles and Probables have all shown their mettle during the season and have justified their selection.

It has been announced by the Shanghai Hockey Association that the "Other Clubs" will meet the Tientsin players on April 14, preceding which the visitors will play the Shanghai Hockey Club on April 11 and the United first eleven on April 12. All matches will be played in the Kiaochow Park ground for which permission has already been granted.

Those taking part in the trials are:

Probables:—C. Weed (Police); Hakum Singh (Police), S. A. Collaco (Lusitano), A. Silva (Lusitano), L. Oliveira (Lusitano), F. Schranz (J.R.C.), W. Jellinek (J.R.C.), Chanan Singh Sandhu (Khalsa), F. R. Kermani (Lusitano), H. Waldmann (J.R.C.), A. Probst (J.R.C.).

Possibles:—A. Fernandez (J.A.C.), M. Maher (J.A.C.), W. Widdowson (Police), T. M. Collaco (J.A.C.), R. C. Stuart (Police), L. Costa (Lusitano), L. Davies (Police), A. C. Collaco (Lusitano), W. Pasco (Police), T. Winter (J.R.C.).

Any player unable to turn out is requested to telephone W. J. Silvey (31076) as soon as possible.

# Shanghai United Hockey Club Week-end Teams

**Saturday**

S'hai United 1st Eleven v. S.M.P., R.G. 6, 2.30 p.m.:—

S'hai United "Eleven" (1st):—J. P. Jones, K. M. Pate, R. Watson, R. Kermani, E. V. Chanturai, G. Gilchrist, R. Murray, H. Hethrington, P. Bojesen, S. Rueben, H. Bojesen. Reserves: R. Remedios, J. Greenberg.

**Sunday**

S'hai United "2nd Eleven" v. S'hai Hockey Club 2nd Eleven, R.G. 6 at 2.30 p.m.:—

S'hai Unied 2nd Eleven:—E. S. Jacob, A. Robertson, J. Ladd, R. Crank, R. Remedios, J. Greenberg, G. Kurapatoff, H. Fensdorff, A. Yourieff, S. Wilde, A. Vicajee.

# English Football Carries On

### In Spite of Nazi Raiders, Shortage of Players, and Various Other Difficulties

London, Mar. 5.

Determined not to let Hitler and his Nazi raiders get the better of them, football clubs in England are waging a desperate struggle for existence.

They have carried on through months of the air blitz and overcome various obstacles, such as acute shortage of players, travelling difficulties, crowd restrictions, "alerts" and domestic squabbles, and they would just hate to have to put up the shutters now.

Crowds have fluctuated, according to the weather and the possibility of raids preventing or curtailing play, and in many cases the gates have been so small that expenses have not been met. Players themselves are making sacrifices by accepting only 30/- per match and there are many directors who dip deeply into their own pockets to help keep the flag flying.

Already one famous club, Charlton Athletic, have decided to recognize the futility of carrying on and, after completing the first part of the programme which ended on December 28, they closed down until better times. Until then they will concentrate on a junior side, building up a team for their return to big competition.

**Shortage of Players**

It is not so much the air raids or "alerts" that have been playing havoc with the game, but the question of finding players, which has now become very acute. At the beginning of the season, 3,618 players were registered with the League, the highest number in the League's history. War claims soon began to take toll, however, and most of the clubs were soon sending out S.O.S.'s. Managers spent worrying days wondering whether they would be able to put a team into the field, and other more fortunate clubs answered the appeals. Consequently we have seen some very strange teams in action, and there have been several instances of clubs turning out teams without including one of their own players.

But perhaps the most remarkable instance was when Blackburn Rovers, six times winners of the F.A. Cup, were unable to take a team for a match with Manchester United. An appeal was made to the crowd, and by the time the manager reached the dressing room to allot positions twelve men were stripped and waiting to play!

**Volunteers for Cinderellas**

On one occasion Clapton Orient, the Cinderellas of London football, found themselves four short just before the kick-off. Manager Wright sent a hurriedly-chalked blackboard round the ground appealing for help, and Pressmen were also given the opportunity of showing their prowess at the game they criticise. From an attendance of 200, a score or more volunteers rushed forward (no Pressmen) and three were rigged out. Manager Wright himself kept goal—and performed great deeds.

Wright will not hear of the Orient closing down. "As long as there is football," he said, "so there will be Clapton Orient."

That is the spirit that has been keeping the game going in these difficult times.—Reuter.

## *League Committee Decisions*

The following decisions have been handed down by the Shanghai Football Association:

PECQUERY (ASF) suspended for the rest of the season

VINH (Fr. Fcs.) cautioned

SINH (Fr. Fcs.) cautioned.

Re the Skottowe Cup finals scheduled for Sunday the time of this match has been changed to 3.00 p.m. instead of 2.30 p.m. and the Special Match between the F.M. Schoolboys and the P.T.H. Schoolboys will be 30 minutes each way.

**Defensive Trio**

*The Derby County goalie punches out, while two other players act as a defensive screen.*

## Golf Starting Times

**Shanghai Golf Club**

**SATURDAY**

1.04 Cameron, Jourdin/Denbigh, Shaw
1.12 Kench, Denton/MacF., Isherwood
1.24 Drysdale, McDonald/Ewing, Bell
1.32 Cowherd, Snow/Chalmers, Pearson
1.44 Captain/Vice President
1.52 Lurton, Young/Blair, Barry
2.04 President/Cleland, Keating (4 Ball)
2.12 Carpenter, Walker (4 Ball)
2.16 Dwyer, Saphiere (4 Ball)
2.24 Pearson, Mrs. Pearson

**SUNDAY**

8.32 Jourdin, Iseri/Cameron, Saphiere
8.44 Lurton, Jenkins/Piper, Isherwood
8.52 Cowherd, Pratt/MacF., McCants
9.04 Carpenter, Rus./Cantopher, Swayne
9.12 Clark, Parry/De Jong, Drysdale
9.24 Otorii, Brown/Bell, Smith
9.32 Cleland, Rigden/Blackwood, Gibb
9.44 Pearson, Blair/Martin, Tolme
9.52 Chalmers, Drysdale/President
10.00 to 10.36 Tee Reserved for St Patrick's v. St. David's Match 1941
10.00 I. L. G. Wheeler, H. F. Prytherch
10.04 J. F. Brister, J. A. Bonnyman
10.08 A. J. S. Parkhill, T. H. Gwynne
10.12 P. A. Corbett, T. J. Evans
10.16 A. D. Denton, J. R. Jones
10.20 J. H. Perry, A. J. Evans
10.24 R. T. Dwyer, K. E. Newman
10.28 B. J. Wall, T. S. Powell
10.32 F. S. Ramplin, E. Willeams
10.36 E. F. Hardman, W. Miles
10.44 Vice President/Scoones, Rigg
10.52 Allan, Munro/Openshaw, Kench
11.04 Huggett, Mrs. Wentworth
11.03 Mrs. Rigg, Mrs. Chalmers
11.12 Braidwood, Harper (4 Ball)
11.16 McCutcheon, Guest
2.16 to 2.32 Tee Reserved for St. Patrick's v. St. David's Match 1941

**Hungjao Golf Club**

**SATURDAY**

6TH TEE STARTERS

12.50 Hill, Henningsen/Forbes
1.00 Jensen, & Co.
1.05 LeClair, Smith, & Co.
1.10 Laffond, & Co.

1ST TEE CLOSED 12.10 TO 12.45 P.M.

12.55 Wentworth, & Co./Hines, Henning.
1.05 Pettitt, Savage, Gardener
1.10 Mitchell, Bates, Rounds, Meyerink
1.15 Seddons/Bowkers
1.25 Farnsworth, Terrace, Dunn, Glass
1.30 Chestham, Arnold, Bond
1.35 Snow, Collett
1.40 Willson, Geibel, Rector Smith
1.45 Andrews, & Co./Tistadt, Lovett
1.55 Reynell, Gordon, McNeill
2.00 Ovadia, S. Wright, Ricketts, Cumm.
2.05 Captain's Time
2.10 Macgregor, MacD., Way, Round
2.15 Gordon, Riggs
2.20 Rigden, King, Perry, Bichard
2.25 K. M. Cumming
2.30 Hill, Henningsen .6th Tee Starters
2.35 Forbes 6th Tee Starters
2.40 Jensen, & Co. 6th Tee Starters
2.45 LeC., Smith, & Co. 6th Tee Starters
2.50 Laffond, & Co.
2.55 Harrison, Beveridge, Camp., Fuller
3.00 Boniface, Merrill, Pry., Bonnyman
3.05 M. Little, Wood, Kent, Newman
3.10 Tolmie, West, Banham, Johnston

**SUNDAY**

8.36 Barra., Wallace/West, Thomas
8.48 Gardener, Hill/Riggs, Perry
8.56 Robinson, Stacey/Reynell, Gordon
9.08 Dean, Kearton/Cheetham, Sherwin
9.16 Bond, Smith/Terrace, Farnsworth
9.28 Gordon, Huxter/Captain's Time
9.36 Cook, Laffond/Glass, Hawkings
9.48 Harrison, Beith/J. Young/Kenny
9.56 Snow, Andrews/Camp., Mrs. Burton
10.10 Willson, Davies/Hutchison, & Co.
10.20 Bowkers/Tistadt, Jr., Lovett
10.35 Ovadias, Howell, Stewart
10.40 Beveridge, Miss Ross/Banham, Col.
10.55 Faures, Bowdens/Forbes, M. Littles

Harold Bell Wright, whose classic of the Ozarks, "Shepherd of the Hills," has just been filmed in technicolour by Paramount, wrote five novels which sold an average of 1,000,000 copies each. One of them was "Shepherd of the Hills."

# Dolinsek-Miss Prince Take Lead in Ten-Pin Tourney

### General Reshuffle of Leaders Marked Last Night's Second Round Play of Mixed Doubles Championship

THE second round of the City Ten Pin Mixed Doubles Championship played over the American Club runways yesterday was marked by some brilliant kegling on the part of Dolinsek, who came within an ace of shattering the high triple mark of 686 set by Kleffel back in 1937, when he turned in a sheet showing singles of 224, 224 and 228 giving him a triple of 676. He was ably supported by his partner, Miss Prince, as a result of which the pair shot to the top of the standings with a grand total of 2,053.

As predicted in these columns, yesterday's play brought a reshuffle amongst the leaders as Mrs. Prince and Pote-Hunt took the runner-up berth lying 47 pins behind the leaders. The Hales, leaders of the opening round, dropped to third place, while Mrs. McDonnell and Hilden, last year's champions, are lying fourth.

Despiet a well-played second frame, which netted a single of 223, Gonsalves had to be content with sixth place as his partner, Mrs. Collaco, was dogged with bad luck.

Dolinsek was in great form. In the opening frame he had five strikes in a row to return a total of 7. In his second string he scattered the pins for six consecutive strikes which he maintained to the end. His partner had a snappy opening run of 179 which included five strikes.

Mrs. Prince, after a bad start, reeled off three strikes in a row followed by a series of spares giving her a single of 197. Her partner was not to be outshone for he cracked through a second frame single of 212.

The final round will be played next Tuesday at the Foreign "Y" when Gonsalves and Mrs. Collaco are expected to recover lost ground. If last night's trundling be any criterion the present leaders should have little difficulty in winning the Championship as Dolinsek is as deadly on the Foreign "Y" alleys anywhere else. However, the present runners-up are expected to give them a hard battle.

The scores in detail follow:—

| | 1st Rd. | | | | Grand Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Miss Prince | 368 | 179 | 153 | 129 | |
| Dolinsek | 548 | 224 | 224 | 223 | 2,053 |
| Mrs. Prince | 387 | 123 | 153 | 197 | |
| J. O. Pote-Hunt | 580 | 174 | 212 | 180 | 2,006 |
| Mrs. Hale | 451 | 123 | 172 | 166 | |
| Roles | 475 | 161 | 136 | 152 | 1,699 |
| Mrs. McDonnell | 497 | 135 | 168 | 165 | |
| Hilden | 476 | 172 | 167 | 191 | 1,971 |
| Mrs. Sobel | 398 | 162 | 153 | 140 | |
| Kleffel | 497 | 172 | 159 | 179 | 1,860 |
| Mrs. Collaco | 456 | 109 | 131 | 27 | |
| Gonsalves | 490 | 152 | 223 | 167 | 1,855 |
| Mrs. Swan | 420 | 120 | 197 | 149 | |
| Swan | 433 | 150 | 195 | 164 | 1,828 |
| Miss Picozzi | 313 | 156 | 129 | 130 | |
| L. C. Kew | 492 | 200 | 171 | 194 | 1,787 |
| Mrs. Bradley | 377 | 131 | 126 | 129 | |
| Chanturai | 497 | 143 | 197 | 156 | 1,756 |
| Miss Warmoth | 383 | 108 | 132 | 131 | |
| Dalton | 440 | 167 | 171 | 212 | 1,744 |
| Mrs. Boardman | 410 | 120 | 142 | 117 | |
| Marshall | 510 | 170 | 128 | 132 | 1,729 |
| Mrs. Hagnauer | 402 | 93 | 149 | 131 | |
| Holes | 475 | 161 | 136 | 152 | 1,699 |
| Mrs. Squires | 277 | 119 | 122 | 115 | |
| R. Squires | 539 | 157 | 160 | 203 | 1,692 |
| Mrs. Bojesen | 302 | 114 | 137 | 109 | |
| Butler | 522 | 190 | 159 | 159 | 1,692 |
| Mrs. Bowern | 357 | 107 | 127 | 106 | |
| Krause | 415 | 196 | 181 | 191 | 1,680 |
| Miss Dunn | 428 | 104 | 123 | 136 | |
| Pickup | 460 | 108 | 181 | 134 | 1,674 |
| Mrs. Eisenhut | 402 | 125 | 131 | 146 | |
| Eisenhut | 447 | 146 | 125 | 147 | 1,669 |
| Mrs. Schmid | 405 | 102 | 138 | 137 | |
| Schmid | 440 | 125 | 165 | 143 | 1,655 |
| Miss Wooten | 327 | 124 | 136 | 151 | |
| Gallop | 402 | 155 | 164 | 175 | 1,634 |
| Miss V. Jackson | 364 | 115 | 132 | 104 | |
| Bennett | 412 | 158 | 171 | 150 | 1,606 |
| Mrs. Aeschbach | 334 | 110 | 110 | 103 | |
| Aeschbach | 459 | 166 | 110 | 125 | 1,517 |
| Miss Nichols | 272 | 103 | 159 | 146 | |
| Taylor | 520 | 197 | 158 | 164 | 1,719 |
| Mrs. Kwok | 392 | 132 | 140 | 144 | |
| Xavier | 468 | — | — | — | 1,396 |
| Miss Melba Brewer | 231 | 69 | 63 | 60 | |
| Hebel | 452 | 179 | 156 | 154 | 1,364 |

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**CANIDROME RESULTS**

Thursday, March 6, 1941.

| Race | Placed-Dogs | | $5.00 Win F'cast Pool | Course D/Events $2 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 4 | 5 | 80.20 | |
| 2 | 4 | 6 | 118.40 | 49.20 |
| 3 | 5 | 6 | 47.80 | 33.20 |
| 4 | 5 | 4 | 25.90 | 14.50 |
| 5 | 1 | 4 | 112.80 | 35.70 |
| 6 | 2 | 5 | 65.10 | 116.40 |
| 7 | 4 | 5 | 287.60 | 98.60 |
| 8 | 4 | 3 | 85.40 | 53.20 |
| 9 | 6 | 5 | 63.90 | 12.60 |
| 10 | | | | |
| 11 | | | | |
| 12 | | | | |

**Last Night's Highest Dividends:—**

$5 Win Forecast Race No. 7 dog No. 4-5 Div. $287.60.

$2 Course Double Events Races 5/6 dog No. 1-2 Div. $116.40.

# Full Week-end Football Schedule and Officials

**Saturday**

1st division:—Lusitano v. Tung Hwa, Canidrome, 2.30 p.m., L. Chang. Line: P. Drossel; N. Fadeyeff; S.R.C v. A.S.F., R.G. 1, K. Beck. Line: F. C. Hale; H. A. Harrs; S.M.P. v. J.R.C., R.G. 2, A. C. Sinclair. Line: O. G. R. Beynon; A. H. Leslie.

2nd division:—Row. Club v. Unison, Aurora, 3.20 p.m., J. Chan.

3rd division:—Old West v. Y.T.T., Aurora, 2.00 p.m., Z. T. Loh.

**Sunday**

Special Match:—F. M. Schoolboys v. P.T.H., Schoolboys, R.G. 2, 1.30 p.m., J. Weaver.

Skottowe Cup Finals:—P.T.H. v. S.F.X., R.G. 2, 3.00 p.m., A. G. B. Carnell. Line: A. Hurry; J. Weaver.

Reserve division:—Tung Hwa v. S.M.P., Aurora, 2.00 p.m., T. H. Ho.

2nd division:—Parks v. Russ. Regt., Aurora, 3.20 p.m., S. U. Woo; 3 Cults v. Brit. Navy, Canidrome, 10.30 a.m., M. Rothschild.

# Week-end Soccer Teams

**S.R.C.**

Recs v. A.S.F. on Saturday at R.G. 1:—

Mousasticoff, Mingozzi, Greenberg, Jack, Honniball, Lee, England, Madar, England, Symons, Kapustin. Reserves: (G) Kessel, Novikov.

For a really nice time
THE WHITE HORSE
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10839

PARC DES SPORTS HAI-ALAI To-day 7.30

SHANGHAI RACE COURSE
2nd EXTRA RACE MEETING
To-morrw, at 1.30 p.m.

A PROGRAMME OF TEN FLAT RACES
From this day's Racing the Club will forward a donation to British War Funds.
CASH SWEEP TICKETS
All through chances for Sweeps on Seven Races at $20 each.
For further information regarding Sweeps apply to
A. W. OLSEN, 304 MOHAWK ROAD.
11263

3 SHOWS at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
SHOWING TO-DAY — SIMULTANEOUSLY!
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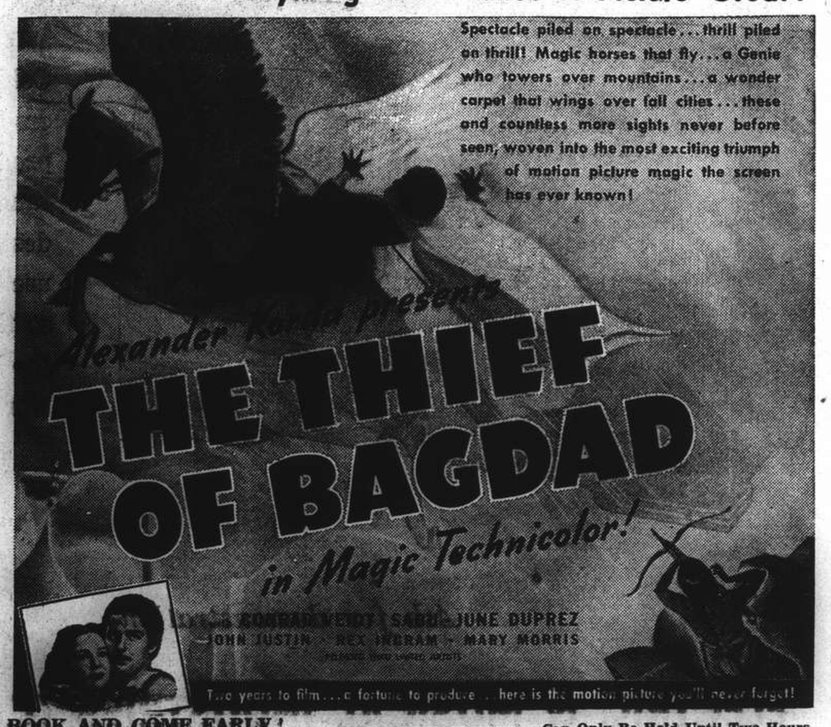

BOOK AND COME EARLY! Feature Starts Promptly on Time!
RESERVATIONS: Can Only Be Held Until Two Hours Before The Show Starts!
NOTE: 4 SHOWS TO-MORROW at 2 THEATRES—2, 4.30, 7 and 9.30
AND 5 SHOWS ON SUNDAY at 10.30 a.m., 2, 4.30, 7 and 9.30

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PERFECT! This story for these stars!

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VIRGINIA GILMORE · WILLIAM HENRY
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JOAN VALERIE · RITA QUIGLEY
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$1.50, $2.50, $3.50 $1.50, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50
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THE GOOD OLD DAYS ARE BACK AGAIN!
HISS THE VILLAIN OUT LOUD
It's that kind of a heart-rending drama... and a riot of fun for you!

The VILLAIN STILL PURSUED HER
featuring
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JOYCE COMPTON
RICHARD CROMWELL
BILLY GILBERT
MARGARET HAMILTON
DIANE FISHER
CHARLES JUDELS
An RKO RADIO Picture

# Estimates of Expenditures of Health Department Approved

### Increase of Seventy Per Cent. Over 1940 Budget Shown in 1941 Estimates; A Satisfactory State

AN increase of 70.52 per cent. over the budget of the previous year or a comparative adverse difference raised from $1,001,-560 to $1,706,830 is shown in the estimates for 1941 of the Public Health Department which have been approved for submission to the Finance Committee and the Shanghai Municipal Council. The initial budgetary position of the department was regarded as showing a comparative net increase over 1940 of only $452,000, but it became necessary for the preliminary estimates to be amended considerably. No provision was included for epidemics or emergency conditions.

Temporary high cost of living allowances for the foreign and Chinese personnel and the restoration of long leave on a modified basis for some employees, materially added to the original estimates of expenditure of the department. The satisfactory state of this compared to other departments is due to increases in fees and the transfer of revenue from markets. The report on the estimates among other things states:

"The Public Health Department estimates were considered by the Health Committee at a meeting on February 18.

**Extraordinary Expenditure**

In accordance with the usual procedure, the various items of Extraordinary Expenditure in the annual estimates for 1941 were classified in the two categories, I, those to which the Council is already committed or which are considered urgent, and 2, those for which, having regard to financial and other considerations, no appropriations should be made this year.

**Ordinary Expenditure**

"Net decrease $255,270 or 10.53 per cent. expenditure for 1941 originally was estimated to exceed that of the previous year's budget by approximately $1,441,550 and receipts were estimated at a comparative excess of $1,696,820 or a net comparative saving of $255,270 compared with the 1940 budget. This initial position arose from the adoption of important changes recommended by the Municipal Economy Committee following an exhaustive investigation of the organization and administration of the Health Department by a special sub-committee appointed for the purpose. There are, however, certain features which must be taken into account to enable a true comparison to be made with the budget for 1940.

"In effect, the treasurer reported, the initial budgetary position of the Health Department may more appropriately be regarded as a comparative net increase over 1940 of say $452,000. It has been necessary for the preliminary estimates to be amended considerably since they were presented by the Commissioner of Public Health. The temporary high cost of living allowances for both foreign and Chinese personnel were substantially raised in December last and the reinstitution of long leave on a modified basis for certain employees of European nationality has also materially added to the preliminary estimates of expenditure for 1941.

**Contributions, Grants-in-Aid**

Expenditure under this heading is customarily shown in the Health section of the Budget and the necessary provisions are included by the Treasurer as and when the various grants have received the approval of the Council.

"Although the ultimate cost of these grants cannot be determined with any degree of accuracy at this juncture, it is necessary for provisional estimates to be approved in principle pending specific consideration of the various sums eventually to be allotted.

"Subject to certain observations and amendments and to any necessary adjustment being made by the Treasurer in collaboration with the Commissioner of Public Health, the Annual Estimates of the Public Health Department for 1941 were approved for submission to the Finance Committee and Council.

# London Talk Seen Easing Tension

### Meeting Between Premier And Shigemitsu Expected To Clear the Air

Washington, Mar. 6.

The conversation which Mr. Winston Churchill had with the Japanese Ambassador, Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, in London on March 4, if only Tokyo jingoists listen to it, is expected here to do more than anything that has happened recently to reduce tension in the Pacific.

It is understood here that Mr. Churchill took advantage of the interview to express himself most clearly to the Japanese envoy on the British stand in the Far East and the intention to defend British territory and interests.

Mr. Shigemitsu is reported to have stressed that Japan did not want an extension of the war to the Pacific and did not threaten British interests.

Whatever the truth of that statement, it is understood that Mr. Shigemitsu was left in no doubt as to the consequences if those interests were threatened and it was made clear that Britain must and would be the judge of what those interests were and when they would be considered as threatened.

In other words it is for Japan to decide by whatever action she takes whether the war is to spread to the Pacific; moreover it is believed, according to one commentator here, that though it cannot be confirmed Washington was fully informed of what proceeded. Washington is in agreement with what Britain has done.

Meanwhile reports over the Indo-China conflict state that Britain more or less gave Japan a free hand in Indo-China, but this is doubted by some well-informed observers. Both Vichy and Thai having accepted Japanese mediation, none is expected to interfere with a settlement but if Japan takes advantage of the situation, as she is expected to do in order to establish herself firmly and formidably in the French colony, then Mr. Churchill's alleged statement that Britain must be the judge of her own interests will become very apropos, but it remains for Japan to decide how far she intends to go.—Reuter.

# Control of Materials Not Extending to P.I.

### Import-Export Law Does Not Include Islands

Washington, Mar. 6.

Officials here yesterday said licensing control of coconut, copra and other vegetable oils, announced on Tuesday by President Roosevelt, does not extend to the Philippines because the import-export law does not include the islands.

Trade experts said the United States was concerned with coconut oil shipments to Japan from the Pacific Coast, which in January totalled 23,000,000 pounds.

Mr. John B. Gordon, secretary of the bureau of raw materials of the Department of Commerce, said coconut and palm kernel oils are the heaviest glycerine yielding oils known. The United States had stocks, as of December 31, 1940, of about 300,000,000 pounds or a six months supply of coconut and palm kernel oil.

Such a stock, Mr. Gordon said, is "relatively small in view of the distance it must come and because of shipping problems. Present imports barely keep up with consumption."

Mr. Gordon recalled that during the World War glycerine was used as a base for propellants and that it is now used in plastics, soap, safety glass, vulcanizing and alcohol. —United Press.

# Mr. Hull Explains U.S. Far Eastern Policy

### Respect for Interests of Other Countries

Washington, Mar. 6.

Respect of national sovereignty, equality of opportunity and faithful observance of treaties are the basis of United States Far Eastern policy, it was reiterated here yesterday.

The United States Far Eastern policy, as expounded by Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, was explained by a spokesman for the State Department.

Mr. Maxwell Hamilton, Chief of the department's Far Eastern division, opening a local lecture series, read the statement by Mr. Hull.

"Regarding relations in the Far East as well as elsewhere," the statement said, the United States has two main ends in view—promotion and protection of legitimate American interests on a basis of respect for legitimate rights and interests of other countries and furtherance of peaceful and mutually beneficial relations among members of the family of nations.

"In seeking to attain these ends this country has favoured equality of opportunity, respect of national sovereignty and faithful observance of treaties as a basis of a really durable international order," the statement said.—United Press.

# Britain's Daily War Cost

London, Mar. 6.

The United Kingdom's supply service costs last week, mainly for the war, averaged £12,600,000 daily, compared with around £4,000,000 a day a year ago.—Reuter.

# Japan and Germany; Technique Same

### Chinese Correspondent in London Expresses Opinion

London, Mar. 6.

The inextricable connection of the Sino-Japanese war and the European war was the subject of a lecture at the Royal Central Asian Society last night by Mr. H. D. Lieh, London correspondent of the Central News Agency of China.

Like the Germans, he said, the Japanese preached they were the "herrenvolk" of Asia. The technique of the two nations was exactly the same. Having selected a victim for absorption, they goaded him by increasing persecution till he rebelled when they denounced him as guilty of provocation and annihilated him on the pretext of self-defence.

Mr. Lieh stressed the danger to Burma of the Japanese designs on Indo-China and Thai and the importance not only of strong British reinforcements in Malaya but of the Dutch East Indies' resolute resistance to Japan's obviously political demands.

Japan, he said, was already suffering acute privation of many essentials and could not risk further aggressive adventures which would inevitably involve war with Britain and America it boldly faced. His references to China's gallant resistance and her unequalled importance in exercising a check on Japan were warmly applauded.—Reuter.

# Fall to Death

Mexico City, Mar. 5.

Mr. Kokichi Suzuki, 30-year old employee of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, stationed in New York, died at a local hospital this morning from serious injuries sustained by a fall from the sixth floor of the Regis Hotel.

Mr. Suzuki was found lying in his pyjamas on the ground below his window by an hotel employee, and was rushed to the hospital where he succumbed. The young Mitsui employee had arrived in Mexico City from New York by air last night.—Domei.

# P.W.D. Perfects New Technique

### Making, Repairing Roads Independent of Basic Materials

The perfecting of a technique developed by the Public Works Department of the Shanghai Municipal Council for making and repairing roads independently of supplies of the basic road-making materials including broken stone and sand is mentioned in the 1940 report of the Commissioner of the P.W.D. which was released for publication yesterday. Normally almost 100,000 tons of these materials were purchased annually by the Council, but only small amounts were obtainable in 1938 and 1939 and no supplies of any consequence were received last year, everything of the kind needed having to be extracted from existing roads.

A total area of 5.605 mow was acquired during the year for road widening and extensions at a cost of $192,090 while Municipal properties disposed of last year realized $1,776,-880. The Council also sold two gasoline filling sites for U.S. $1,766.40. The resurvey of the Settlement according to the report, was completed in May, last year, the entire area being plotted to a scale of 50 feet to an inch. The Resurvey Section was disbanded at the end of May, 1940.

Among the most important road work of the year was the relaying of the double tram track on the Bund between Avenue Edward VII and Foochow Road. The wood blocks between tram tracks were replaced by sheet asphalt on cement concrete for a length of 930 feet at the expense of the Tramway Company. Roads constructed during the year with cement concrete include Nanking Road, east of Kiangse Road fronting Sincere Company; Yu Ya Ching Road, West freightroad, north of Burkill Road and Peking Road, east of Chekiang Road south side.

The report also states:

"The excessive concentration of heavy traffic on the roads of the Central and Western Districts which began to be felt in 1938 has continued to absorb much of the attention of the Department. The irontyred trolleys which are responsible for so much of the damage done to road surfaces increased in numbers during the year to more than 20,000 when any further increase was prohibited.

**Fewer Serious Floodings**

Where a road is now due for extensive repairs or reconstruction all the materials forming it are removed. The granite blocks from the foundation provide, after crushing, the different sizes of broken stone and the sand needed for the construction of a concrete road. This road, as it is now made on a base of cement-bound cinders, only requires about one-third of the materials obtained from the foundation of the former road, the remainder providing a stock available for other work. Similarly, the materials extracted from the road surface after washing, screening and sometimes crushing provide all the hard and bulky ingredients needed for making the dozen or more different types of wearing surface used locally.

The Highways Engineers, in collaboration with the Chief Chemist who controls the asphalt mixing plants and laboratory, have devised improvements in nearly all the processes used in modern road construction, and this year for the first time the Gas Company has supplied tar meeting all the requirements of a standard specification.

In such a congested area as the Settlement where it is not practicable, as it is in other big cities, to close the main roads for repairs, and where largely owing to the great number of excavations made by the Public Utilities repairs are going on at more than 100 places at a time, it becomes difficult to ensure that all the many different technical processes used in road-making are reliably carried out. This difficulty is increased when the processes to which all the foremen and workers have grown accustomed are changed. The special attention that has had to be given to this aspect of the practical work on the road has been so successful that the new processes are now being more reliably carried out than those regularly used for so many years, with the result that the roads as now constructed with materials salvaged from wornout roads have better wearing qualities than those made in easier times when unlimited supplies of new materials were available.

There were fewer occasions of serious flooding than in the previous year, but the rainfall on October 2 was, with one exception, the greatest ever recorded in one day since 1875, and this, in conjunction with one of the highest tides of the year, caused extensive floods lasting seven days. Some of the roads most affected by flooding—Jessfield Road, Tunsin Road and Amherst Avenue—have been reconstructed at a higher level. A new main drain was laid in Jessfield Road.

The river-front of the Bund Gardens which has been used since 1937 for emergency landing accommodation was restored to the Gardens, and mooring berths for the harbour craft using that front were provided elsewhere on the Bund."

# Panama Will Give U.S. Base Outside Canal Zone

Washington, Mar. 6.

Panama has agreed to grant the United States an air base outside the Canal Zone for defence of the Panama Canal, it was announced here yesterday. The United States has long been endeavouring to secure such a base from Panama.—United Press.

# Siamese Quadruplets

Bangkok, Mar. 6.

A 27-year-old mother has given birth to quadruplets, all boys, in the town of Petchaburi, and they will, in due course, be submitted to the care of the Premier.

The parents of the quads have been married eight years and have already two sons aged six and four respectively.

The first of the quads was born shortly after midnight, the second followed eight hours later, and the third and fourth within the next two hours.

The Governor and high officials of the District are looking after the welfare of the mother and quads.—Reuter.

# Final Report of S.M.C. Economy Committee

### Report Adopted at Council Meeting on March 5; Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee's Activities

THE final report of the Special Municipal Economy Committee was adopted by the Shanghai Municipal Council at its meeting on March 5. This final report includes the investigation into the expenditure of the Municipal Orchestra and the London and New York Agents, besides a final report of the activities of the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee.

The report follows:—

"The Municipal Orchestra and Band is one of the few cultural amenities supported by municipal funds. Having considered the accounts and seen preliminary estimates of the 1941 Budget totalling $378,540, we are of the opinion that the Orchestra and Band is organized on an economical basis and that if this amenity is to be maintained by municipal funds no reduction in cost can reasonably be expected.

"Only the ratepayers can judge the desire for such an organization, therefore we endorse the policy of the Council which we understand is to ask the ratepayers themselves to decide whether this organization should be maintained or not.

**London Agents**

"We note that this item of expenditure has received the Council's attention many times recently and that following the recommendations of a special committee in 1939 the fees payable to the London agents were considerably reduced as from January 1, 1940. If these agents are retained, their remuneration cannot be reduced further and as long as the Council has as many British pensioners and British employees as it has now, these agents are necessary. When this circumstance changes, it might be possible to discontinue the services of these agents and we recommend the Council to have this point in mind with a view to liquidating both the New York and London agencies at some future date.

**Sub-Committee's Report**

"The Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee concludes its activities with the presentation of this second brief report. The Sub-Committee's Interim Report, it will be remembered, dealt solely with the matter of increased licence fees, for the reasons, first, that licence fees afforded a field within which the Council and the Ratepayers had unquestioned powers by virtue of the clear provisions of the Byelaws and, secondly, it was regarded as urgent to provide additional funds from the beginning of the financial year 1941.

"In its initial survey of all of the sources of revenue available to the Municipality, it was noted that the taxable sources at present utilized by the Council did not go beyond Land Tax, House and Advertisement Rates, Licence and other Fees, Wharfage Dues, and Public Utility Royalties. The Sub-Committee's investigations of the Council's powers of taxation under the provisions of the Land Regulations had resulted in those powers being limited in practice exclusively to these sources.

**Powers of Taxation**

"The Sub-Committee did not feel itself competent to examine further into or in any way question the long-established interpretation of the Land Regulations in this regard, nor has it had an opportunity to subject this established interpretation to a scrutiny for the purpose of ascertaining its legal validity.

"The Sub-Committee considers that the Council should not be content to regard itself as irrevocably committed to past practice and usage, however long established, but should re-examine the powers of taxation conferred upon the ratepayers by the Land Regulations and Byelaws in the light of the present urgent needs for widening the fields of taxation in the interests of the Municipality's finances.

"With regard to Licence Fees, the Sub-Committee had time at its disposal sufficient only to review the Schedule of Fees actually levied. It was aware that certain licensable occupations—admittedly a very few—for which the licensing Byelaws make express provision, have not for reasons of policy in fact been subjected to the Council's licensing control. Moreover, the Sub-Committee took cognizance of the fact that the Council has in practice limited itself to licensing only those trades and occupations that are specifically enumerated in the Byelaws, and has regarded itself as being precluded in its own right from adding to the trades and occupations prescribed as licensable.

"The Sub-Committee considers that re-examination should be made of the existing policies whereunder certain trades and occupations whose licensing is provided for are in fact not licensed, and that the provisions of the licensing Byelaws should be reviewed with a view to the initiating of measures to increase the range of licensable, and therefore taxable, trades and occupations.

**Council's Powers**

"Having regard to the great importance to the Settlement's welfare of finding new sources of taxation, and therefore of investigating the needs as to the Council's powers and scope of taxation and licensing referred to in this report, the Sources of Revenue Sub-Committee considers that the Economy Committee should recommend to the Council the setting up forthwith of a Standing Sub-Committee of the Finance Committee of the Council to investigate and report upon these matters.

"The functions of the Revenue Office are varied and complex. Part of the work is financial, involving the collection of municipal revenue, the assessment of premises for rating purposes, and licensing; whilst other duties are of a non-financial nature connected with the Voting List, Election of Councillors, and Ratepayers' Meetings.

"A complete reorganization of the Revenue Office commenced in 1932 on its transfer from the Secretariat to the Finance Department. The main features of this reorganization were completed prior to the 1937 hostilities. Two major changes in organization have, however, been introduced during the past year, namely, the opening of Sub-Offices to decentralize revenue collections, and the replacement of Foreign Assistant Inspectors by Chinese Supervisors.

"Under the decentralizing process, nine Sub-Offices have been opened, one in each collection area, and substantial savings have thus been effected both in working time and locomotion expenses.

"Eleven Chinese Supervisors have been engaged to fill a similar number of posts previously occupied by Foreign Assistant Inspectors. Both of these changes have produced satisfactory results.

"The cost of collection has been lowered from 3.26 per cent. in 1931 to 2.55 per cent. in 1940.

"Our Sub-Committee has examined the present organization of the Revenue Office and is satisfied that its functions are performed in an efficient and economical manner."

# Empress Celebrates Birthday

Tokyo, Mar. 6.

Empress Nagako today celebrated her 38th birthday. Emperor Hirohito and Empress Nagako received congratulations from Field Marshal Prince Kotohito Kanin and other members of the Imperial family, and high court officials including Mr. Tsuneo Matsudaira, Minister of the Imperial Household, and Marquis Koichi Kido, Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal.—Domei.

# "Yomiuri" Urges Japan To Be Cautious

### Government Assailed for "Mediation Offer" Muddle

Tokyo, Mar. 6.

Scoring the government for the recent misunderstanding caused by Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka's message to Mr. Anthony Eden, British Foreign Secretary, the newspaper "Yomiuri" warned that, although this incident did not affect Japanese policies, the Foreign Ministry "should pay the greatest possible care" to its actions.

The paper asserted that if the government organs lacked a clear perceptive of the nation's policy, then the effect would "be terrible."

Pointing out that when both Britain and Japan failed to disclose Mr. Matsuoka's message it became subject to various interpretations with its contents twisted.

The "Yomiuri" declared that Japan's mediation proposal was taken by others as having been made with Germany's understanding, giving the impression to Britain that Germany was weakening.

Britain, taking this opportunity, attempted to prevent the Balkan nations from joining the Tripartite Pact, claiming that Germany was having internal trouble, the "Yomiuri" declared.

Although this incident ended as a "diplomatic episode," the "Yomiuri" asserted that the authorities "should give thorough attention to prevent such a mistake from happening again —Domei.

# Execution of Norwegians Disgusts Swedes

London, Mar. 6.

Stating that the sentences are "revolting, and can only evoke feelings of disgust and aversion," the Swedish newspaper "Social-Demokraten" reports that according to the Norwegian Telegraph Agency the execution took place early in February of three Norwegians condemned to death by a German military court in Bergen for espionage, on a charge of maintaining a secret wireless transmitter and sending information about German military dispositions.

It is feared that a similar fate awaits ten Norwegians who were recently sentenced on a similar charge at Haugesund, where a further 13 or 14 Norwegians are awaiting trial.—Reuter.

# Weygand Returns To France

### Sudden Trip Believed Due To Increase of De Gaulle Sentiment in Africa

Vichy, Mar. 6.

General Maxime Weygand, Commander-in-Chief of French Government forces in Africa arrived here yesterday by plane from Algiers.

His visit was surrounded with the greatest secrecy. It was the first time he had set foot in France in six months.

The purpose of the visit, it was said, was to consult personally with Marshal Philippe Petain on efforts to consolidate Government strength in north and middle Africa in the face of the fierce DeGaullist onslaught and the swing away from Vichy of the colonial army and civilians.—United Press.

**Darlan in Paris**

Vichy, Mar. 5.

Admiral Francois Darlan, the French Vice-Premier, today continued his conversations here with French personalities and the German authorities.

He is expected to be back in Vichy tomorrow.

The main object of Admiral Darlan's trip to Paris was to assure cohesion between the various branches of the French administration in the occupied and non-occupied areas of France.

The Admiral also conferred with the German authorities on certain economic problems of an urgent nature, particularly the wheat question.

France's principal wheat-producing Departments are in the occupied zone, and the situation is particularly serious in unoccupied France where present wheat stocks are insufficient, despite further consumption restrictions, to keep the population supplied until the next harvest.—Havas.

**Communists Arrested**

Clermoht-Ferrand, Mar. 5.

Reports of the arrest of Communist propagandists have reached here from several towns.

In Lyons, the police arrested six persons and charged them with spreading Communist pamphlets, while in Marseilles fourteen have been remanded in custody. A search in Marseilles resulted in the discovery of duplicating machinery for pamphlets. —Havas.


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20th Century-Fox Presents

"LUCKY CISCO KID"

with

Cesar ROMERO Mary Beth HUGHES

ADMISSION PRICES 80 cents, $1 $1.30

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"ELIZABETH and ESSEX"

Errol FLYNN Bette DAVIS Olivia de HAVILLAND

HERE THEY ARE:

TEDDY

?

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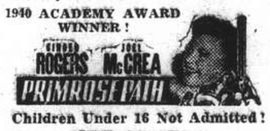


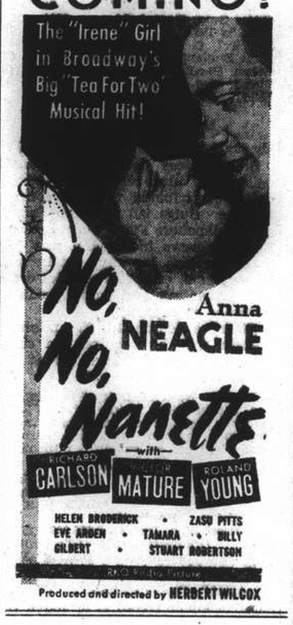

Children Under 16 Not Admitted!

Sunday Morning Show at 10.30 a.m.

Deanna Durbin Leopold Stokowski

"100 MEN AND A GIRL"

COMING!

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(BOOK 1—ROGERS' RANGERS)

SPENCER TRACY

AND CAST OF THOUSANDS!

ROBERT YOUNG

WALTER BRENNAN • RUTH HUSSEY

NAT PENDLETON

Screen Play by Laurence Stallings and Talbot Jennings

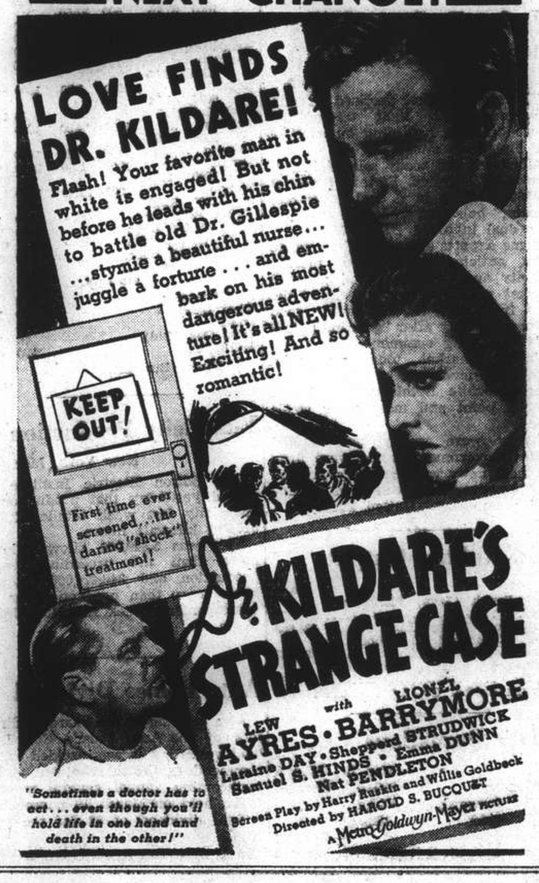
Produced by Hunt Stromberg • Directed by King Vidor

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture

NEXT CHANGE!

LOVE FINDS DR. KILDARE!

Flash! Your favorite man in white is engaged! But not before he leads with his chin to battle old Dr. Gillespie ...stymie a beautiful nurse... juggle a fortune . . . and embark on his most dangerous adventure! It's all NEW! Exciting! And so romantic!




"Sometimes a doctor has to act... even though you'll hold life in one hand and death in the other!"

Dr. KILDARE'S STRANGE CASE

with

LEW AYRES • LIONEL BARRYMORE

Lusaine DAY • Shepperd STRUDWICK

Samuel S. HINDS • Emma DUNN

Nat PENDLETON

Screen Play by Harry Ruskin and Willis Goldbeck

Directed by HAROLD S. BUCQUET

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture

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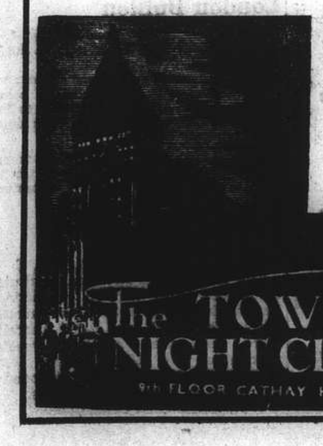
LARISSA ANDERS

AND

MIKE GOLDSTEIN'S ORCHESTRA

WILL ENTERTAIN YOU

ALL PROFITS WILL GO TO THE BRITISH WAR FUND

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Joel McCrea—Brenda Marshal

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Tender romance!... earthy humor!... colorful people!

HENRY FONDA

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# COMMERCE AND FINANCE

## Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

| | |
|---|---|
| £1 @ 3 11/16d. | $ 71.78 |
| U.S. $100 @ 5 1/16 | $1,839.06 |
| Yen 23 1/8 | $100 |
| Guilders 10 1/8 | 100 |
| Rupees 18 1/2 | 100 |
| Pesos 40 7/8 | 100 |
| Hongkong $22 1/4 | 100 |

Closing rates unchanged

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

| | |
|---|---|
| £1 @ 3 7/16d. | $ 69.81 |
| U.S. $100 @ 5 3/16 | $1,797.00 |
| London—demand, $= | 3 7/16d. |
| 4 months' sight credits | 3 13/16d. |
| 4 months' sight docts | 3 1/2d. |
| 6 months' sight credits | 3 1/2d. |
| 6 months' sight docts | 3 11/16d. |
| New York—demand, $100= | U.S. $5 3/16 |
| 4 months' sight credits | U.S. $5 3/16 |
| 4 months' sight docts | U.S. $5 5/16 |

Closing rates unchanged

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03 1/2 U.S. $1=59.48d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 3 13/16d. U.S. .....$5 1/2

Hongkong/London .....1/3

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders .....Selling 10 1/4

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,777.778 £1=$69.318

Selling U.S.$100=$1,839.080 £1=$71.775

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1

U.S.$ Selling „ @ 9 3/4 „ H.H.$100

Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 177 1/2 per H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.794

Gold Unit 1.00—CRB$ or Local $ $5.030

## Local Exchange Report

*Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson*

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| £ | Highest | 3 3/8 | Lowest | 3 3/8 |
| U.S. $ | | 5 1/2 | | 5 1/2 |

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

| Cash | | SELLING March/April | BUYING |
|---|---|---|---|
| £ | T.T. | 3 11/16 | 4 m/s. lc. 3 13/16 |
| U.S.$ | T.T. | 5 7/16 | 4 m/s. l.c. 5 7/16 |
| Rs. | T.T. | 18 3/8 | 15. d/s. 19 1/8 |

BAR SILVER

| | READY | FOR'D |
|---|---|---|
| London pence per std. oz. | 23 3/8 | 23 7/16 |
| N.Y. cents per oz. troy | 34 3/4 | — |
| Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas | 63.02 | — |
| Bombay offtake 75 bars | | |

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

| | |
|---|---|
| New York closing rate for Mar. 5 | 4.03 1/2 |
| Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close | 3.91 |
| Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close | 3.92 |

The market opened on the basis of the previous day's closing but buyers immediately showed interest at the opening rates of 3⅜ for sterling and 5½ for U.S.$. With a fair amount of business passing, there were buyers and sellers alternatively at this level throughout the day, but at the close, the under-tone was a shade easier with sellers at:—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 13/16 | sterling | 5 1/2 | U.S.$ | Cash |
| 3 13/16 | „ | 5 13/16 | „ | Mar. |
| 3 11/16 | „ | 5 13/16 | „ | Apr. |

## Foreign Money Rates

| London: | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Mar. 5. |
| Fine Bank Bills, | 3 months | | 1 1/16% |
| Bank Bills, | 6 months | | 1 3/16% |
| Fine Trade Bills, | 3 months | | 2 3/16% |
| Fine Trade Bills, | 6 months | | 3 1/16% |
| Call money | | | 0 7/16% |

| New York: | |
|---|---|
| Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months | 0 1/16%B 0 1/16%A |
| Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months | 0 3/16%B 0 3/16%A |
| Call money | 1% |

E—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

## Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Mar. 5.

**Bombay Rupee T. T. on:**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Japan | 81 1/8 N. | London | 1/5 13/16 |
| N. Y. | 332 3/4-332 1/4 | 2 mths | |
| Shanghai | 20 „ sellers | | 1/5 13/16 |
| Hongkong | 84 1/4 „ buyers | | 1/6 1/16 |
| | | Japan 2 mths | |
| | | „ sellers | 82 3/4 N. |
| | | „ buyers | 77 N. |

**London £ Sterling T. T. on:**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 402.50 | Bombay | 1/6 3/16 |
| Madrid | 40.00 | Hongkong | 1/3 1/16 |
| Berlin | 17.30 | Singapore | 2/4 3/16 |
| Bel. Congo | 176 1/2 | Yokohama | 1/2 1/2 |
| Shanghai | 3 3/16d. | „ buying | 1/2 |

**New York U.S.$. T. T. on:**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Berlin | 40.05 | Japan | 23.45/23.48* |
| Spain | 9.25 N. | Shanghai | 5.61 |
| Paris | 2.19 | Hongkong | 24.58 |
| Italy | 5.05 N. | Hungary | 19.75 |
| S'zerland | 23.30 | Rumania | 0.50 |
| „ free | 23.28 | Yugo Slavia | 2.30 |
| Sweden | 23.86 | Greece | 0.68 N. |
| Brazil | 6.05 | Finland | 2.05 |
| Montreal | 85.000 | Manila | 49.80 N. |

| | |
|---|---|
| London | 4.03 1/2 |
| Buenos Aires Paper | 29.78 |
| „ „ „ market rate | 22.93 |
| Montreal on London | 4.74 7/8 |

N—Nom. *—Offered.—Reuter.

## Market Declines, U.S. Steel Block Sold

Mar. 5.

The stock market declined irregularly today with light trading because of fears regarding outcome of the Bulgarian situation.

However, the ready sale of 203,127 shares of United States Steel at US$57 a share in a deal "over-the-counter" bolstered traders' sentiments. The deal involved US$11,578,239.

Some experts adopting a long range view, anticipated increased market activity and one predicted a good market until the average enters the area from 127 to 132 with good autumn activity after "growing pains" of the coming summer.

On the market today a special weakness developed in Westinghouse Electric while Bethlehem Steel lost over a point and most other steels eased.

Bonds were steady and United States Government issues were firm. Business news was generally favourable, however European news dominated the market.—United Press.

## Jan. Rubber Outputs

| | lb. |
|---|---|
| Anglo-Dutch (Java) Plantations, Ltd. | 166,227 |
| Anglo-Java Estates, Ltd. | 334,658 |
| Java Consolidated Rubber & Coffee Estates, Ltd. | 84,215 |
| Kroewoek (Java) Plantations, Ltd. | 114,839 |
| Ziangbe Rubber Co., Ltd. | 148,810 |

## Silver Quotations

| | Mar. 5 | Mar. 6 |
|---|---|---|
| London spot | 23 3/8d. | Unrecd. |
| „ forward | 23 7/16d. | „ |
| „ gold | 168/- | „ |

—Reuter.

## Shanghai Stocks

### Yesterday's Business

The undertone of the market yesterday was firm and slightly better, but any rise in price immediately brought sellers. The turnover was again small, but definitely more interest was shown all round. Rubbers were slightly firmer on the generally more optimistic feeling.

### Official Averages

| High | Low | | Today's Average | Change |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 562.56 | 105.32 | General | 285.19 | +3.07 |
| 485.40 | 95.55 | Rubbers | 270.93 | +7.80 |

Total 435,007 shares, 366 bonds.

### Morning Session

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| China Finance | 3000 | 1.30 | 1000 | *1.40 |
| 5000 | 1.36 | | | |
| Yangtsze Finance | | | 1000 | 15.80 |
| 1000 | *15.90 | 1000 | 15.90 | 9000 16.00 |
| 2500 | 16.10 | 500 | *16.10 | 2500 15.90 |
| 2500 | 16.20 | 2500 | 16.10 | 1500 *16.20 |
| 1000 | *16.00 | 2000 | 16.00 | 2000 15.90 |
| 1000 | 15.80 | | | |
| S'hai Loan | | 500 | 18.60 | 5000 18.80 |
| L. I. Trust | | 1500 | 23.00 | 500 *22.75 |
| 3000 | 22.75 | 500 | 22.50 | 10000 *23.00 |
| 6000 | 23.00 | 2000 | 23.25 | 2000 *23.25 |
| 3500 | 23.00 | 9500 | 22.75 | 500 *22.75 |
| S'hai Securities | | 6500 | 5.85 | 8000 5.80 |
| 500 | *5.85 | 500 | 5.80 | |
| China Realty | | | | 2500 8.90 |
| S'hai Land | | 3500 | 11.80 | 3500 11.90 |
| 500 | *11.80 | 7000 | 12.00 | |
| Dockyards | | 1200 | *27.00 | 3100 27.25 |
| 200 | 27.50 | 300 | *27.25 | 2700 27.00 |
| 100 | *26.75 | 100 | 26.75 | 200 *27.00 |
| 1300 | 27.00 | 4200 | 27.25 | 100 *27.00 |
| 1700 | 27.00 | 400 | *26.75 | 600 26.75 |
| Ewo Brewery | | 2500 | 7.60 | 500 *7.60 |
| 1000 | 7.65 | 1000 | *7.65 | 1500 7.60 |
| Wheelock | | 3000 | 92.50 | 600 93.00 |
| 200 | 92.00 | 4300 | 92.50 | 400 *93.00 |
| 1400 | *92.50 | 100 | *92.00 | 700 *92.50 |
| 800 | 92.50 | 600 | *93.00 | 3200 93.00 |
| 600 | 93.50 | 300 | 94.00 | 400 *94.50 |
| 2900 | 94.50 | 2600 | 94.00 | 600 *94.50 |
| 100 | *94.00 | 600 | *95.00 | 400 95.00 |
| 2400 | 94.50 | 100 | *94.00 | 900 94.50 |
| 100 | *94.50 | 1800 | 94.00 | 100 *94.00 |
| 3100 | *93.50 | 1500 | 93.50 | 1100 93.00 |
| Ewo Mills (Ord) | | 4300 | 41.00 | 2900 41.25 |
| 1900 | *41.00 | 2200 | 40.75 | 300 *40.75 |
| 3000 | 41.00 | 1200 | 41.25 | 3000 41.50 |
| 200 | *41.50 | 2500 | 41.75 | 4300 41.50 |
| 3500 | 41.25 | 1500 | *41.50 | 400 *41.00 |
| 1600 | 41.00 | 1400 | 40.75 | 100 *40.75 |
| 500 | 40.50 | 200 | 40.75 | |
| Central Prop. | | | | 500 17.80 |
| Textile | | 3000 | 8.90 | 1500 8.85 |
| Worsted | | | | 1000 5.55 |
| Tram (Bearer) | £1 | | | 200 44.75 |
| C. G. Omnibus | | 700 | 16.50 | 200 16.60 |
| 700 | 16.50 | 200 | 16.60 | |
| Telephone | | 100 | 35.75 | 100 35.50 |
| 200 | *35.50 | 700 | 35.25 | 100 35.00 |
| 200 | *35.25 | | | |
| S'hai Gas (Old) | | 500 | 15.90 | 100 16.00 |
| 200 | *15.90 | 500 | 16.00 | 100 15.90 |
| Lumber | | 3200 | 51.00 | 800 *51.00 |
| 100 | 51.50 | 600 | 50.50 | |
| Metal (Old) | | 100 | 31.00 | 200 30.75 |
| 500 | *31.00 | 600 | *30.50 | 1600 30.75 |
| 200 | 31.00 | 100 | 30.50 | 500 *30.50 |
| Metal (New) | | 1200 | 25.50 | 600 *25.50 |
| 1700 | 25.75 | 300 | *25.75 | 2700 25.50 |
| 200 | *25.50 | 200 | 26.00 | 1400 25.75 |
| 100 | *25.75 | 1500 | 25.50 | |
| Exploration | | 1000 | 23.75 | 3000 24.00 |
| 2500 | 24.25 | 500 | *24.00 | 1000 *23.75 |
| 1000 | *24.00 | 5000 | 24.00 | 1500 *24.25 |
| 6000 | 24.25 | 8500 | *24.50 | 8500 24.25 |
| 3500 | 24.00 | 1000 | 23.75 | 500 24.00 |
| Power (Pref) | | 210 | 1300.00 | 70 *130.00 |
| 10 | 129.75 | 100 | *130.00 | |
| Anglo Dutch | | 1400 | 18.30 | 400 18.40 |
| 300 | 18.50 | 200 | 18.30 | |
| Anglo Java | | 1100 | *37.00 | 1900 37.00 |
| 300 | 37.25 | 300 | *37.50 | 500 *37.25 |
| 800 | 37.00 | 500 | 37.25 | 200 37.50 |
| 900 | 37.25 | 600 | 37.00 | 100 36.75 |
| Cheng | | 2000 | 0.73 | 1000 0.75 |
| Kroewoek | | | | 1000 2.63 1/2 |
| Langkat | | 900 | 26.00 | 1100 26.25 |
| 700 | *26.00 | 1200 | 26.00 | 200 *25.75 |
| 200 | 25.75 | 1100 | 26.25 | 200 26.50 |
| 800 | *26.50 | 500 | 26.25 | 900 26.00 |
| 300 | 25.75 | | | |
| Rubber Trust | | 500 | *9.65 | 500 9.60 |
| Senawang | | | | 1000 1.54 |
| Kelantan | | | | 1000 0.80 |
| Sua Manggis | | 2000 | 2.20 | 2000 2.17 1/2 |
| Tebong | | | | 2000 1.40 |
| Ziangbe | | 200 | 21.75 | 300 21.50 |
| 600 | 21.75 | 200 | 22.00 | 600 21.75 |
| Cathay Land | | | | 1000 *2.30 |
| Power 5½% Tael Debs. | | | | 23000 88.50 |
| Power 5½% Debs. | | | | 1000 88.75 |

ODD LOTS

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Telephone 6% Tael Debs. | | 100 | 95.50 |
| Yangtsze Finance | | 300 | *16.30 |
| Power (Pref) | | 3 | 130.25 |
| Worsted | | 25 | 5.45 |
| Ewo Mills (Ord) | 25 40.50 | 44 | 40.50 |
| I. L. Trust | | 250 | 23.00 |
| China Finance | | 500 | 1.20 |
| C. G. Omnibus | | 10 | 16.40 |
| Textile | | 20 | 8.75 |
| Telephone | | 20 | *34.75 |
| S'hai Loan | | 300 | 18.90 |
| Rubber Trust | | 200 | 9.35 |

### Afternoon Session

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Yangtsze Finance | 500 | 15.90 | 2000 | *16.00 |
| 2500 | 16.00 | 1000 | 16.10 | 500 *16.10 |
| 300 | *15.90 | 500 | 16.20 | |
| S'hai Loan | | | 500 | 18.80 |
| I. I. Trust | | 500 | *22.75 | 1000 23.00 |
| 2000 | *23.00 | 2000 | 23.25 | |
| S'hai Securities | | | 500 | 5.80 |
| China Realty | | 3000 | 8.85 | 1000 8.90 |
| S'hai Land | | 1500 | 11.90 | 500 12.00 |
| Dockyards | | 100 | 26.75 | 700 27.00 |
| 200 | *26.75 | 3500 | 27.00 | 700 *27.00 |
| Ewo Brewery | | | 500 | 7.60 |
| Wheelock | | 700 | *93.50 | 2200 94.00 |
| 400 | *94.00 | 1300 | *94.50 | 1000 94.00 |
| 2300 | 94.50 | 100 | 95.00 | |
| Ewo Mills (Ord) | | 1900 | 40.75 | 4000 41.00 |
| 100 | *41.00 | 300 | *41.25 | 300 41.25 |
| 300 | 41.00 | 500 | 41.25 | |
| Textile | | 1000 | *8.90 | 1000 8.90 |
| Worsted | | | | 500 5.55 |
| Tram (Bearer) | £1 | | | 300 45.00 |
| 100 | 45.25 | | | |
| C. G. Omnibus | | 100 | 16.50 | 400 *16.60 |
| Telephone | | 600 | 35.00 | 200 *35.00 |
| Lumber | | | | 200 50.50 |
| Metal (Old) | | 200 | *31.00 | 700 30.75 |
| 100 | *30.75 | 100 | 31.00 | |
| Metal (New) | | 400 | 25.50 | 2200 25.75 |
| 400 | *25.75 | 300 | *26.00 | 100 *25.75 |
| Kaiping | | | | 200 47.00 |
| Exploration | | | | 8500 24.00 |
| Anglo Dutch | | 1000 | 18.30 | 300 18.40 |
| 900 | 18.50 | | | |
| Anglo Java | | 700 | 36.75 | 300 37.00 |
| 1600 | 37.25 | 500 | 37.50 | |
| Chemor | | | | 10000 2.60 |
| Cheng | | 1000 | 0.74 | 3000 0.75 |
| Kroewoek | | 1000 | 2.65 | 3000 2.70 |
| Langkat | | 100 | 25.75 | 800 26.00 |
| 2500 | 26.25 | | | |
| Repah | | 5000 | 1.30 | 1000 *1.30 |
| 5000 | 1.32 | | | |
| Sua Manggis | | | | 1000 2.17 1/2 |
| Pahang | | 1000 | *4.50 | 1000 4.50 |
| 1000 | *4.60 | | | |
| Tebong | | 1000 | 1.40 | 9000 1.42 |
| Tanah Merah | | 1000 | 2.90 | 2000 *2.90 |
| 1000 | 2.95 | | | |
| Ziangbe | | 200 | 21.50 | 1100 *21.50 |
| 500 | 22.00 | | | |
| Union Brewery | | | | 500 12.00 |
| S. M. C. 5% Debs. | | | | 7000 78.00 |
| S. M. C. 6% 1940 | | | | 3000 *92.50 |
| Power 5½% Debs. | | | | 2500 88.50 |

ODD LOTS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ewo Brewery | 100 | 7.50 |
| S'hai Land | 200 | 11.80 |
| Textile | 400 | 8.95 |
| S'hai Gas (Old) | 70 | 15.80 |
| Millington | 250 | 6.00 |

*—Direct Business.

## Electricity Production

New York, Mar. 6.

The Edison Electric Institute reported yesterday that production of electricity last week totalled 2,825,510,000 kilowatt hours.

This was 5,349,000 kilowatt hours more than the preceding week's production and 346,474,000 kilowatt hours more than production for the corresponding week in 1940.—United Press.

## Auto Palace Dividend

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Auto Palace Co., Ltd., held yesterday it was decided to recommend to the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on March 19 payment of a final dividend of $2 for the year 1940.

## New York Stocks

### Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Mar. 5.

Dull and featureless conditions continued to be witnessed on Wall street today, with industrials generally finishing from fractions to about one point lower, while rails and utilities closed fractionally higher.

Trading today slowed down to a mere crawl, with operators clinging to the sidelines, awaiting developments in the Balkans, the passage of the Lend and Lease Bill and the next revision of the Federal tax structure.

The failure of the rally early in the session to convert a following, dampened sentiment, with the ensuing result of an easier tone and the market again settled down to a state of stagnation.

The volume of business done was very small, totalling only 290,000 shares.—Reuter.

### Dow-Jones Averages

| | High | Low | Close | Changes |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30 Indust. | 121.15 | 119.98 | 120.30 | —0.86 |
| 20 Rails | 27.63 | 27.32 | 27.51 | +0.14 |
| 15 Utilit. | 19.26 | 19.13 | 19.21 | +0.05 |
| 40 Bonds | —— | —— | 90.24 | +0.04 |
| 11 Commod. | —— | —— | 58.17 | +0.18 |

| Mar. 4 | 5 | | Mar. 4 | 5 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adams Exp 5⅞ | 5⅞ | Libbey O F | 35½ | 35 |
| Alg Lud 21 | *20¾ | Lockheed | 23½ | 23⅜ |
| Allis Chal 29 | 28½ | Loew's | 32 | 32⅜ |
| Alum Ltd *72 | *73 | Loft Inc | 18¼ | 18½ |
| Amer Can 84½ | 84 | Mack Trks | *26½ | 27½ |
| Am Cyan B 33½ | 33⅜ | Martin | 25⅜ | 25⅜ |
| Am F Pr 01⅜ | *01⅜ | McK & R | 25½ | *25½ |
| „ $7 pfd *15⅜ | *15⅜ | Mont Ward | 37⅛ | 36⅞ |
| Am Loco 13 | 12⅞ | Mountain | 3 | 3 |
| Am Metal 17⅞ | 17 | Nat Avian | 8⅛ | 8⅜ |
| Am Radtr 6⅛ | 6⅛ | Nat City B | *26½ | *26½ |
| Am R Mill 13⅜ | 13½ | Nat Dairy | 13⅜ | 13⅜ |
| Am Smelt 40½ | 39 | Nat Dist | 20½ | 21 |
| Am Sug R 14⅜ | 15 | Nat Lead | 15⅜ | 15½ |
| Am T & T 161½ | 160¾ | Nat P & L | 6⅜ | 6½ |
| Am Tob B 69 | 69 | Nat Sup | 5 | *5⅛ |
| Am Wtwrks 5⅛ | 5⅛ | N Y Cent | 12½ | 12½ |
| Anaconda 24½ | 23⅞ | Niag Hud | 2⅜ | 2⅜ |
| Atchison 22⅜ | 22⅛ | N A Avian | 14 | 13⅞ |
| Avian 3½ | 3⅜ | N Am Co | 15¼ | 15½ |
| Bald Loco 15 | 15 | N Pacific | 5⅞ | 6 |
| Balt & O 3⅛ | 3⅛ | O I Glass | 43 | 43⅜ |
| Barber 8⅜ | *8⅜ | Pac G & E | 26½ | 26⅜ |
| Barns Oil 8⅛ | 8⅛ | Packard | 2⅜ | 2⅜ |
| Bendix 35 | 34½ | Pan A Air | 12⅜ | 12½ |
| Beth Steel 76½ | 76½ | Paramount | 11½ | 11½ |
| Bliss 16⅜ | 16⅜ | Penn R R | 23½ | 22½ |
| Boeing 15⅜ | 15½ | Phil Pet | 36½ | 36½ |
| Borg War 18½ | 18 | P S of N J | 26½ | 27⅛ |
| Briggs 21⅜ | 21½ | Pullman | 23½ | 23½ |
| Budd Mfg 3⅜ | 3⅜ | Pure Oil | 7⅞ | 7⅞ |
| Can Pac 3⅜ | 3⅜ | Radio | 4½ | 4 |
| Case J I 46½ | 46⅜ | Reading | 13½ | 13⅜ |
| Celanese 23⅜ | 23⅜ | Rem Arms | *4⅜ | *4⅜ |
| Chase N B *30½ | *30 | Rep Avian | 3⅜ | 3⅞ |
| Ches & O 40½ | 40½ | Rep Steel | 19½ | 19 |
| Chrysler 66½ | 64⅜ | Rev C & B | 8½ | 8½ |
| Col G & E 4 | 4 | Reynolds | 32 | 31½ |
| Col Credit 30½ | 30⅜ | Safeway | 39 | *38⅜ |
| Com & S 0⅜ | 0⅜ | Schenley | 9½ | 9½ |
| Con Edis 21⅜ | 21⅜ | Sears Roeb | 72⅜ | 72½ |
| Cons Oil 5⅜ | 5⅜ | Shell U Oil | 11⅜ | 11⅜ |
| Cont Can 37½ | 37⅜ | Soc Vac | 8½ | 8½ |
| Cont Oil 17⅜ | 17½ | Sthrn Pac | 8⅞ | 8⅞ |
| Copld St 14⅜ | 15 | Sthrn Rly | 21½ | 20⅜ |
| Curtis Wr 8 | 8 | Spicer | *31⅜ | *31⅜ |
| „ A 26½ | 26⅜ | Std Brands | 6⅜ | 6⅜ |
| Deere & C 20 | 20½ | Std G & E | 0⅜ | 0⅜ |
| Dist Cpn S *16⅜ | *16⅜ | Std Oil C | 17⅞ | 18 |
| Douglas 71 | 71½ | Std Oil N J | 34 | 34 |
| Du Pont 144 | 143 | Stone & W | 6⅞ | 6⅞ |
| E P Lead 9 | 9½ | Studebaker | 6⅜ | 6½ |
| Eaton Mfg 32 | *31½ | Swift Int | 17⅞ | 18 |
| Elec A Lite 30½ | 30⅜ | Technicor | 9 | 9 |
| Elec B & S 3½ | 3½ | Texas | 35½ | 35½ |
| „ $5 pfd *52½ | *52⅜ | Tex Gulf | — | 35⅜ |
| „ $6 pfd 60 | 60½ | Timken | 32 | 31½ |
| Elec P & L 29½ | 29½ | Transamer | 4½ | 4½ |
| Flintkote *13½ | 13⅜ | Twr Cent | 6 | 6 |
| Gen A Tr 50½ | *49½ | Un B & P | 10⅜ | 10⅜ |
| Gen Elec 32⅜ | 32½ | Un Carbide | 65 | 64½ |
| Gen Motor 42⅜ | 42½ | Un Pac | 78 | 77⅞ |
| Gen Rly *12½ | 13½ | Un Air | 38⅜ | 38½ |
| Gen T & R 11½ | *11½ | Un A Lines | 12⅜ | 12½ |
| Glidden 13 | 12⅞ | Un Corp | 1½ | 1½ |
| Goodrich 13 | 12⅞ | „ $3 pfd | 25½ | 25½ |
| „ $5 pfd 59⅜ | *59⅜ | Un Gas | 0½ | 0½ |
| Goodyear *17 | 17⅞ | Un G Imp | 8½ | 8½ |
| Gt N I Ore 14 | *14 | U S Ind | *22½ | *23 |
| Gt N Rly 24½ | 23⅞ | U S Rub | 20⅜ | 20½ |
| Gt W Sug 23½ | 24½ | „ 8% pfd | 86½ | 87⅞ |
| Grey Cpn 11½ | 11½ | U S Smelt | 57⅜ | 57½ |
| Her Pow *69½ | 69⅜ | U S Steel | 57 | 56⅞ |
| Homestake 45½ | 45½ | Vanadium | 27 | 27⅞ |
| Int Nickel 24½ | 24⅜ | Vultee | 6⅜ | *6½ |
| Int Paper 12 | 12⅜ | Walworth | 4½ | *4⅜ |
| Int T & T 2½ | *2⅜ | War Br Pic | 3 | 3 |
| Johns Man 58 | 57 | West Elec | 94½ | 93 |
| Kennecott 32⅜ | 31⅞ | Woodward | *27½ | *27½ |

BONDS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amer. & For. Power | 54¾ | 55 |
| Australia Comm. | 58¼ | 60 |
| Balt. & Ohio "A" | 43 | 43 |
| Brazil (U.S of) 8% 1941 | 18½ | 18¾ |
| „ „ „ 6½% 1957 | 16¼ | 16⅜ |
| Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt. | 90⅛ | 90 |
| Erie 5s 1967 | 18 | 18 |
| Int. Tel. & Tel. | 44¾ | 44⅛ |
| New England Gas & Elec. | 63¼ | 63¼ |
| Sthrn. Pacific Co. | 46¾ | 46¾ |
| Stand. Gas & Elec. | 79½ | 79¼ |

*Bid. †Ex Div.

### Dow-Jones Summary

*By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz*

Stock prices declined irregularly on a light turnover today, with the dullness attributed to fears concerning the Bulgarian situation and renewed Japanese Far Eastern pressure. Business news included a new high in carloadings for any week since November 9, estimates of steel orders still increasing and mills producing virtually at capacity.

Effective March 1, $2 minimum margin will be required on shares selling below $8; shares at $2 and under must be fully paid.

Stocks:—National Dairy Products, ruling within three points of the lowest level for the past ten years, is attracting investors, because of stable earnings, good yield asd an excellent outlook.

STATISTICS

| | Week Ended 1/3 | Week Ended 22/2 |
|---|---|---|
| Electricity Production (Edison Elec. Inst.'s) | 2,826,000 | 2,820,000 |
| (kilowatt hours—000's omitted) | | |

Dividends:—American Rolling Mill—$0.35, payable on April 5 to stockholders on record as of March 15. American Cyanamid B—$0.15, payable on April 1 to stockholders on record as of March 12.

EARNINGS

| Stock | Period | 1941 | 1940 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Amer. Radiator | Yr. 31/12 | $0.70 | $0.34 |
| Amer. Rolling Mill | „ | 1.96 | 0.69 |

Wheat:—The market was a small and nervous affair, without trend. The average of private estimates for the Winter wheat crop is placed at 616,000,000 bushels.

Rubber:—There was good "spot" interest, but shipment offers were light and high. The market is advancing easily.

Hides:—Ruled quiet but firm.

Cocoa:—Presented a firm appearance at the advance, on dealer and speculative buying, despite heavy afloats due to apprehension over curtailment of the present availability of freights. The import markets, including pepper, are ruling strong.

Sugar No. 4:—Continued dull but steady.

Cotton:—Mills were buying against forward needs, due to the secretary of desirable spots.

## Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

| Mar. 6. | Bid Prices a.m. Closing | p.m. Closing |
|---|---|---|
| Atoks | .205 | .21 |
| Antamok | .05 X | .05 X |
| Baguio Gold | .14 X | Unq. |
| Batong Buhay | .0075X | .0075X |
| Big Wedge | .205 | .22 S |
| Coco Grove | .0625 S | .0625 S |
| Consolidated Mines | .0018 | .0018 |
| Demonstration | .05 X | .05 X |
| East Mindanao | .07 S | .07 S |
| I. X. L. | .225 | .23 S |
| Ino Gold | .05 X | .05 X |
| Itogen | .15 | .155 S |
| Mambulao Consolidated | .01 X | .01 X |
| Masbate Consolidated | .09 | .09 S |
| Mine Operations | .055 X | .055 X |
| Paracale Gumaus | .29 S | .28 S |
| San Mauricio | .30 X | .30 X |
| Surigao Consolidated | .185 | .185 |
| Suyoc | .09 | .09 |
| United Paracale | .14 | .145 S |
| Mindanao Motherlode | .1125 S | .115 S |
| Manila Hai-Alai | 6.80 | 6.80 |
| Benguet Consolidated (over the counter) | 3.40 | — |

Turnover (Morning Session) 27,200 Pesos.

Shares Index (Morning Session): 43.24.

S—Sales. X—Sellers.—Reuter.

## London Stocks

### Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Mar. 5.

Generally idle conditions prevailed on the London Stock Exchange today. After an irregular opening, there was some improvement on selective buying.

British gilt-edged securities hardened, while Kaffirs occasionally were supported.

Japanese issues closed better, as professionals sold dollar issues and bought sterling loans. Industrials were mostly not disturbed. Far Eastern banking issues ruled firm.—Reuter.

| | Mar. 4 | 5 |
|---|---|---|
| **U.K. LOANS** | | |
| 3½% War Loan (Red.) | £103⅜ | 103¾ |
| 3% Defence Loan | 101 1/16 | 101⅜ |
| **CHINESE LOANS** | | |
| 4½% Gold Loan, 1898 | 42 | 42 |
| 4½% Anglo-French Loan | 40—44 | 40—44 |
| 5% Crisp Loan, 1912 | 24 | 24 |
| 5% Reorg Loan, 1913 | 31 | 31 |
| 8% Stg. Notes, 1925 | 8—10 | 8—10 |
| 5% Honan Rly., 1905 | 14 | 14 |
| 5% Hukuang Rly., 1911 | 14 | 14 |
| 5% „ „ „ (Ger. Is.) | 12 | 12 |
| 5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly. | 12 | 12 |
| 5% S'hai-Nanking Rly. | 14 | 14 |
| 5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B. | 12 | 12 |
| 5% „ „ G. | 12 | 12 |
| 5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) B. | 12 | 12 |
| 5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) G. | 12 | 12 |
| 5% Canton-Kowloon Rly. | 11 | 11 |
| 5% Chinese Imp. Rly. | 47 | 47 |
| **JAPANESE BONDS** | | |
| 5% Sterling Loan, 1907 | 23½ | 24 |
| 6% Sterling Loan, 1924 | 25½ | 26 |
| **BANKS AND INSURANCE** | | |
| Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C. | 7⅞ | 8⅛ |
| H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.) | 73 | 74 |
| „ „ „ (Col. Reg.) | 75 N | 76½ N |
| Mercantile Bank of India | 11⅛ | 11⅛ |
| National Bank of India | 32½ | 32½ |
| Un. Ins. Doc. of Canton | 24 | 24 |
| **COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS** | | |
| Bristol Aeroplane | 10/3 | 10/3 |
| B'tish American Tobacco | 87/6 | 87/6 |
| Dunlop Rubber | 32/4½ | 31/10½ |
| Imp. Chem. Industries | 29/9 | 29/9 |
| United Steel | 21/- | 21/- |
| Woolworths | 51/2½ | 50/10½ |
| **MINES** | | |
| Chinese Eng & Min. | 17/- | 17/- |
| Chosen Corp. | 4/- | 4/- |
| Marsman Investments | 6/6 | 6/6 |
| Pekin-Syndicate | 1/6 | 1/6 |
| Sub-Nigel | 145/- | 145/- |
| Western Holdings | 9/3 | 9/3 |
| **MISCELLANEOUS** | | |
| Great Western Rly. | 32½ | 31¾ |
| Gula Kalumpong Rubber | 15/9 | 15/9 |
| London, Midland & Scot. | 11⅞ | 11⅞ |
| S'hai Elec. Construction | 12/6 | 12/6 |
| S'hai Waterworks "A" | 12 | 12 |
| Shell Transport & Trad. | 43/9 | 43/1½ |

N—Nominal.

## U.S. Commodities

### Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Mar. 5.

The cotton market early ruled steady but later turned firm as new crop months touched new high levels on heavy buying by mill interests and talk of a higher loan. Light selling and profit taking on the scale-up were encountered, while sales of cotton goods continued at a brisk pace, covering year end deliveries. At the close, quotations ranged from 2 to 12 points up from the previous final levels.

Raw rubber futures early advanced on trade buying, influenced by talks of a scarcity of future freights. Later, early gains were pared on hedge-selling and realizing. Shipment offers were light and at advancing prices. At the last callover, quotations were from unchanged to 14 points up.

After ruling firmer on a small mill demand and a slight reduction in private estimates of Winter wheat, the Chicago Wheat Pit edged off on profit taking, the disappointing action of securities and disturbing foreign news bulletins. At the final bell, losses from ¾ to 1 cent were recorded.

| New Yorw Cotton | | New York Rubber | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mar. | 10.44-45 +02 | May | 21.06-06 +06 |
| May | 10.42-43 +03 | July | (N.C.) |
| July | 10.36-37 +06 | | 20.55B-60A +14 |
| Oct. | 10.10-10 +11 | Sept. | (N.C.) |
| Dec. | 10.09-09 +12 | | 20.25-25 +05 |
| Jan. | 10.07 N. +12 | Dec. | (N.C.) |
| | | | 20.00 N. unc. |

| N. Y. Sugar No. 3 | | N. Y. Sugar No. 4 | |
|---|---|---|---|
| May | 2.22-23 unc. | May | 0.75-75½ —½ |
| | B/A | | B/A |
| July | 2.26-27 unc. | July | 0.78½-79 unc. |
| | B/A | | B/A |

| Chicago Wheat | | Chicago Corn | |
|---|---|---|---|
| May | 82⅜-82¼ —1 | May | 61¼-61¼ +¼ |
| July | 78½-78⅜ —¾ | July | 61-60⅞ —⅛ |

| New York Silk No. 1 | |
|---|---|
| May | 2.67B-68A +½ |

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

## British Commodities

### Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Mar. 5.

Prices in the rubber market today continued to rule firm on more outside buying.

**London Rubber:** Spot, buyers 13 9/16 +⅛; sellers 13 11/16 +⅛; Apl. del. buyers 13 11/16 +1⅛; sellers 13 13/16 +1⅛.

**Liverpool Cotton:** American Futures: Mar. 8.30 —1; May 8.31 —1; July 8.32 —1; Oct. 8.26 —1. Egyptian Futures: Giza, F.G.F. No. 7, No. 2 Contract, Mar. 11.08 +1; May 11.07 +1; July 11.03 +1; Nov. 11.05 +1.

**London Metals:** Tin, Standard, cash, middle price £266⅝ +1 1/16; 3 mths, middle price £266⅞ +2⅛.—Reuter.

## Local Commodities

### Yesterday's Prices

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton yn. 20's D.H. p.b, Cash | $1,360 |
| Tungchow cotton .. per picul | 224 |
| Shanghai cotton .. per picul | 208 picul |
| Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78% | $

## FROM DAY TO DAY

YESTERDAY was *Chien chieh*, the day of excited insects.

ANOTHER broadcast entitled "Uncensored News from Norway" will be delivered by Mr. K. A. Persen over XMHA, on Friday, at 9 p.m.

THE A.D.C., state that priority booking for the first performance of "Merrie England" on March 29, will open at Messrs Moutrie & Co. on Monday.

DR. Shuzo Sato, Director of the Shanghai Science Institute on Ghisi Road, will give a lecture on tuberculosis at the Central University at Nanking tomorrow, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

THE headmaster of the Cathedral School, Henry Lester Endowment, 39 Myburgh Road, will be "At Home" to parents and friends on March 13 and 14, from 4.30 to 6.30 p.m. Afternoon tea will be served, followed by inspection of the new premises.

THE home and garden section of the B.W.A. will meet today at Mrs. Lester Arnold's 272 Hungjao Road, at 10 a.m. (wet or fine). The talk will be on "Evergreens." Those requiring lifts should meet at the B'Well Road gate of the Cemetery at 9.30 a.m.

OWING to unavoidable circumstances, it has been found necessary to postpone the organ recital arranged in the Holy Trinity Cathedral for Monday until March 17. This will be the second recital in the series which are being delivered in the Cathedral in aid of the fund of the rebuilding of London churches.

MR. J. A. Alexander, the Press Attaché of H. M. Embassy in China, was at home to members of the press yesterday evening to meet Mr. R. H. Scott, the Far Eastern Director of the Ministry of Information, who is here on a visit from Singapore. The at home took the form of a cocktail party at 556 Avenue Haig.

THE National Refugee Relief Commissioner remitted on March 1, a sum of $1,000,000 to the Kwangsi Provincial Government to undertake rehabilitation work in South Kwangsi areas and for other relief purposes, says a Kweilin message to the "Cheng Yien Pao." The Kwangsi provincial authorities are drawing up plans for the distribution of relief funds.

THERE will be an exhibition of paintings and drawings by the New Zealand artist, Miss Gytha Owen, in the banqueting room of the Metropole Hotel from March 14 to 18. The exhibition is under the patronage of H.B.M. Consul-General, Mr. A. H. George, Lady Maze, Lady Noble, Madame Boissevain, Madame Basset and Mr. E. F. Stanton, and is in aid of British War Funds.

DR. John E. Baker, secretary-general of the American Red Cross Society in China and concurrently director of the China International Famine Relief committee, has been appointed, by the Chinese National Government, chairman of the Yunnan-Burma Highway committee, reports the "Sin Wan Pao." Before Dr. Baker can take up his new duties, the appointment has to be approved by the American Red Cross, the report adds.

THE strike situation in the Settlement remained at a standstill yesterday, no new troubles being reported. The oldest dispute, that at the Vienna Knitting Factory in Jansen Road, continued, without any change whatever. The strike started more than a week ago when the management refused to accept the employees' demands for more pay. Meanwhile, Chinese drivers of seven garages were awaiting a reply to their representations for higher wages.

THE 12th annual dinner of business and professional women and girls will be held at the Navy Y.M.C.A., 630 Szechuen Road, on March 11, from 6 to 9 p.m. Tickets, which should be bought by Monday at latest, may be obtained from the Y.W.C.A. International Branch, 323 Moulmein Road (tel. 30267), Chinese Y.W.C.A. (tel. 34924), B.W.A., Miss Bugaeff of the W.S.S. Foreign Y.M.C.A., and officers of "The Keys," "The Live Y'ers," Y.W.C.A., Chinese Business Girls Club.

LIEUT. W. G. T. Howe of the Light Automatic (A.D.) Company, S.V.C., is leaving tomorrow to join the Indian Army. During the Great War he was attached to the Royal Engineers and saw service in Mesopotamia, North-West Persia and Kurdistan during the 1919/20 insurrection. Yesterday he was entertained at a tiffin party at the "Cockpit," when Capt. H. V. Gulston made a presentation and wished him "Bon Voyage," on behalf of the Light Automatic (A.D.) Coy.

LIEUT.-COLONEL Harushige Iwasaki and Colonel Takeo Imai, new and outgoing chiefs respectively of the Press Section of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces to China, were interviewed by Japanese pressmen at the New Asia Hotel on Wednesday evening, according to local Japanese papers. Prior to this meeting, the two officers, together with Lieut.-Colonel Kunio Akiyama, chief of the Press Section of the Japanese forces in the Shanghai area, paid courtesy visits to the offices of the "Shanghai Mainichi" and the "Tairiku Shimpo."

## Vessels Discharging

TEUCER. from Liverpool. Cargo ex this vessel has arrived from Hongkong per Taiyuan. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading in exchange for local Delivery Orders and take delivery of their cargo as soon as possible. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire Agents. 2-3

## Men-of-War in Port

| Name | Flag | Type | Berthed |
|---|---|---|---|
| Luzon | Am. | Gbt. | B.N.B. |
| D de Lagree | Fr. | Gbt. | K.S.D. |
| Fren. Garnier | Fr. | Gbt. | F.N.B. |
| E. Carlotto | Itl. | Gbt. | 1-2 B. |
| Lepanto | Itl. | Gbt. | 1-2 B |

## SHIPPING NEWS

The ss. **Hakone Maru**, of the N.Y.K., sailed for Yokohama and way ports yesterday morning from the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company's Pootung Wharf.

* * *

The ss. **Kobe Maru**, shuttle steamer of the Toa Kaiun Kaisya, entered harbour yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, when she docked at the company's Wayside Wharf. The vessel is due to sail again for Nagasaki direct this morning at 8.30, with mail and passengers.

* * *

The **Kindia**, fast French freighter of the Messageries Maritimes Company, is due to enter port from Saigon and Haiphong on Sunday morning at about 8 o'clock, when she will tie up at the Old Ningpo Wharf, Shanghai side. The steamer brings a large shipment of Indo-China rice for discharge here.

* * *

The ss. **President Pierce**, luxury liner of the American President Lines fleet, is due to arrive here from Manila and Hongkong on Sunday morning, when she will tie up at the lower buoys 12 and 13. Passengers will disembark by tender, arriving at the Customs Jetty at 10.30 a.m. The liner will stay here for some 24 hours continuing her trip to America on Monday morning at about 10.30, a.m. The last tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 7.45 p.m. for the steamer. En route to Los Angeles the vessel will call at Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco.

* * *

The ss. **Tsingtao Maru**, of the D.K.K., operating on the Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen run, arrived in port yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, berthing alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf. The liner, which carries mail and passengers, is scheduled to sail on her return trip to the Northern ports tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. Registered and ordinary mail for the ship will be closed at the Post Office at 8 o'clock tonight and 7.15 tomorrow morning, respectively. Outgoing passengers are requested to embark from the wharf direct at least half an hour before sailing time.

## Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

### AMERICA AND JAPAN

| From New York | | From Honolulu | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Vincent | — 8/3 | Yawata M | 5/3 24/3 |
| Dona Nati | — 15/3 | **From Manila** | |
| P Grant | — 25/3 | P Pierce | 2/3 9/3 |
| Hokkai M | — 25/3 | Nitta M | 8/3 13/3 |
| P Jackson | — 26/3 | **From Yokohama** | |
| **From Los Angeles** | | Onoe M | — 9/3 |
| K'kura M | 10/2 10/3 | K'kura M | 1/3 10/3 |
| Yawata M | 24/2 24/3 | **From Kobe** | |
| **From Seattle** | | Taiyo M | 8/3 10/3 |
| Satartia | 15/2 9/3 | **From Nagasaki** | |
| C'brook | 20/2 19/3 | S'hai M | 7/3 8/3 |

### CHINA PORTS

| From Dairen | | From Hongkong | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Hoten M | 7/3 9/3 | P Pierce | 7/3 9/3 |

## Vessels Sailing

### NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

### SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund Tel. 15290.

J.C.J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA and NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS.—For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Telephone 16247.

### AMERICA

VENICE M. Mar. 16. NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE Via LOS ANGELES and SAN FRANCISCO. For Freight please apply to Showa Shipping Co., Ltd., 130 Hankow Road, Tel. Nos. 18650 and 16118. 16-3

### SUEZ CANAL PORTS

U.S.A. Sailing to SUEZ CANAL PORTS, on or about March 14. For Freight please apply to Union Steamship Agency, 51 Canton Road, Telephone 11706. 14-3

### INDIAN PORTS

U.S.A. Sailing to BOMBAY and KARACHI, on or about March 14. For Freight please apply to Union Steamship Agency, 51 Canton Road, Telephone 11706. 14-3

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

| For Capetown | | For Manila | |
|---|---|---|---|
| P Jackson | 20/3 | Kamakura M | 11/3 |
| P Grant | 26/3 | Satartia | 12/3 |
| | | Dona Nati | 17/3 |
| | | Coldbrook | 21/3 |
| **For New York** | | Yawata M | 25/3 |
| Dona Nati | 17/3 | P Grant | 26/3 |
| P Jackson | 20/3 | P Jackson | 27/3 |
| Hokkai M | 26/3 | **For Hongkong** | |
| P Grant | 26/3 | Satartia | 12/3 |
| | | Dona Nati | 17/3 |
| **For Los Angeles** | | P Grant | 26/3 |
| P Pierce | 10/3 | P Jackson | 27/3 |
| Nitta M | 14/3 | **For Yokohama** | |
| Dona Nati | 17/3 | Nitta M | 14/3 |
| Kamakura M | 21/3 | Kamakura M | 21/3 |
| P Taft | 22/3 | Haruna M | 21/3 |
| Hokkai M | 26/3 | **For Kobe** | |
| P Grant | 26/3 | Taiyo | 14/3 |
| Yawata M | 4/4 | **For Nagasaki** | |
| | | Kobe M | 7/3 |
| **For Seattle** | | Shanghai M | 9/3 |
| Satartia | 12/3 | Nagasaki M | 15/3 |
| Coldbrook | 21/3 | **For Dairen** | |
| | | Tsingtao M | 8/3 |
| | | Hoten M | 11/3 |
| | | Dairen M | 13/3 |

## Yesterday's Arrivals

| Name | From | Consignees |
|---|---|---|
| Myoko M. | Japan | T.K.K. |
| Hukuken M. | Keelung | T.K.K. |
| Kobe M. | Japan | T.K.K. |
| Meisoa | Hupukow | S.V.O.C. |
| Meiyo | Hsinkong | S.V.O.C. |
| Tsingtao M. | Dairen | D.K.K. |

## Yesterday's Departures

| Name | Flag | Despatcher |
|---|---|---|
| Hengshan M. | Jap. | T.K.K. |
| Lushan M. | Jap. | T.K.K. |
| Taihan M. | Jap. | T.K.K. |
| Hakone M. | Jap. | N.Y.K. |

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SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| ss. TSINGTAO MARU .. | (Arrive) Mar. 6 | (Leave) Mar. 8 | at 9 a.m. |
| ss. HOTEN MARU .. | Mar. 9 | Mar. 11 | at 11 a.m. |
| ss. DAIREN MARU .. | Mar. 11 | Mar. 13 | at 9 a.m. |
| ss. TSINGTAO MARU .. | Mar. 14 | Mar. 16 | at 9 a.m. |

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)
ss. PEKING MARU ..... Mar. 10 at 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE (Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... Mar. 10
ss RYOGA MARU ..... (Direct to Tsingtao) Mar. 9

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Next sailings
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2nd WEEK IN MARCH
1st WEEK IN APRIL
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## TRAVEL AND SHIPPING


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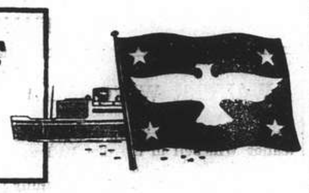

SS. PRESIDENT PIERCE
Due Shanghai SUNDAY, March 9
**Passengers are expected at Customs Jetty at 10.30 a.m.**
**Sailing for SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.**
**Last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 7.45 p.m. on MONDAY, March 10.**
***Visitors Not Allowed Aboard Steamers***

TRANS-PACIFIC: Via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

| | |
|---|---|
| PRES. PIERCE | Mar. 10 |
| PRES. TAFT | Mar. 22 |
| PRES. CLEVELAND | Apr. 5 |
| PRES. COOLIDGE | Apr. 22 |

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| | |
|---|---|
| mv. DONA NATI | Mar. 17 |
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| A Vessel | Second Half April |
| mv. DONA ANICETA | May 6 |

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## Houses and Land

SALE, 8, 5 roomed houses, French Concession. U.S. title. $260,000 nett. Box 1777, NCDN. -3467

HUNGJAO Road, 2 lots of land for sale, area mow 3¾ and 10 respectively. A bungalow on 10-mow lot. Price reasonable. Address Box 1779, NCDN. -3472

THREE-flat house for sale with land. Each flat two big rooms, one small room, one bathroom, one kitchen. Price $67,000. Apply personaly to Dah Ching Realty Co., 281 Nanking Road. -3449

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THE merchants' association wants to purchase property such as lots of land, apartments, mansions, terraces, etc. Willing to pay a good price. Apply to Box 1740, NCDN. -3388

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## Furnished Houses

TUNSIN Road, five rooms, three bathrooms, areola heating, garage, garden; part furniture to be taken over. Telephone 21675. -3413

FURNISHED house, western district, seven rooms, three bathrooms, usual servants quarters, garage, greenhouse, garden, available for six months from about 20th March. Apply Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 11252

## Furnished Apartments

TO LET, to a responsible party, a five-roomed, entirely-furnished apartment de luxe, two bathrooms, roof-garden, etc., Centre of French Concession. Furniture to be taken over. Apply A. Leonard P. Veysseyre. Architects, 461 Avenue Joffre. 11050

TO LET, flat, nicely-furnished, two or three rooms, two private baths, garden, 600/1 Avenue Haig, Continental Court. -3365

IN private house, 3½ rooms, furnished, separate bathroom, kitchen, western district, available immediately, $300, monthly including rates. Box 1747, NCDN. -3405

TO LET, extremely attractive four-roomed apartment. Best part French Concession. No key-money. Furniture including frigidaire, radio to be taken over at US$300. Address Box 1755, NCDN. 11262

IN FRENCH Concession: 3-room apartment, bathroom, kitchen, telephone for sale. No brokers. Rent about $300. Box 1725, NCDN. -3316

FOUR roomed apartment, completely furnished. French Concession. Reply Box 1729, NCDN. -3356

## Unfurnished Apartments

UNUSUALLY bright 3-roomed apartment for approved tenants only. Large rooms, kitchen and bathroom. Rent $350. de Becker Law and Estate Offices. Telephone 15633. 11281

TO LET, desirable apartments, flats, houses, rooms, furnished/unfurnished, offices, shops. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -3475

FOR immediate occupation. One five-roomed apartment with three bathrooms, and one nine-roomed apartment with four bathrooms, in one of the finest apartment buildings, western district. Rent includes heating, hot and cold water. Municipal taxes. Apply to Metropolitan Land Co., Ltd., 17 The Bund. Telephone 15455. 11291

AVAILABLE April 1, attractive three-roomed apartment in Concession. Apply personally: Asia Realty Company, 110 Szechuen Road. 11288

SOUTH three roomed flat, good surroundings, settlement, $350. Telephone 60121 between 11-12 only. -3325

SETTLEMENT. Redecorated three-roomed apartment. Long lease. Reasonable terms. Apply personally. Shanghai Realty Co. -3288

GROSVENOR HOUSE, a 3-roomed apartment available for rent. Apply: The Cathay Land Co., Ltd., 3rd floor, Sassoon House, telephone 11430. 11119

VERY attractive five and two roomed apartments. Public roof garden. Balconies. Hot, cold water, steamheating, refrigerators, all modern conveniences. Immediate occupation. Apply 745 Yu Yuen Road. -3233

## Offices, Shops, Godowns

MODERN godown space to let near French Bund, Telephone 83873. -3431

GODOWN space, approximately 2,000 sq. ft. to sublet on third floor of godown on Chaofoong Road, near Broadway. Telephone 12630. 11266

WANTED large offices, 4,000 square feet or more, Bund or vicinity. Communicate Chung Hua Lines, M. M. Building, telephone 88797. -3310

PART of shop to let for knitting accessories. 1182 Bubbling Well Road. telephone 35471. -3375

FOREIGN firm requires office space central district preferable with phone. Post Office Box 346 or telephone 14485. 11254

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## Personal

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## Wanted to Rent

RESPONSIBLE Englishman requires apartment, two bathrooms. State rent and particulars to Box 1770, NCDN. -3449

WANTED: Elderly British lady requires single room with full board, private bath if available. Vicinity Bubbling Well or French Concession. Replies to Box 1771. NCDN. -3434

BRITON requires furnished single room, board. Preferably house with garden. Address Box 1764, NCDN. -3439

WANTED to rent, six-roomed house, apartments, flats. Willing to buy furniture. Bubbling Well, Seymour, King Albert. Address 175 Seymour Road, House 6. -3436

FURNISHED house, garden, garage, Concession or Settlement, required by English couple, no children, from March 31. Box 1768, NCDN. 11273

WANTED three roomed house or flat with kitchen, bathroom. Vicinity Race Course, end of March. Please state terms. Box 1742, NCDN. -3398

ONE-ROOMED apartment, furnished or unfurnished, central or Race Course districts. Address Box 1753, NCDN. -3423

## Rooms Without Board

TWO well furnished rooms, south, private bathroom, kitchen, lift, light, telephone and heating in modern four roomed apartment. French Concession. Telephone 70634. 11290

TO LET, large room, all conveniences, immediately or later. No key money. 403 Roi Albert corner Lafayette. 11283

TWO large, very comfortable rooms to let. Telephone 78064. -3403

BEAUTIFUL, large, southfacing, furnished one/two rooms, balcony, attached bath, 7th floor. Avenue Joffre. Telepphone 73469. -3477

TO LET, one room with private bathroom. Avenue Petain. Telephone 75146. -3267

ROOMS, flat, to let. With all conveniences. Low rents. 37/107 Brenan Road, near Jessfield Park. -3460

LARGE, furnished room, modern conveniences, steamheating, single persons only (no refugee). Route Vallon, near Astrid Apartments. Particulars telephone 41003 (10-1 and 5-8). Box 1776, NCDN. -3466

TO LET, well-furnished room facing south, in private family, bachelors only. Apply 96 Rue Marcel Tillot, Apartment 4, telephone 85229. -3471

MEDIUM-SIZED, furnished room, steamheated, all conveniences. Board optional. 1522 Bubbling Well, House 14. -3400

BIG room with enclosed verandah, or two-roomed flat, in modern apartment, 314 Hardoon Road, House 3, Apartment 210. -4237

FOR single person. French Concession, modern flat facing south. Chinese lady preferred. Rent $150 monthly. State nationality. Apply Box 1762. NCDN. -3435

BIG, well-furnished room, verandah, box-room, all conveniences, in modern apartment-house near the Bund Box 1766, NCDN. -3443

BEAUTIFULLY-furnished room, modern conveniences. Can be taken at once. 1920 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 112. -3424

FURNISHED room in nice detached house, all conveniences. Single person preferred. 695/1 Route Sieyes. -3333

ENGLISH family has comfortably furnished attic room to let. Two cupboards, communicating private bathroom. Garage. Breakfast if desired. Tunsin Road district. Allied nationals only. Address Box 1730, NCDN. 11243

AMERICAN home, flat: two front rooms, two baths, verandah. Breakfast optional. No refugee. Telephone 72425. -3344

ROOM to let for single person. Apply Telephone 35471 or 1182 Bubbling Well Road. -3374

ROOM to let, for single man in apartment house with all modern conveniences. 189 Route Remi, telephone 72704. -3377

## To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before March 11, 1941, after which date they will be destroyed.
Nos. 330, 329, 900, 943, 976, 1014, 1025, 1060, 1075, 1076, 1077, 1103, 1109, 1116, 1131, 1132, 1142, 1171, 1226, 1227, 1258, 1273, 1303, 1308, 1320, 1325, 1364, 1375, 1415.

## Rooms with Board

$280. FURNISHED southfacing room with balcony, bath and full board available. Telephone 74228. -3440

12 Pacific Gardens, Seymour Road. Double/single room facing south, private bathroom. Telephone 30376. -3408

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double room, private bathroom, garden. Telephone 35534. -3345

THE VILLAS, 969 Avenue Foch. Desirable south, double room available, large garden, garage, good food. Telephone Manageress, 75433. -3256

TWO-ROOMED flat or separately, private bathroom, verandah, garden. Board optional. 5 Kelmscott Gardens, Avenue Albert. -3362

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THREE-STORIED garden residence on Columbia Road, near Great Western Road. Two bathrooms, seven large rooms, moderate rent. Apply 1454 Avenue Edward VII, Room 410. -4476

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70 Amherst Avenue. 95 Amherst Avenue. 131 Columbia Circle. Exceptionally desirable residences available immediately. Agents: Asia Realty Company, 110 Szechuen Road, telephone 18770. 11287

426 Great Western Road, House No. 14. Foreign house consisting six rooms, 2 bathrooms, small garden, areola heating, garage and servants' quarters. Apply Palmer & Turner, Property Office, 17 Canton Road, telephone 15100. 11218

More Classified Ads, Overleaf

# NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS ★

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1941 (10th day of 2nd moon)


**TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES**

Colder and improving weather with fresh north-westerly to northerly winds around Tientsin and Shantung. Overcast, colder getting cloudy with freshening north-westerly to north-easterly winds over our regions and to the South of the Saddles. Cyclonic circulation with rain over Korea and Kiusiu, owing to the depression passing east-north-eastward.

| | At Cathedral | At Siccawei |
|---|---|---|
| Temperature yesterday | min. 50.0 max. 62.0 | min. 48.9 max. 63.0 |
| „ same date last year | min. 43.0 max. 48.0 | min. 40.5 max. 49.8 |

Rainfall: .81

**AIR AND OCEAN MAILS**

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Mar. 7, 8 p.m. registered and Mar. 8, 7.30 a.m. ordinary due San Francisco on Mar. 18. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on Mar. 9, 3.15 p.m. registered and 4 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for American and Europe: Mar. 10, 13, 1941.

## LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS


**NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS**

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|---|---|---|
| Shanghai delivery | 6 mos. | $4 |
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EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $2

| | | |
|---|---|---|
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| Hongkong and Macao | „ | 44 |
| Postal Union Countries | „ | 54 |

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)

Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai. Telgrams: Herald Shanghai

P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.


*Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.*

*To-day's Events $4 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.*

### BIRTH

WARD-SMITH.—On March 5, 1941, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to STELLA, wife of Mr. W. D. Ward-Smith, a daughter.

11269

### IN MEMORIAM

J. G. PROVELEGIO.—Died September 5, 1940. A Requiem Mass will take place at the Russian Orthodox St. Nicolas Church, 18 Rue Corneille at 5 p.m. on March 8.

-3450

### TO-DAY'S EVENT

MARCH

7 K. A. Persen, broadcasting XMHA, 9
7 B.R.A. Members meeting, Shanghai Race Club, 5.45 p.m.
7 B.W.A. Jumble Sale 9.30 a.m.
7 *President Masaryk of Czechoslovakia born (1850)*
7 *Earthquake in Japan, 2,000 deaths (1927)*

### COMING EVENTS

MARCH

8 Reel Club Informal Dance;
8 Ballet Russe and Municipal Orchestra Lyc. 9.15
9 S'hai Municipal Orchestra Lyc. 5.15
9 Ballet Russe and Municipal Orchestra Lyc. matinee at 2.15 evening at 9.15
11 'XCDN Calling'—Lyceum Theatre. 9
12 'XCDN Calling' Lyc., Theatre 9 p.m.
13 'XCDN Calling' Lyc., Theatre 9 p.m.
13 British United Services Association Annual General Meeting at 'The Dome' at 5.30 p.m.
15 Art Exhibition M. Brenner. Open daily at Modern Homes, 869 Bubbling Well Road.
16 Christian Science B'cast, XMHA, 6.30
16 Purim Ball Arcadia 9 p.m.
17 Cathedral Organ and Piano Recital
17 Engineering Society Meeting 5.45 p.m.
18 XCDN Concert-Lyceum Theatre 9.15
19 Lilavati Indian Danseuse Lyc., 9.15
21 Lilavati Indian Danseuse Lyc., 9.15
26 Shanghai Club, Annual Meeting, 5.30
26 Annual Meeting China Bible House
27 U.S. Marines/Police Amateur Boxing Smoker, S.V.C. Drill Hall 8.30 p.m.
29 A.D.C. 'Merrie England' Lyc 9.15
31 A.D.C. 'Merrie England' Lyc 9.15

APRIL

1 A.D.C. 'Merrie England' Lyc 9.15
2 A.D.C. 'Merrie England' Lyc 9.15
3 A.D.C. 'Merrie England' Lyc 9.15
4 A.D.C. 'Merrie England' Lyc 9.15
5 A.D.C. 'Merrie England' Lyc 3.00
5 A.D.C. 'Merrie England' Lyc 9.15

### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

"ASPHALION". Shanghai cargo from London, etc., ex this vessel has been transhipped at Hongkong into the ss. "YUSANG," which vessel has arrived at Roosevelt Terminal Wharf. Endorsed original Bills of Lading should be sent in to the undersigned for exchange for D/Orders against the ss. "YUSANG".

Examination of damaged cargo will be held at Roosevelt Terminal Wharf at 9.00 a.m. on Saturday, March 8th, when Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes Days will be in attendance.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
*Agents*, Glen Line Ltd.

11261

### THE SHANGHAI PROPERTY OWNERS' ASSOCIATION

Members are reminded that the Thirteenth Annual General Meeting of the Association will be held in the offices of the Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd., No. 100 Jinkee Road, on Friday March 14, 1941, at 4.45 p.m.

By Order of the Committee,

A. J. HICKMOTT,
*Secretary.*

11279


**AISHI DENTAL OFFICE**

DENTAL SURGEON

Dr. M. YAGATA

Artificial Porcelain Teeth (Jacket Crown)

50 Kiukiang Road, Mitsui Bank Building, 1st Floor

Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

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11199

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Made to order from $100

Order yours before EASTER RUSH

AUGAN'S TAILOR

300 Kiangse Road (corner Nanking Road)

-3339

**THE QUALITY CAR IN THE LOW-PRICE FIELD**

This year we offer you the finest FORD ever produced..new massive beauty....new room throughout.... new interior styling....new vision all around....new faster acceleration.... new stronger frame....new longer wheelbase....new riding comfort.

**BILLS MOTORS**

*Federal Inc., U.S.A.*

615 Avenue Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)


### AVISO

de

F.E.T. de las J.O.N.S.

A todos los españoles que en ocasión de demostrar nuestro interés en la reconstrucción de la nueva España hago saber que se ha abierto una suscripción para los damificados de Santander.

Las suscripciones seran atendidas en el Consulado Español de 11 a 1 a.m. hasta el dia 20 del presente més de Marzo.

Por Dios, España y su Revolución Nacional-Sindicalista.

JEFE LOCAL,
F. SALSAMENDI

-3359

### ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Third Ordinary Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office, No. 88 Museum Road, Shanghai, on Friday, March the 28th, 1941, at 4 p.m. for the following purposes:

1. To receive and consider the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1940.
2. To declare a final dividend for the year 1940.
3. To elect Directors resulting from the Directors retiring en bloc in accordance with the Articles of Association.
4. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year.

The Transfer Book of the members will be closed from 24th to 28th March, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

THE CHINA ENGINEERS, LIMITED,
*Secretaries.*

Shanghai, March 7, 1941.

11292


**ALWAYS CONSIDER WHAT YOU GET FOR WHAT YOU PAY—**

IN

**CHEVROLET**

ITS FINE CAR QUALITY AT THRIFT CAR PRICE

**AUTO PALACE**

100 Route Cardinal Mercier

Telephone 70180

11122


### SHANGHAI SAILMAKERS' ASSOCIATION

We, the Members of the Shanghai Sailmakers' Association hereby record the request of the Shanghai Sailmakers' Labour Union for having increased their wages to $4.20 per day as from March 5, 1941.

-3453

### BANKING ADVISER

Applications are invited for the post of Banking Adviser to the Malayan Exchange Control. Applications with references and particulars of nationality, age, experience, exchange banking or broking, with salary required, should be made to The Controller, Foreign Exchange, Malaya Union Building, Singapore. Terms of appointment will be supplied to applicants.

### *Mr. MENZIES' PLEA*

"Every time we subtract from our national effort for some selfish reason, we do not make gifts to ourselves—we make them to the enemy."

—Prime Minister of Australia.

Make YOUR gifts to the VICTIMS OF ENEMY AIR RAIDS through the CENTRAL BRITISH WAR FUND (Shanghai).

*Honorary Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.*


**EWO GIN**

Distilled in England

*Obtainable at all Compradore Stores*

11190

**WALTER WINCHELL**

suggests as his epitaph: "Here lies Walter Winchell in the dirt he loved so well." To live long be free from anxiety by protecting the family jewellery and furs by an ALL RISKS POLICY.

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*COLUMBIA RADIO*

*British and Best*

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11110

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That a car so smooth and powerful to operate, so roomy and comfortable to ride in as the 1941 Plymouth could be so economical to run.

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*Fed. Inc., U.S.A.*

*After We Sell—WE SERVE*


### Passengers Leaving

Keep in touch with China by subscribing to the "North-China Herald" (the weekly edition of the "North-China Daily News"). It contains all the news, few of the advertisements, in your daily paper, including the weekly Stock and Share Report and other features which you will miss in the home papers.

Including postage to Europe, America, or elsewhere:

For three months, Chi.$54.

Address the Publisher,
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LTD.,
17 The Bund, Shanghai

### SHANGHAI SAILMAKERS' LABOUR UNION

We, the members of the Shanghai Sailmakers' Labour Union hereby record our thanks to the members of the Shanghai Sailmakers' Association for having increased our wages by 45%, as from March 5, 1941.

-3370


**SWISS WATCHMAKER**

*(Holder of Swiss Government Diploma)*

For high-grade watches and jewellery

E. TOBLER, 153 Nanking Road
4th floor. Telephone 12160

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-3446

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Served daily, including Sundays, $3.60. Same as Jimmy's Kitchen. Orchestra dance music. Dinner and tea dances.

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*(formerly the Silver Palace)*

Ave. Foch and Weihaiwei Road

-3417

**PROFITABLE COMMERCIAL STATIONERY**

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**VINTAGE PORTS**

The following are in excellent condition and are highly recommended:

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OFFLEY'S BOA VISTA 1931

CROFT'S 1935—COCKBURN'S 1935

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H. C. B. WAY
*General Manager.*


RUGBY FOOTBALL

SHANGHAI RUGBY UNION FOOTBALL CLUB

*vs.*

JAPANESE RUGBY FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION

Kiaochow Park, Sunday, March 9, 1941, at 3 p.m.

Admission to Ground $2.

Admission to Club's Reserved Enclosure, $1 extra. On production of membership card each member of the S.R.U.F.C. and one lady guest will be admitted free to the Club's Reserved Enclosure.

11282


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RUGS OF MODERN DESIGNS

from our Peking Factory

WOOL OF GREAT PURITY FAST COLOUR GUARANTEED

Price fixed. 10 per cent discount within 30 days

*Your inspection is cordially invited*

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-3397


### CHINA HONG LIST 1941

*SHANGHAI HONG LIST.*—All firms, institutions, missions, diplomatic, consulates, etc., in Shanghai, with staffs, arranged alphabetically.

*AGENCIES.*—Agencies held by Shanghai firms listed alphabetically with the firm's name. If you wish to find the address of a foreign company with local representation, or the agent of a particular motor-car, cosmetic, or radio, look up this list.

*TRADE DIRECTORY.*—Shanghai firms under their professional or trade headings. A list of apartment houses is a valuable feature of this section.

*MERCANTILE MARINE OFFICERS.*—An alphabetical list of mercantile marine officers.

*SHANGHAI WHO'S WHO.*—An alphabetical list of business men and women of Shanghai, with their office addresses.

*STREET DIRECTORY.*—The streets of Shanghai in English and Chinese, with the occupants of all foreign and many Chinese houses, offices, and stores.

*DIPLOMATS AND CONSULS*—of all nationalities and their stations.

*RESIDENTIAL DIRECTORY.*—The foreign residents of Shanghai, and many Chinese, listed alphabetically, with their private addresses.

*HONG LISTS.*—The principal cities and ports, from Harbin to Canton, with foreign firms, institutions and their staffs.

*OUTPORT WHO'S WHO.*—An alphabetical list of foreign residents in the above cities and ports.

*MISSIONS.*—Classified alphabetically by provinces. Under the names of the provinces are given the towns where missions are established, with resident missionaries' list. This is divided into two sections: (1) Protestants; (2) Roman Catholics.

*MISSIONARIES WHO'S WHO.*—Alphabetical lists of Protestant and Roman Catholic missionaries.

*MAP OF SHANGHAI.*—From Kiangwan to Lunghwa and the Hungjao Aerodrome to Pootung (65 by 32 inches).

With map of Shanghai $27; without map $25

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE

And All Booksellers

### WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

| Meteorological Reports | Mar. 5 16.00 | Mar. 5 21.00 | Mar. 6 4.00 | Mar. 6 9.00 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Barometer (inches) | 30.17 | 30.18 | 29.98 | 30.00 |
| at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.) | —0.23 | —0.23 | —0.35 | —0.06 |
| at 32 F. ( „ „ 12 hrs.) | —0.16 | —0.18 | —0.19 | —0.18 |
| Wind (direction) | SE | SE | SE/E | WSW |
| „ (miles per hour) | 29.3 | 22.4 | 4.3 | 8.1 |
| Temperature (Fahr.) | 51.8° | 50.4° | 50.9° | 53.4° |
| Humidity (per cent) | 71 | 83 | 100 | 98 |
| Nebulosity (0 to 10) | 9 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Rainfall (inches) | — | — | 0.47 | 0.13 |

| Siccawei Abridged Report Mar. 5 | Mean 1941 | 24 hrs. variation | 63 years average |
|---|---|---|---|
| Barometer (mean 4 obs.) | 30.06 | —0.18 | 30.20 |
| Temp. min. 35.8° Max. 56.8° | 46.3° | +7.1° | 43.4° |
| Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches) | 7.66 | 0.16 | 4.85 |

| Time and Tide | 7/3 | 8/3 | 9/3 | 10/3 | 11/3 | 12/3 | 13/3 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sun rises at Shanghai | 6.15 | 6.14 | 6.13 | 6.12 | 6.10 | 6.09 | 6.08 |
| Sun sets at Shanghai | 17.56 | 17.57 | 17.58 | 17.59 | 17.59 | 18.00 | 18.00 |
| Moon rises at Shanghai | 11.54 | 12.45 | 13.41 | 14.40 | 15.42 | 16.46 | 17.53 |
| Moon sets at Shanghai | 1.02 | 1.52 | 2.42 | 3.29 | 4.16 | 5.00 | 5.43 |
| Flood makes Shai. (day) | 16.55 | 5.52 | 7.15 | 8.06 | 8.55 | 9.41 | 10.25 |
| Ebb makes Shai. (day) | 8.57 | 10.42 | 12.35 | 13.49 | 14.34 | 15.15 | 15.55 |
| H.W. W'sung Bar (day) | 6.20 | 8.20 | 9.50 | 10.45 | 11.35 | 11.50 | 12.35 |
| Ht. above LLW. (feet) | 6.45 | 7.28 | 8.03 | 8.40 | 8.92 | 8.98 | 8.40 |

### THE WEATHER

*(See top of page, left)*

State on the morning of the 5th:—Normal and falling pressure over China: rising over Japan. Depression crossing Central China east-north-eastward. Fresh south-easterly winds over our Coasts. Cloudy and variable weather.

State on the morning of the 6th:—Overcast weather with rain during the night. Southerly wind. Low and falling pressure.—Siccawei Observatory.

### POST OFFICE NOTICES

*(See top of page, right)*

The following times apply to the Head Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

| FRIDAY, March 7. | Reg. | Ord. |
|---|---|---|
| Hongkong and Canton | *20.00 | 8.00 |
| Nantung | 14.30 | 15.00 |
| Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao | 18.30 | 19.00 |
| Nantung | 18.30 | 19.00 |
| **SATURDAY, March 8.** | | |
| Tsingtao and Dairen | *20.00 | 7.15 |
| Hongkong and Canton | *20.00 | 7.30 |
| Amoy Swatow and Canton | 8.30 | 9.00 |
| Shenkiamen and Tinghai | x 9.30 | 10.00 |
| Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao | 18.30 | 19.00 |
| Nantung | 18.30 | 19.00 |
| Aust. N.Z. Indo-China Manila and Java Ports | ax19.00 | 20.00 |
| Amoy Hongkong and Canton | x 19.30 | 20.00 |
| Japan Korea via Nagasaki | 19.30 | 20.00 |
| Formosa via Keelung | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| Hongkong and Canton | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| **SUNDAY, March 9.** | | |
| Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Colombo) | ax10.00 | 16.00 |
| Hongkong and Canton | x 15.30 | 16.00 |
| Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao | 18.30 | 19.00 |
| Nantung | 18.30 | 19.00 |


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Fall and Winter:—Hat Covers—Bandannas—Scarves Neckerchiefs—Wind Breakers—Turbans—Child's Rain Cape—Book Bundle Wrap.

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Price only $2.95

**WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.**


## Positions Vacant

*Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.*

WANTED young lady secretary, trustworthy, sympathetic and independent. Reply (with passport photo) stating nationality, age, experience and salary desired to Box 1764, NCDN. -3491

EXPERIENCED Chinese accountant/bookkeeper. One with over five years experience in import and export business preferred. Reply stating age, education, experience with copies of references to Box 1760, NCDN. -3428

LADY or gentleman, sing latest songs with orchestra, 9 to 4 daily. ($240). Address Box 1759, NCDN. -3425

WANTED Chinese clerk for factory in Lay Road. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary to Box 1741, NCDN. 11257

WANTED experienced stenotypist. Apply stating full particulars and salary required to Box 1714, NCDN. 11237

STENOTYPIST wanted immediately, permanent position. Applicants must state in own handwriting experience, nationality and salary required to Box 1745, NCDN. -3402

CHINESE shipping clerk required. Must have good knowledge typing, office work. Reply stating experience and salary expected. Box 1739, NCDN. -3385

SALESLADY required for studio. Salary and commission. Apply 9-11 a.m. 725 Bubbling Well. 11256

## Business Opportunities

NEUTRAL firm undertakes to handle affairs of evacuees. Bank references. Box 1780, NCDN. 11284

EXCELLENT ladies' salon, with living quarters. Vicinity Hai Alai. Stock, furniture optional. Post Office Box 1522. -3444

WANTED, portion of shop, Bubbling Well Road. British firm requires small part of shop, window and extra space in building of 400 ft. for clerks. Non-competitive business with any store, really an asset as clients are all influential. Box 1719, NCDN. -3330

## Miscellaneous

BABY grand piano for hire or sale. 276 Route Vallon. Telephone 73606. -3456

TRANSLATION English, Japanese, legal documents, commercial letters, etc., moderate charges. Efficient, reliable. Treated as strictly confidential. Address Box 1397, NCDN. -2704

ELECTRICITY curtailment. All those who are worried by this possibility, please communicate with Box 1671, NCDN. -3229

## Motor Cars and Cycles

1939 Pontiac special, 4-door sedan, with radio, in perfect condition, owner-driven, owner leaving. 347/5 King Albert Apartments, Miss Tischuk. -3473

BABY Fiat cabriolet de luxe model 1938 in good condition, US$400. Box 1774, NCDN. -3459

DODGE 1934/5 sedan. Perfect condition. Bargain US$400. Address Box 1775, NCDN. 11277

FORD 1936, Chevrolet 1935; Chevrolet 1934; Terraplane 1934, 6-cylinder sport car; 12-cylinder Packard, for sale. Pacific Motors, telephone 74500. -3465

REAL Bargain: Nash sedan 1932, new tyres, new top, new paint, new battery, excellent engine, must sell any reasonable price. Telephone 38446. -3432

FOR SALE: Raleigh 3-wheeler truck in good running condition, suitable for light delivery work. Union Brewery, Ltd., 130 Ichang Road. 11274

WANTED: Austin, Hillman or Opel. Telephone 22384, 12.30-1.30 p.m. Middlemen need not call. -3441

USED cars, trucks, bought/sold at best prices. Hwanan Motors, 365 Avenue Foch, telephone 83317. -2590

LATE 1932 Ford V8 Tudor de luxe in very good condition, engine perfect, 16-17 m.p.g., owner-driven, run 30,000 miles only, serviced regularly by Ford agents, US$300. Telephone Silber, 30015 office, 22801 home. -3269

WILLYS 77, 1936. Excellent condition and economical. US$400. Telephone 72429. 11244

1939 Chevrolet sedan, 1937 Humber sedan, 1934 Willys sedan. All in excellent condition. Telephone 14847 office hours. -3378

RENAULT Viva-Stella 1934, 4 door sedan with radio and chime bugle, good condition, engine overhauled. US$195. 309 Rue Bourgeat. -3350

1930 Packard sport roadster, snappy, fast, excellent mechanical condition, new battery, good tyres. US$125, for quick sale. Telephone Mr. Chang, 13764. -3396

FOR SALE, Ford 1930, two-seater coupe in very good condition. Telephone 30583 office hours. -3398

FOR SALE, Renault 1933, sedan, economical, new tyres and battery, good condition throughout, US$250. Telephone 74804, 8-11.30 a.m. -3352

1933 Singer four-door sedan in excellent condition, leather upholstery, four new tyres, 20 m.p.g. Very reliable car. US$250. Telephone 70687 after 5.30 p.m. 11255

## Animals

WANTED, thoroughbred male Boston bull, also male and female police dogs. Telephone 72155 between 9-12 and 2-7, or apply 1233 Avenue Joffre. -3434

SERVICES of female police dog required by pedigreed male. No fee. Box 1761, NCDN -3430

## Positions Wanted

*Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of fifteen dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.10.*

EXPERIENCED wireless operator had just left sea owing to health, but fit for local position. Very confident and satisfaction will be found in everyway. Don't fail apply Talbot, 225 Nanyang Road, Flat A1. -3470

FOREIGN lady (British). Qualified secretary, stenographer. Journalistic, legal, insurance, medical experience. $360. Box 1773, NCDN. -3459

LADY seeks position as companion or nurse, speaks three languages. Address Box 1769, NCDN. -3447

ENERGETIC Chinese, knowledge of mechanical engineering, experienced in export-import, shipping, secretaryship, general office routine, estimation and chart preparation, seeks position. Address Post Office Box 4125. -3442

COMPRADORE for import firms of tobacco, cigarette paper, sundries, medicine, construction, industrial and printing materials. Reply to Box 1746, NCDN. -3404

EFFICIENT office-boy seeks position, hardworker, reliable. Box 1757 NCDN. -3429

YOUNG lady, experienced stenographer, conversant with coding, filing and general office work, seeks position. Excellent references. Box 1706, NCDN. -3304

ACCOUNTANT-bookkeeper, Chinese, 20 years' experience commercial and manufacturing accounts, holding position of trust, desires change. Excellent references. Box 1721, NCDN. -3332

FIGUEIREDO'S School can recommend steno-typists; beginners, experienced. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well Road. 11194

RUSSIAN young lady-typist, seeks position. Beginner. Address Box 1619, NCDN. -3134

QUALIFIED accountant, British-trained, open for engagement. College-certificate, language-diploma, 8 years' banking experience, 10 years' experience Shanghai. A1 references. Salary $700 and US$60. Address F. W. Fest, Post Office Box 1068, Shanghai. -2874

ENGLISH lady, several years' experience secretarial work, including shorthand, typing, would like part-time post. Address Box 1733, NCDN. -1245

## Educational

WANTED, English lady to teach English, Monday to Friday, 7-9 p.m. Must speak Chinese with proper business knowledge. State salary required and qualifications to Box 1781, NCDN. 11265

FOREIGN Y Radio Operators Class starting Monday, March 10, 8.15 p.m. Apply Educational Office, Telephone 92250. 11275

AMERICAN desires services of French tutor. Beginner. Reply stating experience, hours available and monthly salary expected. Box 1718, NCDN. -3326

PEKING lady, gives Mandarin lessons. Address Box 1726, NCDN. -3351

PIANO lessons by qualified lady teacher. Solomon system. Box 1710, NCDN. -3308

ENGINEER B.Sc. Technical University, Prague, prepares students in mathematics, physics, mechanics, drawing, engineering up to London B.Sc. Box 1545, NCDN. -2929

PIANO studio. Chord system. Easy method, for adults. A1 references. $30 monthly, twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -2269

SHORTHAND, typewriting, English, bookkeeping/accountancy. Oral classes. Successes unparalleled. Apply for syllabus. The Shanghai Business College, 320 Szechuen Road (Second Floor). Telephone 17733. 10923

## Radios

1941 RCA radio, brand-new standing model with automatic change records phonograph. Original price US$250. Owner leaving, willing to sell at US$180. Telephone 20627. -3474

R.C.A. transmitting tubes in stock. 801, 802, 809, 866, 872, 211, etc Reply Box 1783, NCDN. -3483

WANTED to buy, sixteen tubes communication receiver RCA, Hammarlund, etc. Also transmitting tubes, parts. Address Box 1765, NCDN. -3429

THE sensational 1941 world receiver: 6 RCA tubes, American parts, deluxe cabinet, full guarantee, US$14.50; local receiver, 5 American tubes, $150; all modern improvements. Repairs by European experts. Condor Radio Factory, 1550 Avenue Joffre, 74060. -3045

We hire, sell, buy, exchange and repair radios. Universal Radio Co., 280 Kiangse Road, telephone 11995. 11112

RADIO OK? For guaranteed repairs, moderate charges, genuine parts, telephone 43383, Chang's Radio Corp. -2931

RECORD world receiver. Shortwave-reception without aerial. Six American tubes. American loudspeaker US$14.50 seven tubes, including magic eye. US$16 (AC, DC and special orders). Demonstration without obligation. Repairs by European experts. Radio Record 8 Chusan Road. Telephone 51262; 1916 Avenue Joffre, I.S.S. Apartments. Telephone 73109. -3312

## Clothing and Fabrics

SUPERIOR quality bedsheets at bargain prices. 6x7½, 6x9, 7½x9 feet. Box 751 NCDN. -2981

TOWELS, Shop and Machine brands. Face towels, bath towels, bath mats and towelling, bath gloves, closet covers and seats, bed-sheets, etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory, Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Avenue Road, Carter Road east). Telephone 37024. -2853

## For Sale—Miscellaneous

AUTO-transformer "GE" 110/220 volts, 1.5 KVA, practically new; cheap sale. 2/111 Peking Road. -3451

MOCHA, coffee, tea, breakfast, dinner sets for 6-12, at European Art, 1310 Avenue Joffre. -3094

ROYAL Doulton plates, bronze candlesticks, charming, procelain figures and glasses. 1210 Avenue Joffre, Benesi. 11268

FOR smart durable English shirts, made to order from $19.50, call at Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11258

VALUABLE dining-room, eight persons; carved teakwood, for sale, at reasonable price. Owner leaving. No merchant offer. Box 1749, NCDN. -3409

ONE fine tone cello, one 12 bore double gun "Fox" Krupp steel. Address Box 1709, NCDN. -3307

SECONDHAND furniture, carpets, refrigerators, bought and sold at best prices, at G. Feiner's, 306 Rue Bourgeat, telephone 73597. -2932

COTTON pillow-cases, $5; lace curtains, $6.80; lace covers, $10; bed-spreads, $13.50; embroidered silk kimonos, $23.50. Lace and Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 11029

MAHOGANY bedroom suite for sale. Box 1737, NCDN. 11253

SABLE, skunk, fox jackets, Persian lamb, seal, weasel, kolinsky coats. Very cheap. 46 Route Grouchy. -3360

WONDERFUL crystalware as big flower bowls, whisky decanters, liqueur sets. 1623/A Avenue Joffre, Dr. Weiss. 11240

SECONDHAND, 50-gallon drums, A.B.C. condition. Cleaned. Box 1724, NCDN. -3343

CUTLERY set silver 800/000 (12 persons); cabinet cutlery set; imported crocodile handbag; travelling set. Bargain. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -3204

VACUUM cleaner, import goods, excellent condition, bargain, demonstration without obligation. 24 Bund, Room 35. 11068

RARE occasion, mink coat, modern fashion, middle size, privately only. 1074/4 Bubbling Well Road, 1-2, 3-9 p.m. -3254

## Cameras

WANTED, one 16 mm. movie projector. Address Box 1763, NCDN. -3437

## Beauty Culture, etc.

*Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.*

MASSAGE, pedicure, ingrown nails cured. 9 Central Arcade, from Ezra Road 93-94. Telephone 11984. -3039

ALICE, 360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2, from 2-10 p.m. -3034

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. -3091

## Chinese Servants

GOOD cook-boy and chauffeur, well-recommended, available immediately, owing to employer's departure. Telephone 78878. 11290

WANTED, well-recommended Chinese chauffeur-mechanic, for private car. Address Box 1782, NCDN. 11286

CANTONESE cook-boy, experienced and hardworking seeks employment. Wife and coolie-amah. Recommended. Telephone 72197 or Box 1778, NCDN. -3468

JAPANESE baby's amah required by British couple. Western district. Quarters provided. Address Box 1752, NCDN. -3413

GOOD cook-boy, hardworker, well-recommended, best references. Box 1581, NCDN. -3392

COOK boy, very clean and honest available immediately, owing to employer's departure. Box 1704, NCDN. -3303

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, coolies, rickshaws. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -3220

## Wanted to Purchase

WANTED inexpensive typewriter, secondhand, sound condition. Reply stating types, etc. to Post Office Box 4087. -3464

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663. Mr. W. Engel. -3458

WE purchase old, but serviceable shoes for charitable purposes. Offers address to the I.C." Immigrants' Organization, Sassoon House. 11271

WANTED to hire or purchase balance scales for weighing baby. Reply to Box 1767, NCDN. 11272

VALENCIENNE lace wanted to purchase, width about ¾ in. Elite Fashion Company, 668 Szechuen Road. 11261

WANTED to stock new shop in exclusively goodclass imported lingerie, ladies' hosiery and kindred sundries. Small lots also considered. Telephone 77574, 1-2. -3369

WILL pay best prices for all second-hand goods, household furniture, carpets, typewriter, sewing machines, radios, etc. Telephone 96967, 510 Peking Road, George Young. -3124

WANTED buy secondhand furniture, carpets, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965, Mr. Bers, 8.30-7 daily. -2828

## Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -2824

## Boats

STEAM launch for sale or hire. Boat suitable for harbour work, can tow about 150 tons. C. A. Bauman, 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, telephone 12770. 11118

WANTED, four lighters, 50-100 tons with minimum draft. State prices and condition. Sieh Cheng, 22 Avenue Dubail. -3421

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